

EVE-NG Professional Cookbook

Version 1.17

Author: Uldis Dzerkals

Editors: Michael Doe Christopher Lim

© EVE-NG LTD

The information contained in this document is the property of EVE-NG Limited

The contents of the document must not be reproduced or disclosed wholly or in part or used for purposes other than that for which it is supplied without the prior written permission of EVE-NG Limited.



Table of Contents

P	PREFACE	9
1	INTRODUCTION	10
	1.1 WHAT IS EVE-NG?1.2 WHAT IS EVE-NG USED FOR?1.3 WHO IS EVE-NG FOR?	10
2	SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS	11
	2.1 HARDWARE REQUIREMENTS	11 12 13 13 13
3		
	3.1 VMWARE WORKSTATION OR VM PLAYER 3.1.1 VMware workstation EVE VM installation using ISO image (preferred)	15 15 18 24 24 26
	3.2 VMWARE ESXI	26 29 35 35
	3.3 BARE HARDWARE SERVER EVE INSTALLATION	37 37 45 46 47
	3.4.1 Google account	47 49 50 52
	3.4.6 Access to Google Cloud EVE-PRO	55 57



	3.5.2	EVE Management IP address setup via DHCP	
	3.5.3	Internet proxy setup	
	<i>3.5.4</i>	EVE Management IP address reset	. 63
		-NG COMMUNITY UPGRADE TO EVE-NG PROFESSIONAL	
	3.6.1	Mandatory Prerequisites	
	3.6.1.1	EVE Community disk space	
	3.6.1.2	Verify current EVE Community version	
	3.6.1.3	Steps to upgrade to the latest EVE Community version	
	3.6.2	Upgrading EVE Community to EVE-NG Professional	
		VE TELNET CONSOLE MANAGEMENT SETUP	
	3.7.1	Windows Native Console	
		Linux Native Console	
	3.7.3	MAC OSX Native Console	
	3.8 Log	IN TO THE EVE WEB GUI	. 69
4	EVE-NG	PROFESSIONAL LICENSING	. 71
	4.1 EVE	-NG Professional Base License	. 71
		-NG LEARNING CENTRE LICENSES	
		-NG CORPORATE LICENSES	
		R ROLES COMPARISON CHART	
		NSE PURCHASING AND ACTIVATION	
		NSE DEACTIVATION	
		NSE REHOSTING.	
5	EVE-NG	PROFESSIONAL UPDATE & UPGRADE	. 79
	5.1 EVE	-NG Professional Update	. 79
	5.2 EVE	-NG Professional Upgrade	. 80
6	TYPES (OF EVE MANAGEMENT CONSOLES	. 82
6			
6	6.1 NAT	VE CONSOLE	. 82
6	6.1 NAT 6.1.1	VE CONSOLE	. 82 . 82
6	6.1 NAT 6.1.1 6.1.2	VE CONSOLE	. 82 . 82 . 83
6	6.1 NAT 6.1.1	VE CONSOLE	. 82 . 82 . 83 . 84
6	6.1 NAT 6.1.1 6.1.2 6.1.3 6.1.4	VE CONSOLE	. 82 . 82 . 83 . 84 . 85
6	6.1 NAT 6.1.1 6.1.2 6.1.3 6.1.4	VE CONSOLE	. 82 . 82 . 83 . 84 . 85 . 86
6	6.1 NAT 6.1.1 6.1.2 6.1.3 6.1.4 6.2 HTM 6.2.1	VE CONSOLE	. 82 . 83 . 84 . 85 . 86
6	6.1 NAT 6.1.1 6.1.2 6.1.3 6.1.4 6.2 HTM 6.2.1	VE CONSOLE	. 82 . 83 . 84 . 85 . 86 . 86
6	6.1 NAT 6.1.1 6.1.2 6.1.3 6.1.4 6.2 HTN 6.2.1 6.2.2	VE CONSOLE Native Console: telnet Native Console: Wireshark Native Console: VNC Native Console: RDP IL5 CONSOLE HTML5 Console window functions HTML5 Console: Telnet HTML5 Console: Wireshark	. 82 . 83 . 84 . 85 . 86 . 86 . 88
6	6.1 NAT 6.1.1 6.1.2 6.1.3 6.1.4 6.2 HTN 6.2.1 6.2.2 6.2.3	VE CONSOLE Native Console: telnet Native Console: Wireshark Native Console: VNC Native Console: RDP IL5 CONSOLE HTML5 Console window functions HTML5 Console: Telnet	. 82 . 83 . 84 . 85 . 86 . 86 . 88
6	6.1 NAT 6.1.1 6.1.2 6.1.3 6.1.4 6.2 HTN 6.2.1 6.2.2 6.2.3 6.2.4 6.2.5	VE CONSOLE Native Console: telnet Native Console: Wireshark Native Console: VNC Native Console: RDP IL5 CONSOLE HTML5 Console window functions HTML5 Console: Telnet HTML5 Console: Wireshark HTML5 Console: VNC	. 82 . 83 . 84 . 85 . 86 . 86 . 88 . 89
6	6.1 NAT 6.1.1 6.1.2 6.1.3 6.1.4 6.2 HTN 6.2.1 6.2.2 6.2.3 6.2.4 6.2.5	VE CONSOLE Native Console: telnet Native Console: Wireshark Native Console: VNC Native Console: RDP IL5 CONSOLE HTML5 Console window functions HTML5 Console: Telnet HTML5 Console: Wireshark HTML5 Console: VNC HTML5 Console: RDP	. 82 . 83 . 84 . 85 . 86 . 86 . 88 . 89 . 90
6	6.1 NAT 6.1.1 6.1.2 6.1.3 6.1.4 6.2 HTN 6.2.1 6.2.2 6.2.3 6.2.4 6.2.5 6.3 HTN	VE CONSOLE Native Console: telnet Native Console: Wireshark Native Console: VNC Native Console: RDP IL5 CONSOLE HTML5 Console window functions HTML5 Console: Telnet HTML5 Console: Wireshark HTML5 Console: VNC HTML5 Console: RDP	. 82 . 83 . 84 . 85 . 86 . 86 . 88 . 89 . 91
6	6.1 NAT 6.1.1 6.1.2 6.1.3 6.1.4 6.2 HTN 6.2.1 6.2.2 6.2.3 6.2.4 6.2.5 6.3 HTN 6.3.1	VE CONSOLE	. 82 . 82 . 83 . 84 . 85 . 86 . 86 . 88 . 90 . 91 . 92
6	6.1 NAT 6.1.1 6.1.2 6.1.3 6.1.4 6.2 HTN 6.2.1 6.2.2 6.2.3 6.2.4 6.2.5 6.3 HTN 6.3.1 6.3.2	VE CONSOLE	. 82 . 83 . 84 . 85 . 86 . 86 . 86 . 90 . 91 . 92 . 93
6	6.1 NAT 6.1.1 6.1.2 6.1.3 6.1.4 6.2 HTN 6.2.1 6.2.2 6.2.3 6.2.4 6.2.5 6.3 HTN 6.3.1 6.3.2 6.3.3	VE CONSOLE Native Console: telnet Native Console: Wireshark Native Console: VNC Native Console: RDP ML5 CONSOLE HTML5 Console window functions HTML5 Console: Telnet HTML5 Console: Wireshark HTML5 Console: VNC HTML5 Console: VNC HTML5 Console: RDP ML5 DESKTOP CONSOLE Login to HTML5 Desktop console HTML5 Desktop Console: telnet HTML5 Desktop Console: Wireshark	. 82 . 83 . 84 . 85 . 86 . 86 . 88 . 99 . 91 . 92 . 93 . 94
	6.1 NAT 6.1.1 6.1.2 6.1.3 6.1.4 6.2 HTN 6.2.1 6.2.2 6.2.3 6.2.4 6.2.5 6.3 HTN 6.3.1 6.3.2 6.3.3 6.3.4 6.3.5	VE CONSOLE Native Console: telnet Native Console: Wireshark Native Console: VNC Native Console: RDP ML5 CONSOLE HTML5 Console window functions HTML5 Console: Telnet HTML5 Console: Wireshark HTML5 Console: VNC HTML5 Console: RDP ML5 DESKTOP CONSOLE Login to HTML5 Desktop console HTML5 Desktop Console: telnet HTML5 Desktop Console: Wireshark HTML5 Desktop Console: Wireshark HTML5 Desktop Console: Wireshark HTML5 Desktop Console: Wireshark HTML5 Desktop Console: RDP	. 82 . 83 . 84 . 85 . 86 . 86 . 88 . 99 . 91 . 92 . 93 . 94
	6.1 NAT 6.1.1 6.1.2 6.1.3 6.1.4 6.2 HTN 6.2.1 6.2.2 6.2.3 6.2.4 6.2.5 6.3 HTN 6.3.1 6.3.2 6.3.3 6.3.4 6.3.5 EVE WE	Native Console: telnet	. 82 . 82 . 83 . 84 . 85 . 86 . 86 . 89 . 90 . 91 . 92 . 93 . 94 . 95
	6.1 NAT 6.1.1 6.1.2 6.1.3 6.1.4 6.2 HTN 6.2.1 6.2.2 6.2.3 6.2.4 6.2.5 6.3 HTN 6.3.1 6.3.2 6.3.3 6.3.4 6.3.5 EVE WE 7.1 EVE	VE CONSOLE Native Console: telnet	. 82 . 83 . 84 . 85 . 86 . 86 . 86 . 90 . 91 . 92 . 92 . 93 . 94 . 95
	6.1 NAT 6.1.1 6.1.2 6.1.3 6.1.4 6.2 HTN 6.2.1 6.2.2 6.2.3 6.2.4 6.2.5 6.3 HTN 6.3.1 6.3.2 6.3.3 6.3.4 6.3.5 EVE WE 7.1.1	Native Console: telnet	. 82 . 83 . 84 . 85 . 86 . 86 . 88 . 99 . 91 . 92 . 93 . 94 . 95 . 95
	6.1 NAT 6.1.1 6.1.2 6.1.3 6.1.4 6.2 HTN 6.2.1 6.2.2 6.2.3 6.2.4 6.2.5 6.3 HTN 6.3.1 6.3.2 6.3.3 6.3.4 6.3.5 EVE WE 7.1.1 7.1.2	VE CONSOLE	. 82 . 83 . 84 . 85 . 86 . 86 . 88 . 99 . 91 . 92 . 93 . 94 . 95 . 95 . 95
7	6.1 NAT 6.1.1 6.1.2 6.1.3 6.1.4 6.2 HTM 6.2.1 6.2.2 6.2.3 6.2.4 6.2.5 6.3 HTM 6.3.1 6.3.2 6.3.3 6.3.4 6.3.5 EVE WE 7.1.1 7.1.2 7.2 FOLI	VE CONSOLE Native Console: telnet Native Console: Wireshark Native Console: VNC Native Console: RDP IL5 CONSOLE HTML5 Console window functions HTML5 Console: Telnet HTML5 Console: Wireshark HTML5 Console: Wireshark HTML5 Console: WRC HTML5 Console: VNC HTML5 Console: RDP IL5 DESKTOP CONSOLE Login to HTML5 Desktop console HTML5 Desktop Console: telnet HTML5 Desktop Console: Wireshark HTML5 Desktop Console: Wireshark HTML5 Desktop Console: Telnet HTML5 Desktop Console: RDP HTML5 Desktop Console: ThinClient Files exchange B GUI MANAGEMENT MANAGEMENT PAGE Management buttons Management tabs DERS AND LAB FILES MANAGEMENT	. 82 . 83 . 84 . 85 . 86 . 86 . 88 . 99 . 91 . 92 . 93 . 94 . 95 . 95 . 95
	6.1 NAT 6.1.1 6.1.2 6.1.3 6.1.4 6.2 HTN 6.2.1 6.2.2 6.2.3 6.2.4 6.2.5 6.3 HTN 6.3.1 6.3.2 6.3.3 6.3.4 6.3.5 EVE WE 7.1.1 7.1.2	VE CONSOLE	. 82 . 83 . 84 . 85 . 86 . 86 . 88 . 99 . 91 . 92 . 93 . 94 . 95 . 95 . 95 . 97



	7.2.1.2	Default folder Shared	98
	7.2.1.3	Default folder Users	99
	7.2.1.4	Create folder	100
	7.2.1.5	Delete folder	100
	7.2.1.6	Move Folder	100
	7.2.1.7	Export Folder	101
	7.2.1.8	Import Folder	
	7.2.2	Lab files Management	
	7.2.2.1	Create Lab	
	7.2.2.2	Delete Lab	
	7.2.2.2	Clone Lab	
	7.2.2.3	Move Lab	
	7.2.2.4	Export Lab	
	7.2.2.5	Import Labs	
	_	·	
		MANAGEMENT DROPDOWN MENU	
	7.3.1	EVE User management	
	7.3.1.1	Creating a new EVE User	
	7.3.1.2	Edit EVE User	
	7.3.1.3	User monitoring	
	7.3.2	EVE Node management	110
	7.3.2.1	Node management actions	111
	7.3.2.2	Node management filtering function	111
	7.3.3	EVE Lab management	112
	7.3.3.1	Lab management actions	
	7.4 EVE	SYSTEM DROPDOWN MENU	
	7.4.1	System Settings	
	7.4.2	System status	
	7.4.3	System logs	
	7.4.4 7.4.4	Stop All Nodes	
		INFORMATION DROPDOWN MENU	
		LICENSING DROPDOWN MENU	
		ER TAB LINE INFO	
		PREVIEW AND GLOBAL SETTINGS	
		Lab preview window	
	7.8.2	Lab preview buttons	117
	7.8.3	Lab preview information	118
		Lab Global Settings	
8		B TOPOLOGY PAGE	
Ĭ			
		BAR FUNCTIONS	
	8.1.1	Add an object	121
	8.1.1.1	Node object	121
	8.1.1.2	Network object	121
	8.1.1.3	Picture object	122
	8.1.1.4	Custom shape object	122
	8.1.1.5	Text object	123
	8.1.1.6	Line object	
		Nodes	
		Networks	
		Startup-configs	
		Logical Maps	
		· ·	
	8.1.6	Configured Objects	
		More actions	
	8.1.7.1	Start all nodes	
	8.1.7.2	Stop all nodes	127



8.1.7.3	Wipe all nodes	
8.1.7.4	Console to All Nodes	_
8.1.7.5	Export all CFGs	
8.1.7.6	Edit lab	
8.1.7.7	Set node's startup-cfg to default configset	
8.1.7.8	Set node's startup-cfg to none	
8.1.7.9	Delete default startup-cfgs	
8.1.8	Refresh Topology	
8.1.9	Lab page zoom/unzoom	
8.1.10	Status	
8.1.11	Lab details	
8.1.12	Lab Tasks	
8.1.13	Lab Chat	
8.1.14	Close lab	
8.1.15	Lock Lab with password	
8.1.16	Logout	131
	LAB TOPOLOGY MENUS	
8.2.1	Lab topology menu	
8.2.2	Connection menu	
8.2.3	Cloud or Bridge network menu	
<i>8.2.4</i>	Stopped node menu	
8.2.5	Running node menu	
8.2.6	Selected nodes menu and features	
	LAB NODE STATES AND SYMBOLS	
8.3.1	Stopped (non-running) nodes	
8.3.2	Running nodes	
8.3.3	Node connector symbol	139
8.4 OTH	ER	
8.4 OT⊦ <i>8.4.1</i>	ER	139
8.4 OTH 8.4.1 9 WORKII	Notifications area	139 141
8.4 OTH 8.4.1 9 WORKII 9.1 CRE	Notifications area NG WITH EVE LABS ATING A LAB	<i>13</i> 9 141 141
8.4 OTH 8.4.1 9 WORKII 9.1 CRE 9.1.1	Notifications area NG WITH EVE LABS ATING A LAB Adding nodes to the lab	139 141 141 141
8.4 OTH 8.4.1 9 WORKII 9.1 CRE 9.1.1 9.1.1.1	ER	139 141 141 <i>141</i> .144
8.4 OTH 8.4.1 9 WORKII 9.1 CRE 9.1.1 9.1.1.1 9.1.2	ER	139 141 141 141 .144 146
8.4 OTH 8.4.1 9 WORKII 9.1 CRE 9.1.1 9.1.2 9.1.2.1	ER	139 141 141 141 .144 146 .147
8.4 OTH 8.4.1 9 WORKII 9.1 CRE 9.1.1 9.1.2 9.1.2.1 9.1.2.2	ER	139 141 141 141 .144 146 .147
8.4 OTH 8.4.1 9 WORKII 9.1 CRE 9.1.1 9.1.2.1 9.1.2.1 9.1.2.2 9.1.3	ER	139 141 141 141 .144 146 .147 .147
8.4 OTH 8.4.1 9 WORKII 9.1 CRE 9.1.1 9.1.2.1 9.1.2.1 9.1.2.2 9.1.3 9.1.4	ER	139 141 141 144 146 .147 .147 148 149
8.4 OTH 8.4.1 9 WORKII 9.1 CRE 9.1.1 9.1.2.1 9.1.2.2 9.1.3 9.1.4 9.1.5	ER	139 141 141 144 146 .147 147 148 149 149
8.4 OTH 8.4.1 9 WORKII 9.1 CRE 9.1.1 9.1.2 9.1.2.1 9.1.2.2 9.1.3 9.1.4 9.1.5 9.1.6	ER	139 141 141 144 146 147 147 148 149 149 150
8.4 OTH 8.4.1 9 WORKII 9.1 CRE 9.1.1 9.1.2 9.1.2.1 9.1.2.2 9.1.3 9.1.4 9.1.5 9.1.6 9.1.7	ER	139 141 141 144 146 .147 148 149 149 150 150
8.4 OTH 8.4.1 9 WORKII 9.1 CRE 9.1.1 9.1.2 9.1.2.1 9.1.2.2 9.1.3 9.1.4 9.1.5 9.1.6 9.1.7 9.1.8	ER	139 141 141 144 146 .147 148 149 149 150 150 152
8.4 OTH 8.4.1 9 WORKII 9.1 CRE 9.1.1 9.1.2 9.1.2.1 9.1.2.2 9.1.3 9.1.4 9.1.5 9.1.6 9.1.7 9.1.8 9.1.9	ER	139 141 141 144 146 .147 148 149 150 150 152 152
8.4 OTH 8.4.1 9 WORKII 9.1 CRE 9.1.1 9.1.2 9.1.2.1 9.1.2.2 9.1.3 9.1.4 9.1.5 9.1.6 9.1.7 9.1.8 9.1.9 9.2 RUN	ER	139 141 141 144 146 .147 148 149 150 150 152 152 152
8.4 OTH 8.4.1 9 WORKII 9.1 CRE 9.1.1 9.1.2 9.1.2.1 9.1.2.2 9.1.3 9.1.4 9.1.5 9.1.6 9.1.7 9.1.8 9.1.9 9.2 RUN 9.2.1	ER	139 141 141 144 146 .147 148 149 150 150 152 152 152
8.4 OTH 8.4.1 9 WORKII 9.1 CRE 9.1.1 9.1.2 9.1.2.1 9.1.2.2 9.1.3 9.1.4 9.1.5 9.1.6 9.1.7 9.1.8 9.1.9 9.2 RUN 9.2.1 9.2.2	ER	139 141 141 144 146 .147 .147 149 150 150 152 152 152 153
8.4 OTH 8.4.1 9 WORKII 9.1 CRE 9.1.1 9.1.2.2 9.1.3.3 9.1.4 9.1.5 9.1.6 9.1.7 9.1.8 9.1.9 9.2 RUN 9.2.1 9.2.2 9.2.3	RER	139 141 141 144 146 147 148 149 150 152 152 152 153 153
8.4 OTH 8.4.1 9 WORKII 9.1 CRE 9.1.1 9.1.2 9.1.3.3 9.1.4 9.1.5 9.1.6 9.1.7 9.1.8 9.1.9 9.2 RUN 9.2.1 9.2.2 9.2.3 9.3 SAV	ER	139 141 141 144 146 147 148 149 150 152 152 152 153 153 153
8.4 OTH 8.4.1 9 WORKII 9.1 CRE 9.1.1 9.1.2 9.1.2.1 9.1.2.2 9.1.3 9.1.4 9.1.5 9.1.6 9.1.7 9.1.8 9.1.9 9.2 RUN 9.2.1 9.2.2 9.2.3 9.3 SAV 9.4 STO	ER	139 141 141 144 146 147 148 149 150 152 152 152 153 153 153 154
8.4 OTH 8.4.1 9 WORKII 9.1 CRE 9.1.1 9.1.2 9.1.2.1 9.1.2.2 9.1.3 9.1.4 9.1.5 9.1.6 9.1.7 9.1.8 9.1.9 9.2 RUN 9.2.1 9.2.2 9.2.3 9.3 SAV 9.4 STO 9.5 STA	ER	139 141 141 144 146 147 148 149 150 152 152 152 153 153 153 154 154
8.4 OTH 8.4.1 9 WORKII 9.1 CRE 9.1.1 9.1.2 9.1.2.1 9.1.2.2 9.1.3 9.1.4 9.1.5 9.1.6 9.1.7 9.1.8 9.1.9 9.2 RUN 9.2.1 9.2.2 9.2.3 9.3 SAV 9.4 STO 9.5 STA 9.6 WOI	RER	139 141 141 144 146 147 147 148 149 150 152 152 153 153 153 154 154 154
8.4 OTH 8.4.1 9 WORKII 9.1 CRE 9.1.1 9.1.2 9.1.2.1 9.1.2.2 9.1.3 9.1.4 9.1.5 9.1.6 9.1.7 9.1.8 9.1.9 9.2 RUN 9.2.1 9.2.2 9.2.3 9.3 SAV 9.4 STO 9.5 STA 9.6 WOI 9.7 IMPO	RER	139 141 141 144 146 147 148 149 150 152 152 153 153 153 154 154 154 154
8.4 OTH 8.4.1 9 WORKII 9.1 CRE 9.1.1 9.1.2 9.1.2.1 9.1.2.2 9.1.3 9.1.4 9.1.5 9.1.6 9.1.7 9.1.8 9.1.9 9.2 RUN 9.2.1 9.2.2 9.2.3 9.3 SAV 9.4 STO 9.5 STA 9.6 WOI 9.7 IMPO 9.8 EXP	RER	139 141 141 144 146 147 148 149 150 152 152 152 153 153 154 154 154 154 155



9).10 M	OVING LABS	155
10	EVE C	CLOUDS AND NETWORKS	156
1	0.1 B	RIDGE NETWORK	156
		AT NETWORK	
1		IANAGEMENT CLOUDO INTERFACE	
		THER CLOUD INTERFACES	
1		ONNECTING EXTERNAL VM MACHINES TO THE EVE LAB	
		ESXi VM machines	
	10.5.2		
1		ONNECTING EVE LAB TO A PHYSICAL DEVICE	
	10.6.1	ESXi EVE	
		VMWare workstation EVE	169
	10.6.3	Bare metal server EVE	
11	ADVA	NCED EVE LAB FEATURES	172
1	1.1 L	AB DESIGN OBJECTS	172
	11.1.1	Custom shape	
	11.1.2	Resize square or circle objects	
	11.1.3	Text	
	11.1.4	Add picture to the topology	
	11.1.5	Custom object linking with telnet or other protocol	
	11.1.6	Line object	
	11.1.7	Nodes connection links design	
	11.1.8	Cloning objects and overlay positions	
	11.1.9	Objects Editing	
	11.1.10	Lock objects movement	
1	1.2 C	USTOM DESIGN LOGICAL TOPOLOGY	
	11.2.1	Custom design upload	
	11.2.2	Custom topology mapping	
	11.2.3	Delete topology or mapping	
1		lulti-configuration sets export feature	
	11.3.1	Supported nodes for configuration exports	
	11.3.2	Startup config management	
	11.3.2.1	, ,	
	11.3.2.2		
	11.3.2.3	3 Multiple selected nodes commands	184
	11.3.2.4	4 Startup-configuration window	184
	11.3.2.5	Startup-config window information	185
	11.3.3	Export Default configuration set	186
	11.3.4	Boot nodes from exported Default config set	187
	11.3.5	Export new custom config set	187
	11.3.6	Edit exported configurations	189
	11.3.7	Set lab to boot from config set	190
	11.3.8	Set lab to boot from none	
	11.3.9	Delete a config set	190
	11.3.10	Rename a config set	
	11.3.11	Export a config set to your local PC	
	11.3.12	Import config set from local PC	
	11.3.13	Export a single nodes config to your local PC	
	11.3.14	Import a single nodes config from your local PC	
	11.3.15	Set lab nodes to boot from different config sets	
	11.3.16	Lab config script timeout	
1	14 1		193



11.4.1 Set the Lab Countdown Timer	
11.4.2 Stop the Lab Countdown Timer	193
11.5 LAB TASKS	
11.5.1 Creating a new simple task	194
11.5.2 Edit a simple task	194
11.5.3 Create a multi tabs task (task on multiple tabs/pages)	195
11.5.4 Edit a multi tabs task (task on multiple tabs/pages)	
11.5.5 Edit tabs (Multi tabbed task).	
11.5.6 Create a task with your PDF workbook	
11.5.7 Create a task with Online document (PDF or HTML)	
11.5.8 Delete a task	
12 WIRESHARK CAPTURE	202
12.1 NATIVE CONSOLE WIRESHARK CAPTURING	202
12.2 HTML5 CONSOLE WIRESHARK CAPTURING	
12.3 HTML5 DESKTOP CONSOLE WIRESHARK CAPTURING	
13 THINCLIENT FILE EXCHANGE	209
13.1 THINCLIENT FILES DOWNLOADING	200
13.2 THINCLIENT FILES DOWNLOADING	
13.3 OTHER THINCLIENT FILE OPERATIONS	
14 DOCKERS	216
14.1 EVE INTEGRATED DOCKER STATIONS	240
	_
14.1.1 Docker Machines	
14.1.2 Docker DHCP IP address setup	
14.1.3 Docker Static IP address setup	
14.1.4 Docker server-gui custom WEB page	
14.1.5 Docker Consoles	
14.1.6 Docker cli root access	
14.1.7 Dockers re-install/update	
14.1.8 Docker removing from EVE Pro	
14.1.9 Extra docker packages,	
14.1.10 Customize docker image with your own changes	
14.1.11 Delete docker image from EVE	227
15 EVE TROUBLESHOOTING	228
15.1 CLI DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION DISPLAY COMMANDS	
15.1.1 Display full EVE Pro diagnostic	
15.1.2 Display the currently installed EVE Pro version:	
15.1.3 Display if EVEs Intel VT-x/EPT option on/off:	
15.1.4 Display EVEs CPU INFO:	
15.1.5 Display EVEs HDD utilization	
15.1.6 Display EVEs Bridge interface status	
15.1.7 Display EVEs system services status	
15.2 EXPAND EVES SYSTEM HDD	229
15.2.1 HDD space alert	229
15.2.2 Expand HDD on VMware Workstation	230
15.2.3 Expand your HDD on ESXi	
15.2.4 Expand your HDD on a Bare Metal EVE Server	
15.3 RESET MANAGEMENT IP	231
15.4 EVE PRO SQL DATABASE RECOVERY	232
15.5 EVE LOG FILES	232
15.6 EVE CLI DIAGNOSTIC INFO	



16 EVE EXTRAS	233
16.1 EVE PRO RADIUS SERVER SETUP FOR USER AUTHENTICATION	233
16.1.1 EVE User setup for Radius authentication	233
16.2 Lab Chat	
16.3 CUSTOM MAC ADDRESS FOR NODE MANAGEMENT	235
16.4 WINDOWS NODE SETTINGS FOR WIFI DONGLE	235
17 IMAGES FOR EVE	238
17.1 QEMU IMAGE NAMING TABLE	238
17.2 How to prepare images for EVE	240
17.3 HOW TO ADD CUSTOM IMAGE TEMPLATE	
17.3.1 Prepare template file	241
17.3.2 Prepare interface format and name lines	
17.3.3 Edit your new template file:	
17.3.4 Prepare custom_templates.yml	
17.3.5 Prepare new icon for your template:	
17.3.6 Template use	
17.4 How to hide unused images in the node list	
18 EVE RESOURCES	245



Preface

When I first heard about EVE-NG I was skeptical. Back then I used to Lab mainly with ESX by deploying many virtual Devices and connecting them manually by separate vSwitches for Point-to-Point connections. The Problem with that was, that it was extremely time-consuming and did not scale - for every new Device I had to create multiple vSwitches to interconnect them with the virtual Machines - a Nightmare. I was in the middle of my JNCIE-Exam-Prep when I first saw EVE-NG on Twitter - I downloaded the Community Edition, which was the only Edition back then and I was amazed how easy Labbing all of a sudden was. No more deploying of vSwitches to interconnect nodes and boy did it Scale...

If you follow me on Twitter you know, that I'm one of the hardest Juniper Fanboys and of course my Goal was to "Juniperize" EVE. I started to get in touch with UD and Alain and found myself into the Position as one of the Juniper Test Guys. Meanwhile I added nearly all Juniper related Devices (including cSRX and JATP) and I still test a Lot - but now on EVE-Pro.

The Pro-Edition was a big step forward for the Project. It added some nice Features like "hot-add-interconnect" and the Ability to use EVE-NG with multiple Users. Especially Companies will love EVE as it is THE Solution for Labs and PoC's. I have successfully run over 30 PoC's in EVE and over 100 Labs (Job-Related and Personal Labs) - and I still enjoy it every day thanks to EVE and the amazing Team behind it. When the Guys asked me to write the Introduction I was of course honored and now this Book is finally coming out to help you on your Quest to Setup, Run and Manage EVE-NG in a lot of possible ways.

Well - enough from my Side. I hope you enjoy this Cookbook and use it wisely for your Everyday EVE Work. If you have Problems there is always the EVE-Forum and Live-Helpdesk - you will also find me there from time to time;)

I wish you happy reading and if you think, that this Product is amazing feel free to support it by buying the PRO-Edition or Donating a bit – it helps to expand this already cool Product even more and it also honors all the work that the Guys spent in it.

Christian Scholz @chsjuniper



1 Introduction

1.1 What is EVE-NG?

To describe what Emulated Virtual Environment – Next Generation (EVE-NG) is without solely stating dry facts about features, we need to elaborate more on what EVE-NG can be used for and whom it would be useful for.

In some trivial dry words, EVE-NG gives you tools to use around virtual devices and interconnect them with other virtual or physical devices. Many of its features greatly simplify the usabilities, re-usability, manageability, interconnectivity, distribution and therefore the ability to understand and share topologies, work, ideas, concepts or simply "labs". This can simply mean it will reduce the cost and time to set up what you need or it might enable you to do tasks you would not have thought could be done this simple.

1.2 What is EVE-NG used for?

This is the real question but there is no finite answer, the possibilities are almost limitless and depends on what you want to use it for.

It can be used for studying all kinds of technologies. You can learn about general technologies or vendor specific topics. You can test new technologies like network automation, SDN, etc. It can be used to recreate corporate networks and test changes before putting them into production. You can create proof of concepts for clients. You can troubleshoot network issues by recreating them and e.g. use Wireshark to inspect packets.

It is most definitely not just for networking, it can be used to test software in simulated networks, test out security vulnerabilities of any kind, system engineering like LDAP and AD servers and many more areas.

You could set it up to automate sandboxing unknown files/software and use software to analyse short and long term behaviour for malicious intent much simpler than without EVE-NG.

The list of what EVE-NG can be used for could go on indefinitely, possibilities are limited by knowledge and imagination only. Both of which can be improved with EVE-NG.

To get a very small idea of what can be done with EVE-NG, check out the tested/<u>supported images</u> (many have not been tested, almost everything virtual should run on EVE-NG) and refer to section 16.

EVE-NG helps you achieve what you want to and more.

1.3 Who is EVE-NG for?

EVE-NG is for everyone working in the Information Technology Sector, period.

It is for very large enterprise companies, training facilities, service providers, consultants, people who want to train themselves; it is for everyone, it is for YOU!

Use-cases that are more than worth it, almost priceless even, can be found everywhere.

The EVE-NG community version is free for everyone; while the paid professional version adds a few things that make your life easier. Almost everything can still be done with the free version, just less conveniently and therefore more time-consuming.

However with the free version, the possibility to train yourself with technologies, hone your skills and become an expert even with very no monetary possibilities. For some this is and has been life changing.



2 System requirements

EVE-NG is available in the OVA or ISO file format. The Open Virtual Appliance (OVA) format is an archive (TAR) which packages disks and configuration files that are used to describe a virtual machine. It can be used to deploy a VM in hypervisors like VMware Workstation, Player and ESXi. Please note that installing EVE as a Virtual Machine (VM) will mean any nodes deployed within EVE will be nested. Nested virtualization causes degraded performance in deployed nodes. This should be fine for lab purposes as long as the host meets or exceeds the resource requirements for the deployed nodes.

EVE-NG can also be installed directly on physical hardware, without a hypervisor, using the provided ISO image. This is referred to as a "bare metal" install and is the most recommended method of installing EVE-NG.

2.1 Hardware requirements

2.1.1 Minimal Laptop/PC Desktop system requirements

Prerequisites:

CPU: Intel CPU supporting Intel® VT-x /EPT virtualization Operating System: Windows 7, 8, 10 or Linux Desktop VMware Workstation 12.5 or later VMware Player 12.5 or later

PC/Laptop HW requirements	
CPU	Intel i5/i7 (4 Logical processors), Enabled Intel virtualization in BIOS
RAM	8Gb
HDD Space	40Gb
Network	LAN/WLAN
	EVE Virtual machine requirements
CPU	4/1 (Number of processors/Number of cores per processor) Enabled Intel VT-x/EPT virtualization engine
RAM	6Gb or more
HDD	40Gb or more
Network	VMware NAT or Bridged network adapter

Note: Minimal PC Desktop/Laptop will be able to run small Labs. The performance and quantity of nodes per lab depend on the types of nodes deployed in the lab.

Example:

IOL image-based nodes: up to 40-50 nodes per lab Dynamips image-based nodes: up to 20-25 nodes per lab vIOS image-based nodes: up to 8-10 nodes per lab CSRv1000 or XRv image-based nodes: up to 2-3 per lab



2.1.2 Recommended Laptop/PC Desktop system requirements

Prerequisites:

CPU: Intel CPU supporting Intel® VT-x /EPT virtualization Operation System: Windows 7, 8, 10 or Linux Desktop VMware Workstation 12.5 or later VW Ware Player 12.5 or later

PC/Laptop HW requirements	
CPU	Intel i7 (8 Logical processors), Enabled Intel virtualization in
	BIOS
RAM	32Gb
HDD Space	200Gb
Network	LAN/WLAN
	EVE Virtual machine requirements
CPU	8/1 (Number of processors/Number of cores per processor)
	Enabled Intel VT-x/EPT virtualization engine
RAM	24Gb or more
HDD	200Gb or more
Network	VMware NAT or Bridged network adapter

Note: PC Desktops/Laptops will be able to run small to medium Labs. Performance and quantity of nodes per lab depend on the type of nodes deployed in the lab.

Example:

IOL image-based nodes: up to 120 nodes per lab vIOS image-based nodes: up to 20-40 nodes per lab

CSR image-based nodes: up to 10 per lab

2.1.3 Virtual Server system requirements

Prerequisites:

CPU: Intel Xeon CPU supporting Intel® VT-x with Extended Page Tables (EPT) Operation System: ESXi 6.0 or later

Server HW requirements	
CPU	Recommended CPU 2x Intel E5-2650v3 (40 Logical processors) or better supporting Intel® VT-x with Extended Page Tables (EPT) Minimum CPU is any Intel Xeon CPU supporting Intel® VT-x with Extended Page Tables (EPT)
RAM	128Gb
HDD Space	2Tb
Network	LAN Ethernet



EVE Virtual machine requirements	
CPU	32/1 (Number of processors/Number of cores per processor)
	Enabled Intel VT-x/EPT virtualization engine
RAM	64Gb or more
HDD	800Gb or more
Network	vSwitch/VMnet

Note: Performance and quantity of nodes per lab depends from the type of nodes used in the lab.

Example:

120 IOL image-based lab 20 CSRv1000 image-based nodes per lab

2.1.4 Dedicated Server (bare) system requirements

Prerequisites:

CPU: Intel Xeon CPU supporting Intel® VT-x with Extended Page Tables (EPT) Operation System: Ubuntu Server 16.04.4 LTS x64

Server HW requirements	
CPU	Recommended CPU Intel E5-2650v3 (40 Logical processors) or better supporting Intel® VT-x with Extended Page Tables (EPT) Minimum CPU is any Intel Xeon CPU supporting Intel® VT-x with Extended Page Tables (EPT)
RAM	128Gb
HDD Space	2Tb
Network	LAN Ethernet

Note: Performance and quantity of nodes per lab depends from type of nodes used in the lab.

2.1.5 Nodes per lab calculator

It is recommended to use the "nodes per lab calculator" to achieve best performance and avoid overloading your EVE system.

https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/d/1J6JIXHcid A661grBOu73rjFOeoHPhGHi9iJb1zlQp E/edit#gid=0

2.2 Supported virtualization platforms and software

- VMware Workstation 12.5 or later
- VMware Player 12.5 or later
- VMware ESXi 6.0 or later



- Ubuntu Server 16.04 LTS as platform for bare metal
- Google Cloud Platform

2.3 Unsupported hardware and systems

The following are currently not supported:

- AMD CPU based PC or Server
- VirtualBox virtualization
- Citrix XenServer
- Microsoft HyperV
- Ubuntu 17.X or 18.x as platform

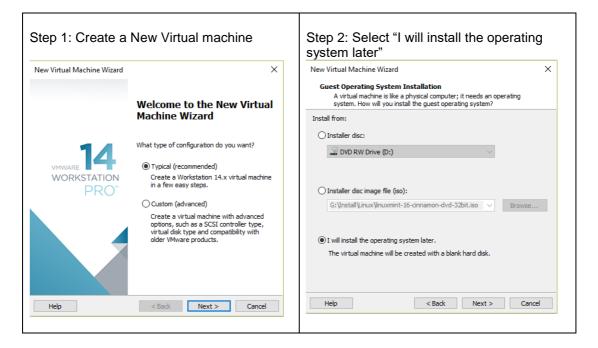


3 Installation

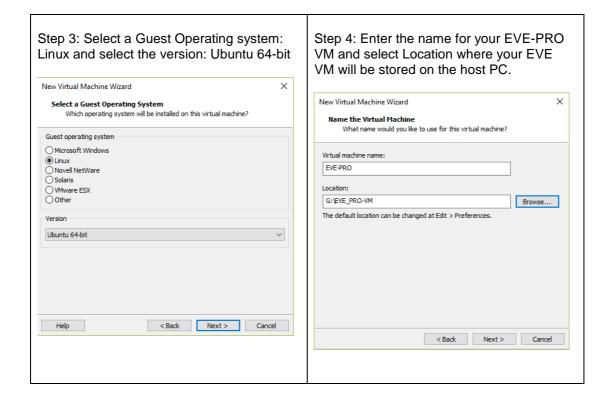
- 3.1 VMware Workstation or VM Player
- 3.1.1 VMware workstation EVE VM installation using ISO image (preferred)

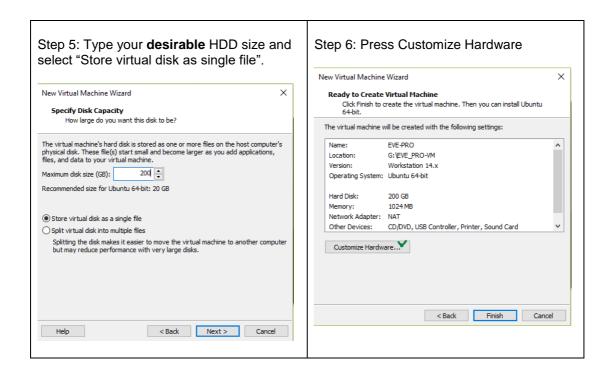
Download EVE-NG Professional ISO distribution image: http://www.eve-ng.net/downloads/eve-ng

3.1.1.1 EVE VM Setup and Settings

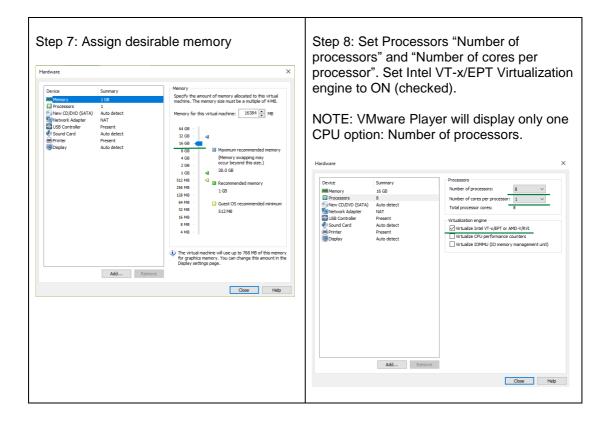


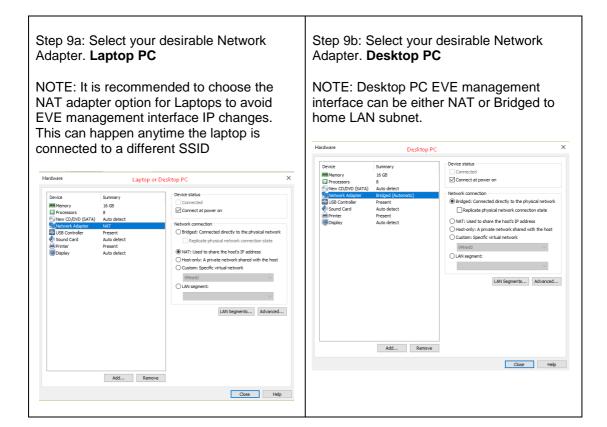






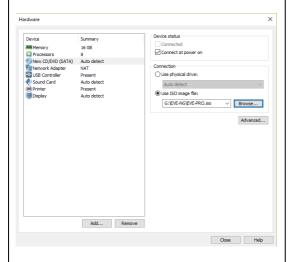








Step 10: Select CD/DVD Option: "use ISO image file." Browse to your downloaded EVE-PRO.iso (actual name can be different) file



Step 11: Confirm VM Settings.

3.1.1.2 EVE-NG VM Installation steps

Mandatory Prerequisites: Internet must be reachable from your PC and VMware. EVE ISO installation requires internet access to get updates and install the latest EVE-PRO version from the EVE-NG repository. DNS must work as well, to check it, do a named ping, for example ping www.google.com

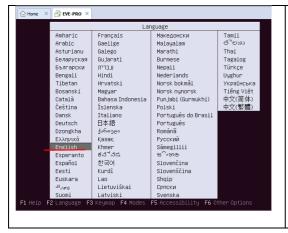
EVE VM Installation from ISO has 3 Phases

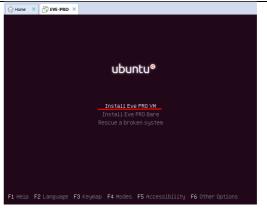
Phase 1 (Ubuntu installation)

Step 1: Power ON EVE VM. Chose English and confirm with Enter.

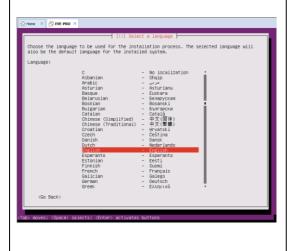
Step 2: Be sure that "Install EVE PRO VM" is highlighted. Confirm with Enter.



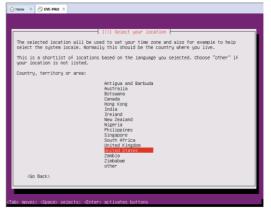




Step 3: Make sure that English is selected and confirm with Enter.



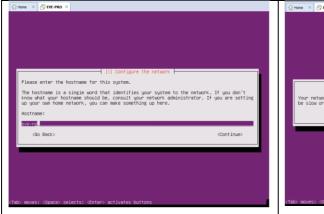
Step 4: You can select your own Location, or later, after management IP assignment, location will be set automatically. You can leave United States. Confirm with Enter.



Step 5: **DHCP ENABLED**, EVEs hostname by default is **eve-ng**. You can change it if you wish. Using the Tab key select continue and confirm with Enter. Continue to **Step 14**

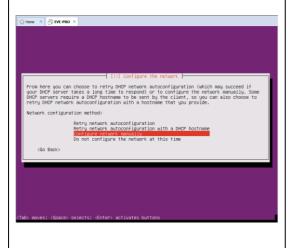
Step 6: **DHCP DISABLED**/Static IP setup. If you have not enabled DHCP in the network, you must assign an IP address manually. Confirm Continue with Enter.







Step 7: Confirm selection "Configure network manually" with Enter



Step 8: Enter your desirable EVE management IP, using the Tab key select "Continue" and confirm with Enter

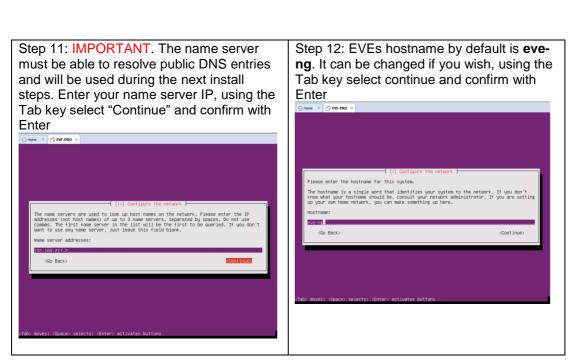


Step 9: Enter your subnet mask, using the Tab key select "Continue" and confirm with Enter

Step 10: Enter your Gateway IP, using the Tab key select "Continue" and confirm with Enter







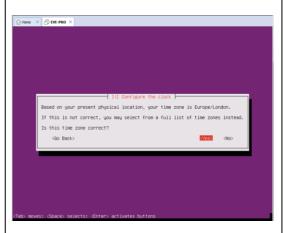


Step 13: Enter your networks domain name. You are free to use anything you like, for example: **eve-ng.net**Using the Tab key select continue and

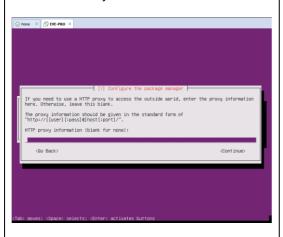
Using the Tab key select continue and confirm with Enter



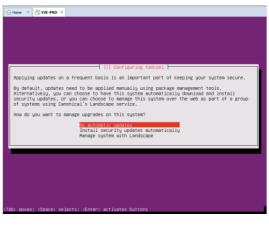
Step 14: If your DNS IP settings are correct, Ubuntu will detect your location automatically by connecting to Ubuntu servers. Confirm with Enter.



Step 15: If you have a proxy in use for your internet access, enter your network proxy settings. If no proxy is used, select Continue with the Tab key and confirm with Enter.



Step 16: Select no automatic updates and confirm with Enter. Security updates can later be run manually from EVE cli.

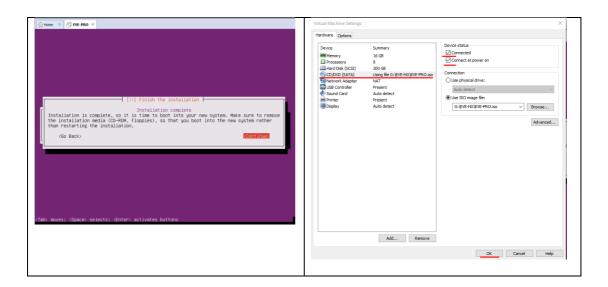


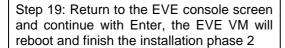
EVE VM Installation Phase 2 (EVE installation)

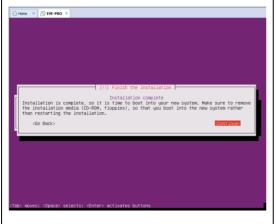
Step 17: After the "Finish the installation" screen appeared, DO NOT remove CD ISO from the VM or hit Enter continue. First we have to verify that EVE is ready for the installation phase 2.

Step 18: Without powering off your EVE VM, open the EVE VM settings and make sure that CD/DVD ISO "Device status connected" and "Connect at power on" is checked. Confirm with OK.

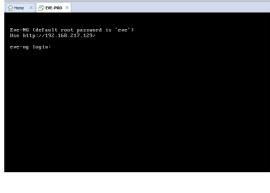








Step 20: Once the EVE login screen appears, login to the CLI with root/eve and continue with installation phase 3



EVE VM Installation Phase 3 (Management IP setup and updates)

Step 21: Setup EVEs Management IP address. A Static IP address setup is preferred.

Follow steps in section:

3.5.1 for static IP, 3.5.2 for DHCP IP

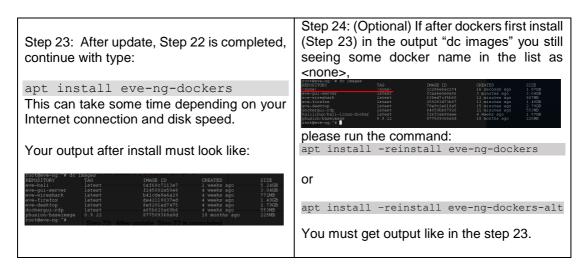
Step 22: After your EVE is rebooted,

Login to EVE CLI and type:

apt update
apt upgrade

Follow steps in section: 5.1, 5.2





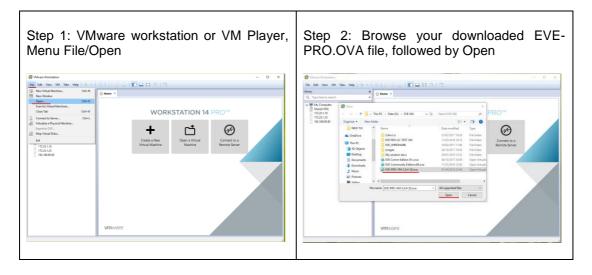
Step 25: Proceed to section 4 "Obtain EVE-NG Professional license"

▲ IMPORTANT NOTE: You must prepare and upload at least a couple of images to start building your labs. Refer to section 16

3.1.2 VMware workstation OVA deployment

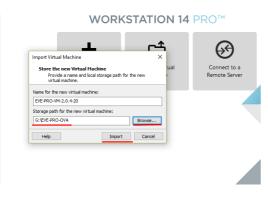
Download EVE-NG Professional OVA image: http://www.eve-ng.net/downloads/eve-ng

3.1.2.1 Deployment and VM machine settings

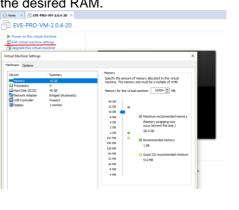




Step 3: Browse your desired EVE VM store destination followed by Import

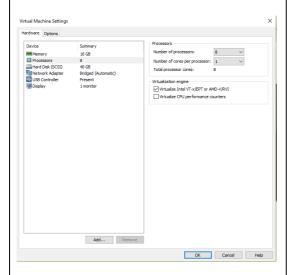


Step 4: Open your EVE VM Settings and set the desired RAM.



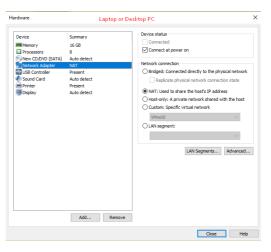
Step 5: IMPORTANT Set CPU Number of Cores and number of cores per processor. Set Intel VT-x/EPT Virtualization engine to ON (checked).

NOTE: VMware Player will display only one CPU option: Number of processors.



Step 6: **Laptop PC** Select your desirable Network Adapter.

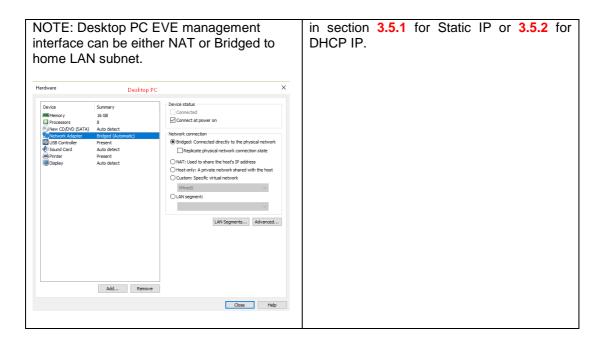
NOTE: It is recommended to choose the NAT adapter option for Laptops to avoid EVE management interface IP changes. This can happen anytime the laptop is connected to a different SSID.



Step 7: **Desktop PC** Select your desirable Network Adapter.

Step 8: Power ON your EVE VM and follow Management IP setup instructions described





Step 9: Proceed to section 4 "Obtain EVE-NG Professional license"

▲ IMPORTANT NOTE: You must prepare and upload at least a couple of images to start building your labs. Refer to section 16

3.1.2.2 OVA VM update to the latest EVE version

Step 9: Make sure if your EVE OVA VM is up to date to the newest EVE version. Follow the steps described in section 5.

3.1.2.3 OVA VM HDD Size expansion

▲ IMPORTANT NOTE: DO NOT expand the current EVE OVA HDD. To expand your EVE system size, please follow Troubleshooting section 15.2

3.2 VMware ESXi

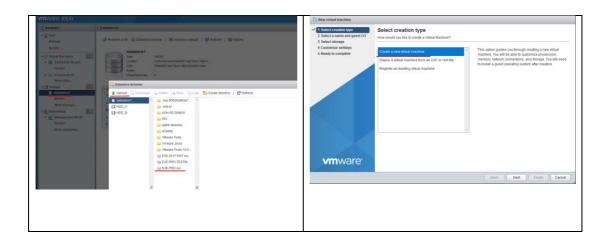
3.2.1 VMware ESXi EVE installation using ISO image (preferred)

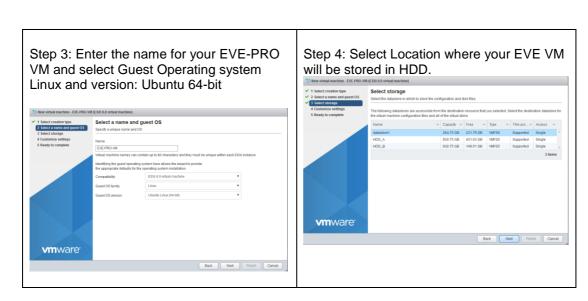
Download EVE-NG Professional ISO installation image: http://www.eve-ng.net/downloads/eve-ng

3.2.1.1 EVE-NG ESXi VM Setup and Settings

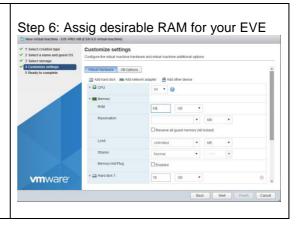
ep 1: Upload EVE ISO image to the ESXi re.
--



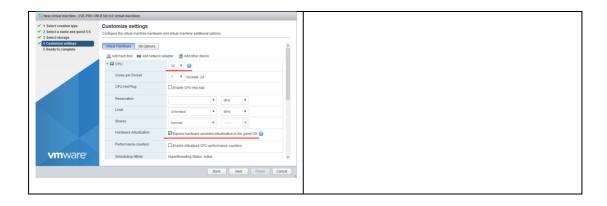




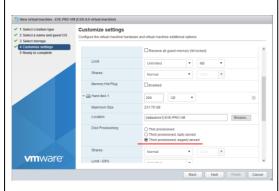
Step 5: IMPORTANT Customize your EVE VM CPU Settings. Set CPU Number of Cores and number of cores per processor. Set Intel VT-x/EPT Virtualization to ON (checked).



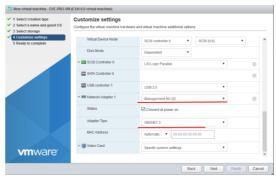




Step 7: Set the size of HDD for your new EVE VM. It is recommended to set "Thick Provisioned eagerly provisioned". Server EVE HDD is recommended to set at least 500Gb

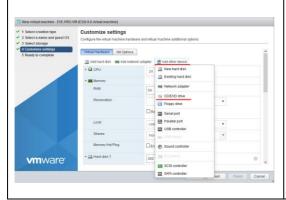


Step 8: Set your Management network. Adapter type VMXNET3



NOTE: Additional Network Adapters can be added for further use.

Step 9: Add new device to your EVE VM, CD/DVD



Step 10: Set DVD drive to "Datastore ISO File" and browse your uploaded EVE-PRO.iso. Make sure that Status is checked ON, "Connect at power on"



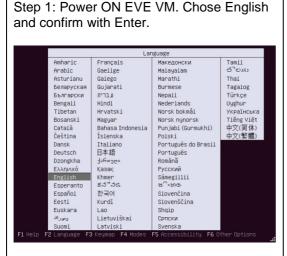


3.2.1.2 EVE-NG ESXi VM Installation steps

Mandatory Prerequisites: Internet must be reachable from your PC and VMware. EVE ISO installation requires internet access to get updates and install the latest EVE-PRO version from the EVE-NG repository. DNS must work as well, to check it, do a named ping, for example ping www.google.com

EVE ESXi VM Installation from ISO has 3 Phases

Phase 1 (Ubuntu installation)



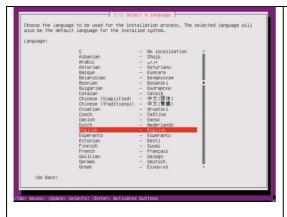
Step 2: Be sure if "Install EVE PRO VM" is highlighted. Confirm with Enter.

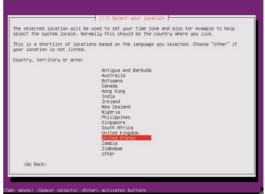


Step 3: Make sure if English is selected and confirm with Enter.

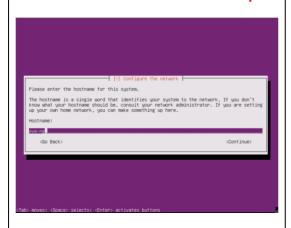
Step 4: You can select your own Location, or later, after management IP assignment, location will be set automatically. You can leave United States. Confirm with Enter







Step 5: **DHCP ENABLED**, EVEs hostname by default is **eve-ng**. You can change it if you wish. Using the Tab key select continue and confirm with Enter. Continue to **Step 14**



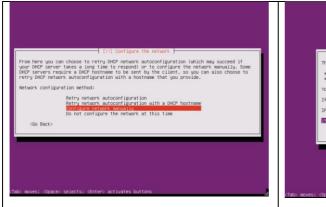
Step 6: **DHCP DISABLED**/Static IP setup. If you have not enabled DHCP in the network, you must assign an IP address manually. Confirm Continue with Enter.



Step 7: Confirm selection "Configure network manually" with Enter

Step 8: Enter your desirable EVE management IP, using the Tab key select "Continue" and confirm with Enter







Step 9: Correct your subnet mask, using the Tab key select "Continue" and confirm with Enter



Step 10: Correct your Gateway IP, using the Tab key select "Continue" and confirm with Enter

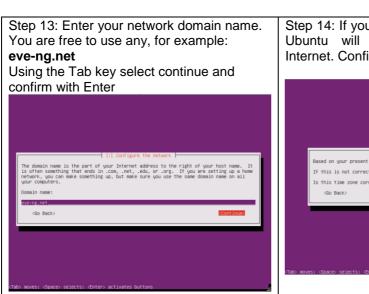


Step 11: IMPORTANT. Name server must respond to the Internet and will be used during the next install steps. Enter your name server IP. Using the Tab key select "Continue" and confirm with Enter

Step 12: EVE hostname by default is **eveng**. It can be changed if you wish. Using the Tab key select continue and confirm with Enter







Step 14: If your DNS IP settings are correct, Ubuntu will detect your location from Internet. Confirm with Enter.



Step 15: If you have proxy in use for your internet, assign your network proxy settings. If no proxy in use, with Tab key select Continue and confirm with Enter.

Step 16: Select no automatic updates and confirm with Enter. Security updates can be run later manually from EVE cli.



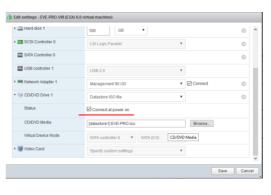


EVE VM Installation Phase 2 (EVE installation)

Step 17: After the "Finish the installation" screen appears, DO NOT remove CD ISO from VM or hit Enter continue. We have to verify settings for EVE installation Phase 2. Follow step 9.



Step 18: Without powering off the EVE VM, open the EVE VM settings and make sure that CD/DVD ISO "Device status connected" and "Connect at power on" is checked. Confirm with OK.



Step 19: Return back to EVE console screen and confirm Continue with Enter, EVE VM will reboot and continue Phase 2 installation

Step 20: Once EVE login screen appeared, login in CLI with root/eve and follow installation Phase 3





EVE VM Installation Phase 3 (Management IP setup and updates)

Step 21: Setup EVE Management IP address. A Static IP address setup is preferred

Follow steps in section:

reboot

3.5.1 for static IP, 3.5.2 for DHCP IP

Step 22: After your EVE is rebooted,

Login to EVE CLI and type:

apt update
apt upgrade

Follow steps in section: 5.1, 5.2

Step 24: (Optional) If after dockers first install (Step 23) in the output "dc images" you still Step 23: After update, Step 22 is completed, seeing some docker name in the list as continue with type: <none>, apt install eve-ng-dockers This can take some time depending on your Internet connection and disk speed. please run the command: Your output after install must look like: apt install -reinstall eve-ng-dockers or apt install -reinstall eve-ng-dockers-alt You must get output like in the step 23. Step 25: After Steps 23-24 are completed and you are back on the EVE CLI prompt, reboot EVE by typing



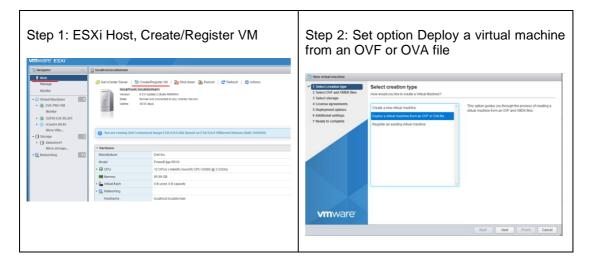
Step 25: Go to section 4 to obtain a license for EVE-NG Professional

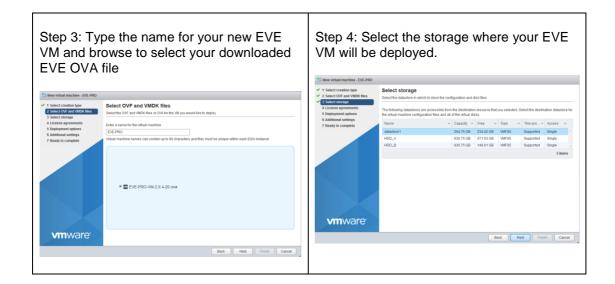
▲ IMPORTANT NOTE: You must prepare and upload at least a couple of images to start building your labs. Refer to section 16

3.2.2 VMware ESXi OVA deployment

Download EVE-NG Professional OVA image: http://www.eve-ng.net/downloads/eve-ng

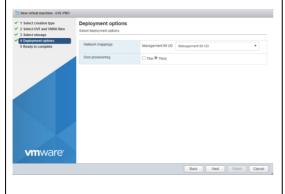
3.2.2.1 ESXi OVA VM Setup and Settings

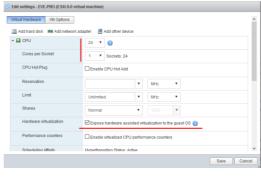




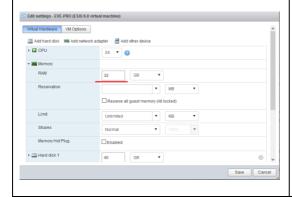


Step 5: Select your Management network and **Thick Disk provisioning**. EVE OVA HDD is only 40Gb large. It is recommended after installation to add extra HDD. Section **15.2**





Step 7: Set desirable RAM for your EVE.



Step 8: Power ON your EVE VM and follow Management IP setup instructions described in section 3.5.1 for Static IP or 3.5.2 for DHCP IP.

Step 9: Proceed to section 4 "Obtain EVE-NG Professional license"

▲ IMPORTANT NOTE: You must prepare and upload at least a couple of images to start building your labs. Refer to section 16

3.2.2.2 ESXi OVA VM update to the latest EVE version

Make sure that your EVE OVA VM is up to date with the newest EVE version. Follow the steps described in section 5 for upgrade instructions



3.2.2.3 ESXi OVA VM HDD Size expansion

NOTE: IMPORTANT! DO NOT expand the current EVE OVA HDD. To expand your EVEs system disk size, please follow the troubleshooting section 15.2

3.3 Bare hardware server EVE installation

Download Ubuntu Server 16.04.5 LTS ISO image: http://tw.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu-cd/16.04/ubuntu-16.04.6-server-amd64.iso

Mandatory Prerequisites: Internet must be reachable from your PC and VMware. EVE ISO installation requires internet access to get updates and install the latest EVE-PRO version from the EVE-NG repository. DNS must work as well, to check it, do a named ping, for example ping www.google.com

3.3.1 Ubuntu Server Installation Phase 1

Step 1: Create a bootable DVD disk or USB flash drive with an Ubuntu server image. Boot your server from ISO. Make sure that English is selected, Confirm with Enter



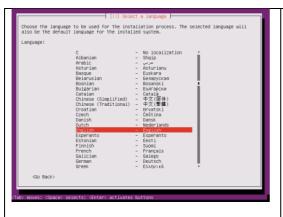
Step 2: Select the first Option "Install Ubuntu Server" Confirm with Enter

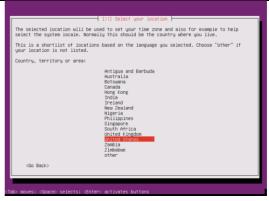


Step 3: Make sure that English is selected and confirm with Enter

Step 4: You can select your own Location, or later, after management IP assignment, location will be set automatically. You can leave United States. Confirm with Enter.







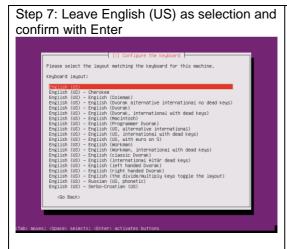
Step 5: Configure the keyboard, leave "No" selected and confirm with enter

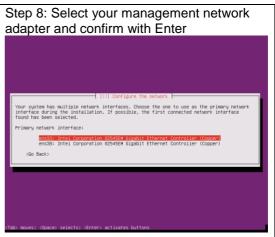
You can try to have your keyboard Jayout detected by pressing a series of keys. If you do not usent to do this, you will be able to select your keyboard Jayout from a list.

Detect keyboard Jayout?

(Bo Back)



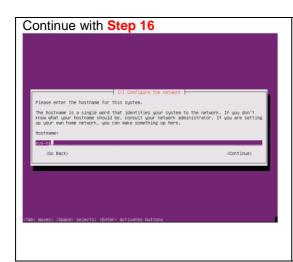




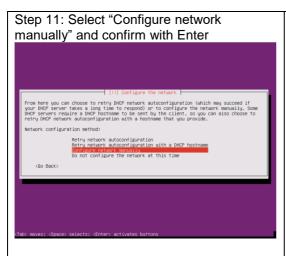
Step 9: **DHCP ENABLED**

Step 10: **DHCP DISABLED**/Static IP setup. If have not enabled DHCP in the network,

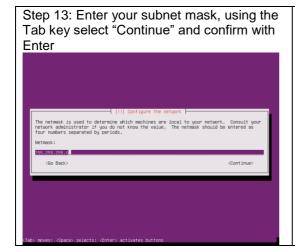










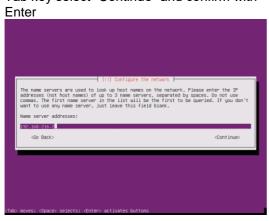


Step 14: Enter your Gateway IP, using the Tab key select "Continue" and confirm with Enter





Step 15: IMPORTANT: The name server must be able to resolve public DNS entries and will be used during the next install steps. Enter your name server IP, using the Tab key select "Continue" and confirm with Enter



Step 16: Type your EVE server hostname,

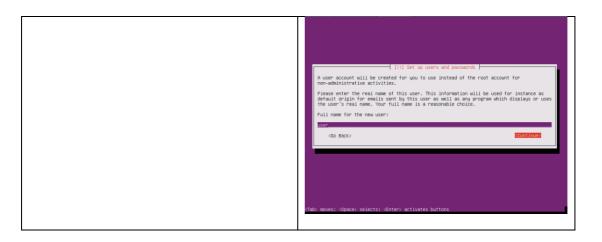


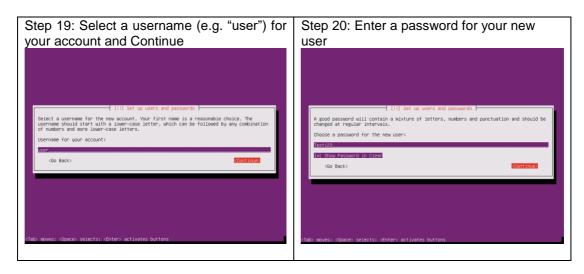
Step 17: Type your domain name. You are free to use any. Example: eve-ng.net

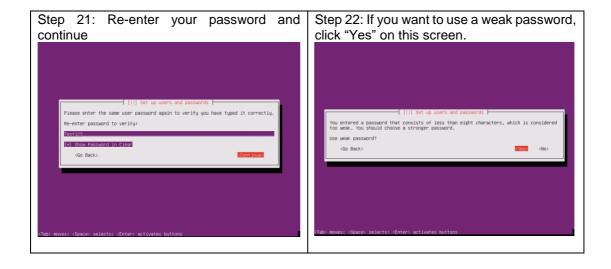


Step 18: Type your Ubuntu username, Example: user



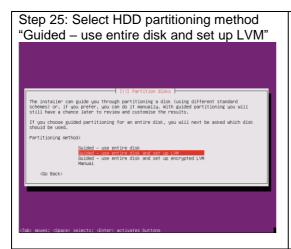


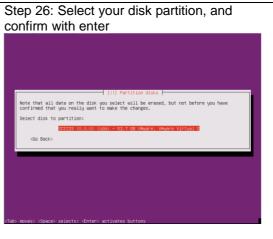


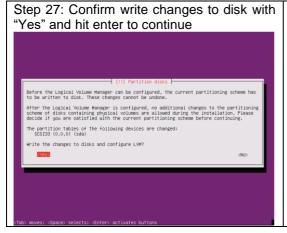


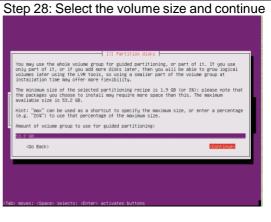




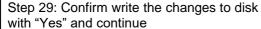


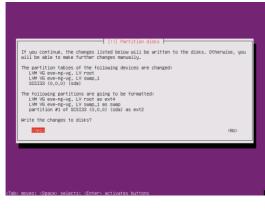












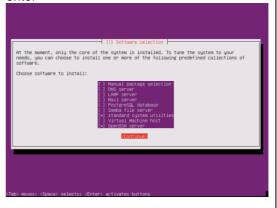
Step 30: If you have a proxy in use for your internet, enter your network proxy settings. If no proxy is used, use the tab key to select Continue and confirm with enter.



Step 31: Select "No automatic updates" and Continue



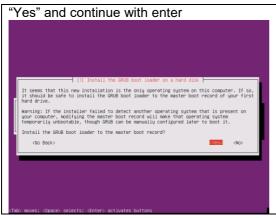
Step 32: Using the Arrow keys select "OpenSSH server" for installation and confirm with the Space key (*), continue with enter



Step 33: Confirm "Install the GRUB bootloader to the master boot record" with

Step 34: REMOVE CD/DVD installation media and continue with enter







Step 35: Login in to your Ubuntu with the username created above (user/Test123 was the example)

The example)

Under 16.04.4 LTS eve-ng tty1

eve-ng login:

eve-ng login:

eve-ng login: user

Passowri:

elcome to thentu 16.04.4 LTS (GNU/Linux 4.4.0-116-generic x86_64)

elcome to thentu 16.04.4 LTS (GNU/Linux 4.4.0-116-generic x86_64

IMPORTANT Step 36: Continue as root user. Enter the commands below, each followed by the enter key.

Test123

cd

user@eve-ng:^\$ sudo su [sudo] password for user: root@eve-ng:/home/user# cd root@eve-ng:^# _

Step 37: Create root password

sudo passwd root

Repeat your desirable password twice; Example: eve

root@eve-ng:"# sudo passwd root Enter new UNIX password: Retype new UNIX password: passwd: password updated successfully root@eve-ng:"# Step 38: Verify and set your hostname if you haven't set it before

nano /etc/hostname

Edit it if necessary: eve-ng

Confirm edit with ctrl+o followed by Enter And ctrl+x for Exit

Step 39: Verify your host settings

nano /etc/hosts

Your assigned static IP will be bound to your server hostname and domain

Step 40: Edit permissions for root user to allow SSH access to EVE server

nano /etc/ssh/sshd config

Find and edit PermitRootLogin to "yes"



Step 41: **MPORTANT**

SSH as **root** to your EVE server with Putty or any other telnet client program. Update the Ubuntu grub CMD Line with the following customized command. Make sure you enter this command below in a single line and confirm it with the enter key.

sed -i -e 's/GRUB CMDLINE LINUX DEFAULT=.*/GRUB CMDLINE LINUX DEFAULT="net.ifnames=0
noquiet"/' /etc/default/grub

Update GRUB, Followed by Enter

update-grub

▲ WARNING: DO NOT REBOOT your Ubuntu/EVE yet, proceed to step 42!

Step 42: IMPORTANT

Rename your Server interface name to eth0

nano /etc/network/interfaces

Before edit:

```
# The primary network interface
auto ens33
Iface ens33 inet static
address 192.168.217.50
netmask 552.252.55.0
netmask 552.252.55.0
netmask 552.252.25.0
netmask 552.252.25.0
netmask 552.252.25.0
netmask 552.252.25.0
netmask 552.252.25.0
netmask 552.252.252.0
netmask 552.252.252.0
netmask 552.252.252.0
netmask 552.252.252.0
netmask 552.252.2
netmask 552
```

After edit:

```
# The primary network interface
auto <a href="mailto:esth0">esth0</a>
iface <a href="esth0">esth0</a>
inet static
address 192.168.217.50
network 192.168.217.00
broadcast 192.168.217.255
gateway 192.168.217.25
# dns-* options are implemented by the resolvconf package, if installed dns-namesorvers 192.168.217.2
dns-search eve-ng.net
```

Confirm your edit with ctrl+o followed by enter And ctrl+x to exit

Reboot the EVE server

reboot

3.3.2 EVE Professional Installation Phase 2

▲ IMPORTANT: Make sure you are logged in EVE as root!



Step 43: Start EVE Professional installation with the following one-line command and hit enter

wget -O - http://www.eve-ng.net/repo/install-eve-pro.sh | bash -i

Step 43.1: OPTIONAL for Broadcom NetExtreme II ethernet drivers in your server. NOT necessary for regular servers. DO NOT reboot EVE before you did Broadcom driver installation below!!

apt install firmware-bnx2x -o Dpkg::Options::="--force-overwrite"

Step 44: Reboot EVE

reboot

3.3.3 EVE Professional Installation Phase 3

Step 45: After the installation is completed, reboot EVE and follow the Management IP setup instructions in section 3.5.1. It is strongly recommended for bare-metal installations to use a static IP address. After the IP address setup, continue with Step 46

Step 46: After your EVE is rebooted,

Login to the EVE CLI and type:

apt update
apt upgrade

Follow steps in section: 5.1, 5.2

Step 47: After update, Step 46 is completed, continue with type:

apt install eve-ng-dockers

This can take some time depending on your Internet connection and disk speed.

Your output after install must look like:



Step 48: (Optional) If after dockers first install (Step 47) in the output "dc images" you still seeing some docker name in the list as <none>,



please run the command:

apt install -reinstall eve-ng-dockers

or

apt install -reinstall eve-ng-dockers-alt

You must get output like in the step 47.

Step 49: Update repositories

apt update
apt upgrade

Step 50: Continue to section 4 to obtain your EVE-NG Professional license

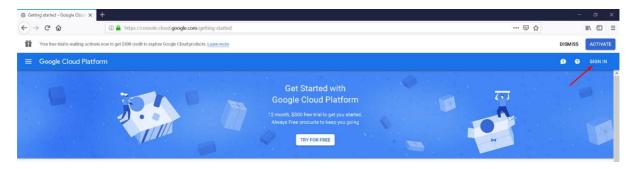


▲ IMPORTANT NOTE: You must prepare and upload at least a couple of images to start building your labs. Refer section 16

3.4 Google Cloud Platform

3.4.1 Google account

Step 1: Connect to Google Cloud Platform (GCP https://console.cloud.google.com/getting-started



Step 2: Sign into GCP. Create a new GCP account if you do not already have one.

3.4.2 Goggle Cloud project

Create new project. By default, GCP will offer you a project named "My First Project". It can be used as well.

Step 1. GCP top bar, click on "My First Project"

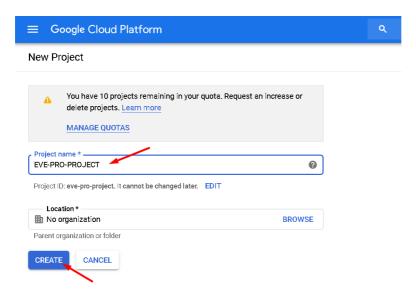


Step 2. Next pop up window, click "NEW PROJECT"



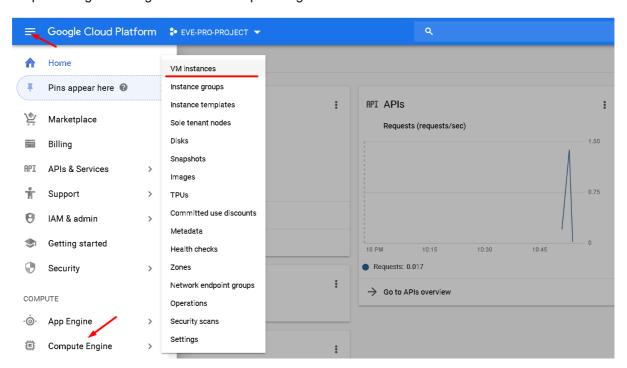
Step 3. Enter your project name, and confirm "CREATE"



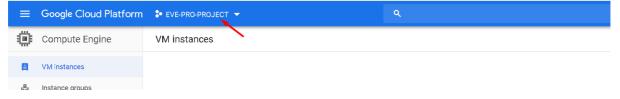


This will take some time.

Step 4. Navigate: Navigation Menu/Compute Engine/VM Instances

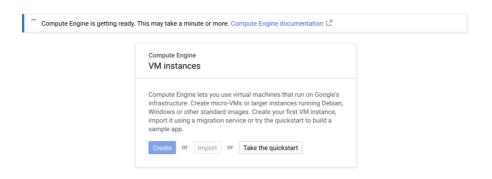


Step 5. Navigate: top bar and select your Project



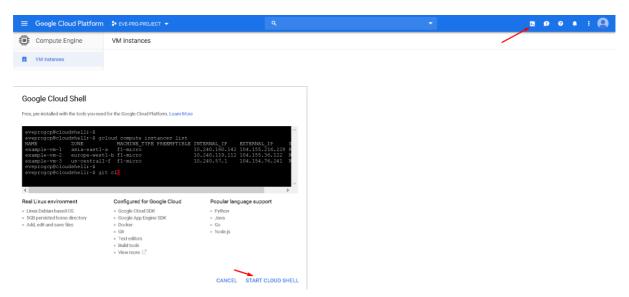


Preparation of your Project can take some time. Wait until the VM Instance window finishes deployment and then press the "Create button."

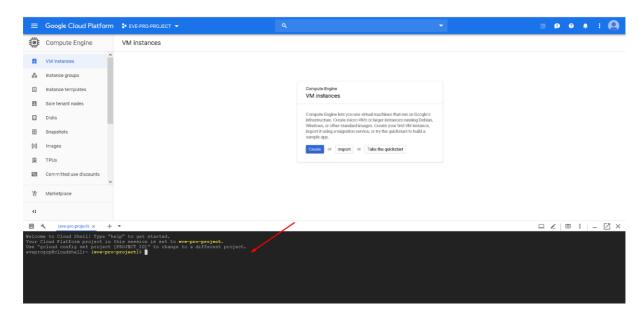


3.4.3 Preparing Ubuntu boot disk template

Step 1: Open the google cloud shell and press: "START CLOUD SHELL"







Step 2: create a nested Ubuntu 16.04 image model. Copy and paste the below command into the shell. Use copy/paste. crtl +c/ctrl +v. It is single line command. Confirm with "enter":

gcloud compute images create nested-ubuntu-xenial --source-image-family=ubuntu-1604-lts --source-image-project=ubuntu-os-cloud --licenses https://www.googleapis.com/compute/v1/projects/vm-options/global/licenses/enable-vmx

```
Felows to Cloud Shall 1 Type "Najo" to get started.

Vou cloud Electron project in his sestion is seet to everproproject.

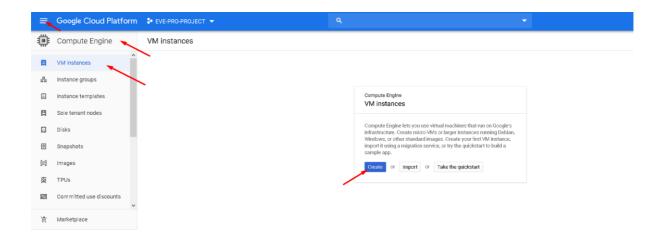
Use "goloud config set project [PROWET_10]" to change to a different project.

verproproject [Strong or continue to the continue to
```

3.4.4 Creating VM

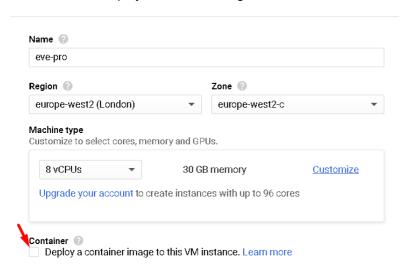
Step 1: Navigate: Navigation Menu/Compute Engine/VM Instances and press "Create"





Step 2: Edit your VM settings. Use your own region and zone. Choose your desirable CPU and RAM settings.

IMPORTANT: "Deploy a container image" must be UNCHECKED.

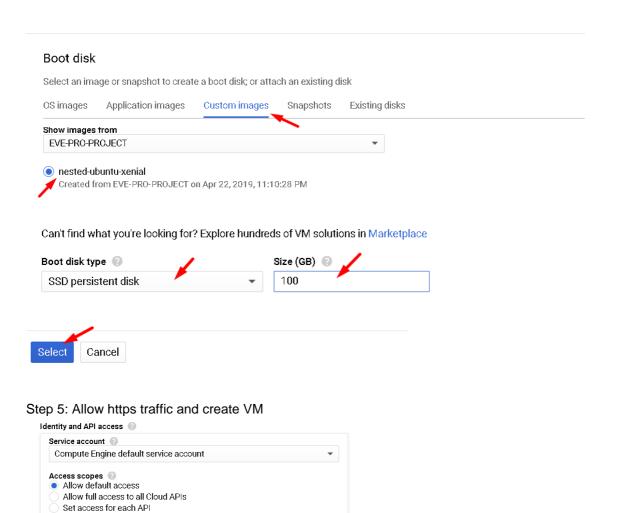


Step 3: Select Boot disk. Press Change



Step 4. Select the custom boot images you created previously. Choose HDD disk type and size. HDD size can vary depends of your needs





3.4.5 EVE-NG-PRO installation

Management, security, disks, networking, sole tenancy

Add tags and firewall rules to allow specific network traffic from the Internet

Your free trial credit will be used for this VM instance. GCP Free Tier

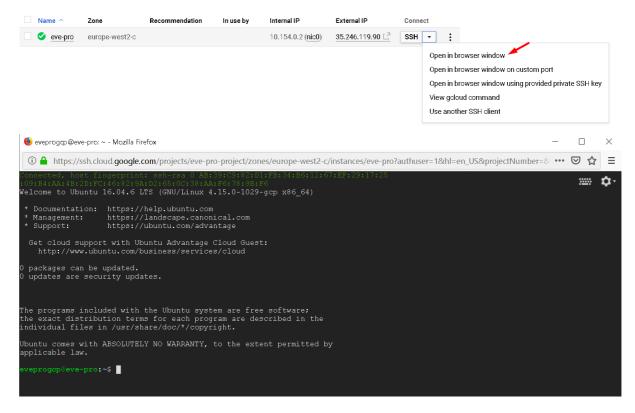
Firewall 🕝

☐ Allow HTTP traffic✓ Allow HTTPS traffic

Cancel

Step 1: Connect to the VM with the first option "Open in browser window"





Step 2: Launch installation with:

Type the below command to become root:

sudo -i

Start EVE-PRO installation

wget -0 - http://www.eve-ng.net/repo/install-eve-pro.sh | bash -i

Step 3: Update and upgrade your new EVE-PRO

apt update

apt upgrade

Confirm with Y

Step 4. Reboot EVE. Allow some time for reboot and then press "Reconnect"

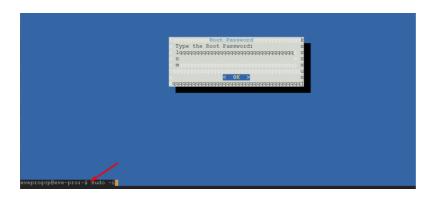


Step 5: IMPORTANT: Setup IP

Once the IP wizard screen appeares, press ctrl +c and type the below command to become root:

sudo -i





Now follow the IP setup wizard, section: 3.5.2.

IMPORTANT: set IP as DHCP!

Step 6: Dockers installation. After EVE is rebooted, reconnect the SSH session:

Type command to become root:
sudo -i

Type command to update EVE
apt update

Type command to Install Dockers
apt install eve-ng-dockers

3.4.6 Access to Google Cloud EVE-PRO

Use your public IP for accessing EVE via https.



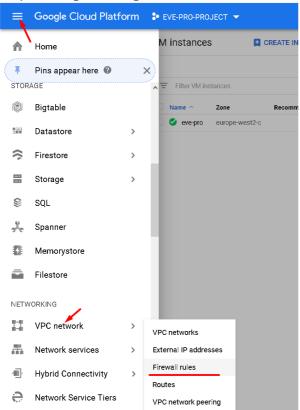


Default web login: admin/eve



3.4.7 Optional: GCP Firewall rules for native console use

Step 1: Navigate: Navigation menu/VPC Network/Firewall rules



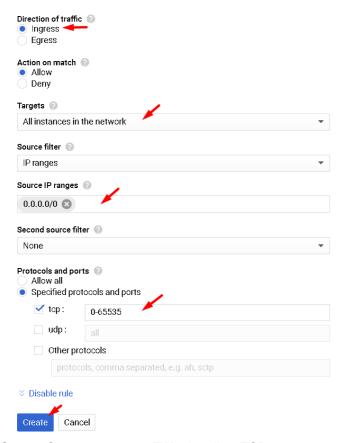
Step 2: Create new firewall rule



Step 3: Create an ingress FW rule; allow TCP ports 0-65535



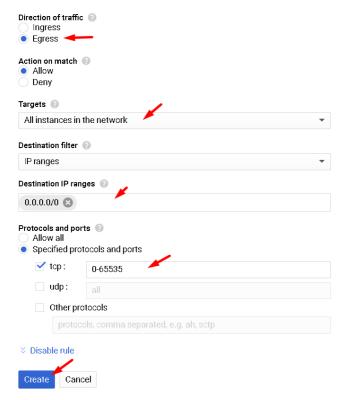




Step 4: Create an egress FW rule; allow TCP ports 0-65535







Summary FW rules.

Name	Type	Targets	Filters	Protocols / ports	Action	Priority	Network ^
egress-eve	Egress	Apply to all	IP ranges: 0.0.0.0/0	tcp:0-65535	Allow	1000	default
default-allow-https	Ingress	https-server	IP ranges: 0.0.0.0/0	tcp:443	Allow	1000	default
ingress-eve	Ingress	Apply to all	IP ranges: 0.0.0.0/0	tcp:0-65535	Allow	1000	default

3.5 EVE Management IP Address setup

3.5.1 Management static IP address setup (preferred)

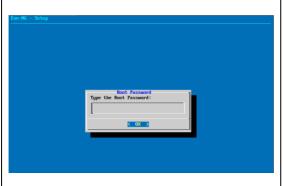
The steps below will walk you through the network setup and assign a static management IP for EVE.

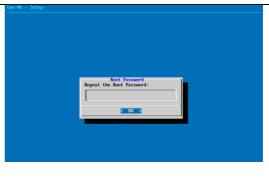
Step 1: Log into the EVE CLI using the default login **root/eve** After login, type your preferred root password for EVE, default is **eve. Remember it for further use.** Confirm with enter

Step 2: Retype your root password again and confirm with enter.

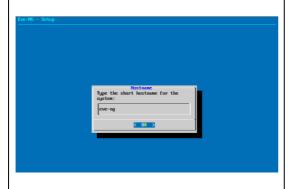
NOTE: Typed characters in the password field are not visible.



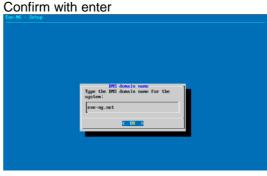




Step 3: Choose your EVE VMs hostname. By default, it is **eve-ng**. You can leave it as it is. Confirm with enter



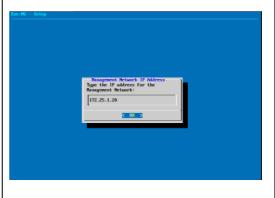
Step 4: Type your domain name for your EVE VM. By default, it is example.com. The default value can be used as well.



Step 5: Using the arrow keys, select the option "static", confirm your selection with the space key, followed by enter

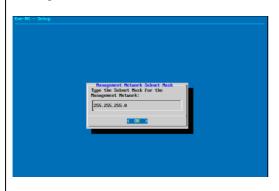


Step 6: Type your desirable EVE management IP. Confirm with enter.

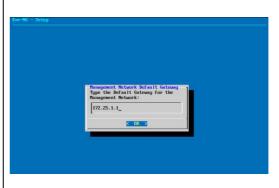




Step 7: Type the subnet mask of your EVE management network. Confirm with enter.



Step 8: Type your networks gateway IP. Confirm with enter.



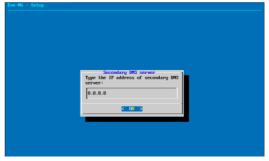
Step 9: Type your networks primary DNS IP. Confirm with enter.

IMPORTANT: DNS must be reachable and resolve public addresses.



Step 10: Type your network Secondary DNS IP. Confirm with Enter.

IMPORTANT: DNS must be reachable and resolve public addresses.



Step 11: Type your preferred NTP server IP. It can be left empty as well; in this case, your EVE VM will automatically assign the time from its host.

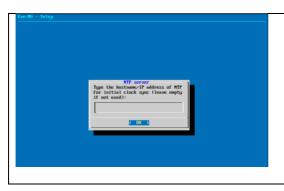
Step 12: Skip this step. By default, it is set to direct connection (no proxy).

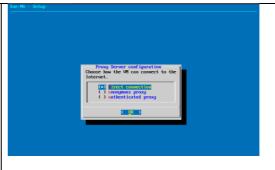
Confirm selection with enter. EVE will reboot automatically.



NOTE: If required, the Proxy settings can be configured later using EVE WEB GUI System/System Settings described in section 3.5.3







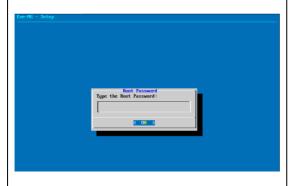
IMPORTANT NOTE: If you are setting up your management IP for the first time (fresh EVE installation), please return to the install section and complete installation Phase 3.

3.5.2 EVE Management IP address setup via DHCP

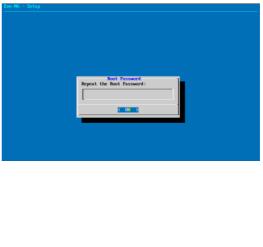
The steps below will walk you through the network setup and assign a management IP for EVE via DHCP.

Step 1: Log into the EVE CLI using the default login **root/eve** After login, type your preferred root password for EVE, default is **eve. Remember it for further use.** Confirm with enter

NOTE: Typed characters in the password field are not visible.



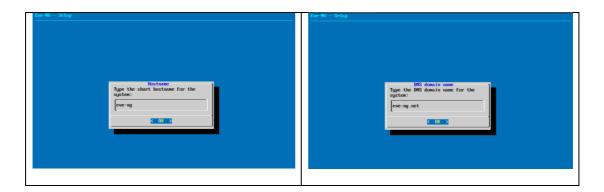
Step 2: Retype your root password again and confirm with enter.



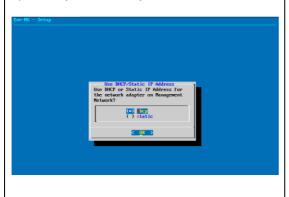
Step 3: Choose your EVE VMs hostname. By default, it is **eve-ng**. You can leave it as it is. Confirm with enter

Step 4: Type your domain name for your EVE VM. By default, it is example.com. The default value can be used as well. Confirm with enter

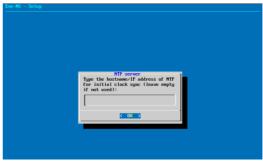




Step 5: Using the arrow keys, select the option "dhcp", confirm your selection with the space key, followed by enter



Step 6: Type your preferred NTP server IP. It can be left empty as well; in this case, your EVE VM will automatically assign the time from its host.

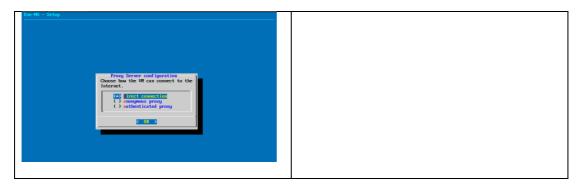


Step 7: Skip this step. By default, it is set to direct connection (no proxy).

Confirm selection with enter. EVE will reboot automatically.

NOTE: If required, the Proxy settings can be configured later using EVE WEB GUI System/System Settings described in section 3.5.3





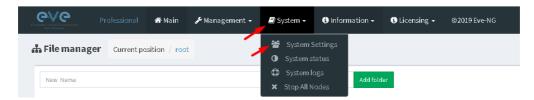
▲ IMPORTANT NOTE: If you are setting up your management IP for the first time (fresh EVE installation), please return to the install section and complete installation Phase 3.

3.5.3 Internet proxy setup

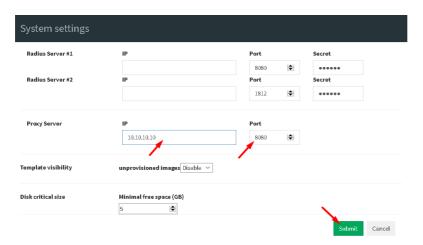
Default username: admin

Password: eve

Step 2: Select Tab: System/System Settings



Step 3: Enter your Proxy IP and Port following by "Submit".





3.5.4 EVE Management IP address reset

If for any reason you need to change these settings after the installation, you can rerun the IP setup wizard. Type the following command in the CLI and hit enter:

```
rm -f /opt/ovf/.configured
```

Then reboot. Once you log into the CLI again, EVE will go through the network setup again. Please follow the steps in section 3.5.1 for Static IP or 3.5.2 for DHCP IP.

3.6 EVE-NG Community upgrade to EVE-NG Professional

3.6.1 Mandatory Prerequisites

Mandatory Prerequisites: Internet must be reachable from your PC and VMware. EVE ISO installation requires internet access to get updates and install the latest EVE-PRO version from the EVE-NG repository. DNS must work as well, to check it, do a named ping, for example ping www.google.com

3.6.1.1 EVE Community disk space

You must have enough HDD space available. The main eve--ng--vg-root partition must have at least 10GByte free space while the boot partition must have at least 50Mbyte. To check how much space is available on your HDD, enter the following command into the CLI of EVE:

df -h

```
root@eve-ng:~# df -h
Filesystem Size Used Avail Use% Mounted on
udev 7.9G 0 7.9G 0% /dev
tmpfs 1.6G 22M 1.6G 2% run
/dev/mapper/eve--ng--vg-root 71G 29G 38G 44% /
tmpfs 7.9G 0 7.9G 0% /dev/shm
tmpfs 5.0M 0 5.0M 0% /run/lock
tmpfs 7.9G 0 7.9G 0% /sys/fs/cgroup
/dev/sda1 155M 294M 35% /boot
root@eve-ng:~#
```

To free up space on the /boot, enter the following command, hit enter and confirm with "y"

apt autoremove

3.6.1.2 Verify current EVE Community version

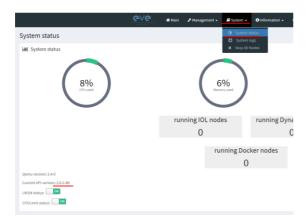
You have to make sure that your EVE Community Edition is of version (v2.0.3-86) or later. You must be able to reach the internet from your PC, VMware or Server.

To check your current EVE-NG version, enter the following command

dpkg -1 eve-ng



You can also verify your current EVE version from the WEB GUI. Top menu bar, System, System status.



You can check the version number of the newest currently available Community version on the EVE-NG Community site: http://www.eve-ng.net/community.

3.6.1.3 Steps to upgrade to the latest EVE Community version

Type the following commands below and hit enter after each.

apt update

In case of any Y/N prompt, answer Yes.

apt upgrade

In case of any Y/N prompt, answer Yes.

reboot

3.6.2 Upgrading EVE Community to EVE-NG Professional

MARNING: Please be ready to purchase a license when upgrading, as you will not be able to start any nodes until a valid license has been activated on your EVE.

To upgrade to EVE-NG Pro, issue the following commands into the CLI of EVE followed by enter.

apt update

apt install eve-ng-pro



reboot

After the reboot continue with the below commands, followed by enter

apt update

apt install eve-ng-dockers

reboot

Continue to the EVE-NG Pro license purchase section of the website and follow the remaining instructions.

3.7 Native telnet console management setup

If you prefer to use a natively installed telnet client to manage nodes inside EVE, follow the steps below:

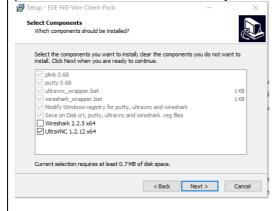
3.7.1 Windows Native Console

Step 1: Download the EVE Windows Client integration pack:

http://www.eve-ng.net/downloads/windowsclient-side-pack Step 2: Install it as administrator

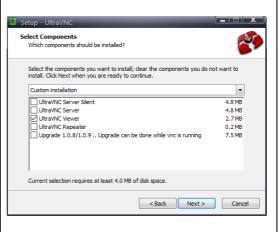


Step 3: Leave the option for UltraVNC checked. UltraVNC is very tiny and the preferred VNC client for Windows by EVE.



NOTE: The Wireshark option for EVE Professional is left unchecked, because Wireshark is already integrated into EVE PRO.

Step 4: Continue with Next. When it asks to choose Ultra VNC Options, only leave the UltraVNC Viewer checked, the rest is not needed.





Step 5: Continue with Next and finish the installation.

By default, EVE Windows Client Integration will install **Putty** as your Telnet Client. The default location for the EVE Windows Client Integration software and .reg files is: "C:\Program Files\EVE-NG"

Set the default telnet program manually in Windows 10. Example: SecureCRT

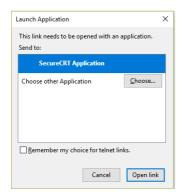
Step 1: Go to: Windows Settings/Apps/Default Apps/Choose Default Apps by Protocol

Step 2: Set your default Telnet program:



■ NOTE: The first time click on the type of link that is used to access a running node inside EVE via telnet, the browser will ask to choose the telnet program. If you have prepared your default telnet program with the instructions above, you have to choose your default Telnet program.

Example: Firefox browser:



Set your default application, check the box "Remember my choice telnet links" and click Open link

3.7.2 Linux Native Console

The steps below will show how to setup the native consoles pack for Linux Mint 18 (Ubuntu):

Step 1: Go to the EVE Linux Side integration pack download page:

http://www.eve-ng.net/downloads/linuxclient-side Step 2: Open the link to GitHub

https://github.com/SmartFinn/eve-ng-integration



Step 3: Scroll down to the installation part

Installation

Ubuntu and derivatives

You can install eve-ng-integration from the official PPA:

sudo add-apt-repository ppa:smartfinn/eve-ng-integration
sudo apt-get install eve-ng-integration

Step 4: Login as root to your Linux system and enter the commands below:

NOTE: An internet connection is required. Enter each command line below one after the other

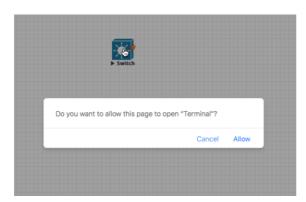
sudo add-apt-repository ppa:smartfinn/eve-ng-integration
sudo apt-get update
sudo apt-get install eve-ng-integration

▲ For other Linux native console setup options please refer to: https://github.com/SmartFinn/eve-ng-integration

3.7.3 MAC OSX Native Console

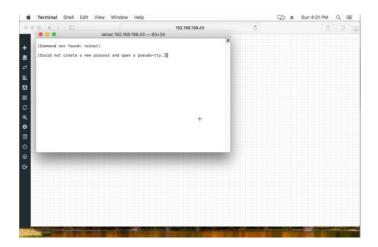
Telnet Protocol:

OSX Sierra (and older releases) is ready to use for the telnet protocol.



For High Sierra, a telnet binary must be added (Apple decided to remove it and it is not present anymore on the latest OSX releases).





Procedure to install a previous telnet binary:

Download telnet and ftp binaries from eve:

https://your_eve_ip/files/osx.zip

Step 1: Reboot the Mac and hold down the "Command" and "R" key simultaneously after you hear the start-up chime, this will boot OSX into Recovery Mode

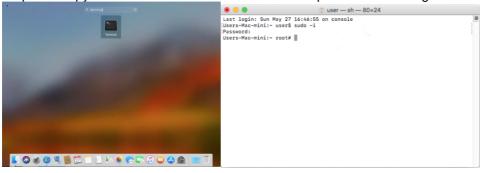
Step 2: When the "OSX Utilities" screen appears, pull down the 'Utilities' menu at the top of the screen instead, and choose "Terminal"

Step 3: Type the following command into the terminal then hit enter:

crutil disable; reboot

Step 4: When the OSX reboot is done, extract the osx.zip to your home directory

Step 5: Copy the files to /usr/bin and set the permissions using the terminal utility:



sudo -i
cp telnet ftp /usr/bin; chmod 555 /usr/bin/telnet; chmod 555 /usr/bin/ftp

chown root:wheel /usr/bin/telnet /usr/bin/ftp

1. Reboot the Mac and hold down Command + R keys simultaneously after you hear the startup chime, this will boot OSX into Recovery Mode



2. When the "OSX Utilities" screen appears, pull down the 'Utilities' menu at the top of the screen instead, and choose "Terminal"

Type the following command into the terminal then hit enter:

crutil enable; reboot

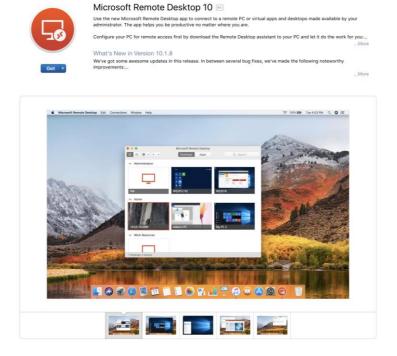
VNC Protocol:

Download Chicken of VNC at: https://sourceforge.net/projects/chicken/files/Chicken-2.2b2.dmg/download

Install and use it as default VNC Client

RDP Protocol:

Download and install the Microsoft Remote Desktop on the App Store:



3.8 Login to the EVE WEB GUI

Login to the EVE management UI:

https://<your_eve_ip>/

Default user access:

User: admin



Password: eve

- ▲ NOTE: You can change your EVE Admin password, please refer to section 7.3.1.2
- ▲ IMPORTANT NOTE: You must prepare and upload at least a couple of images to start building your labs. Refer to section 16



4 EVE-NG Professional Licensing

EVE-NG Professional and Learning Centre editions require purchasing and uploading a license to activate its features. Licenses are based on an annual subscription.

EVE-NG permits up to 128 accounts to be created but restricts the number of simultaneous sessions per role to the licensed amount. To increase the number of active sessions, please purchase additional licenses on top of the base license as shown below.

▲ **Definition:** Simultaneous session (1 license) means one active connection to the EVE-NG Web GUI.



<u>Example1 EVE-Professional:</u> The license information page shows 2 Admin accounts. This means 2 Admin role-based accounts can be logged into the Web GUI simultaneously. If a third Admin account logs into the Web GUI, the first active Admin session will be disconnected. Please note that the first Admin's labs will keep running. EVE-NG PRO can have up to 128 accounts, but active sessions to the Web GUI are restricted to the number of purchased licenses.



<u>Example2 EVE Learning Centre:</u> The license information page shows 2 Admin and 3 User role accounts. This means 2 Admin and 3 User accounts can be logged into the Web GUI simultaneously. If a fourth User account or third Admin account logs into the Web GUI, the first User or Admin session will be disconnected. Started labs will keep running. EVE-NG Learning Center can have up to 128 accounts, but active sessions to the Web GUI are restricted by the number of licenses purchased.

4.1 EVE-NG Professional Base license

EVE-NG Professional Edition - 1 Year License http://www.eve-ng.net/buy/eve-ng-professional-edition

EVE-NG PRO features multi user support and assigns all accounts as Administrators. The license allows for 2 simultaneous users.





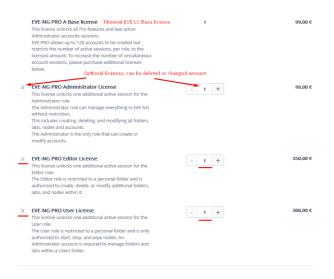
For EVE-PRO Administrator role permissions, please see section 4.4.

4.2 EVE-NG Learning Centre licenses

EVE-NG Learning Centre Edition - 1 Year License http://www.eve-ng.net/buy/eve-ng-learning-edition

EVE-NG LC features multi user support and assigns accounts as Administrators, Editors or Users.

The first minimal Base A license allows for 2 simultaneous Admin users. It is necessary to use an Administrator account to create or manage EVE LC and other user's role-based accounts.



EVE-NG PRO – A Base License (Mandatory)

This license unlocks all Pro features and two active Administrator accounts sessions. This license is mandatory for EVE LC edition.

The following licenses below can vary per your needs.

EVE-NG PRO - Administrator License

This license unlocks one additional active session for the Administrator role.

The Administrator role can manage everything in EVE-NG without restrictions.

This includes creating, deleting, and modifying all folders, labs, nodes and accounts.

The Administrator is the only role that can create or modify accounts.

EVE-NG PRO - Editor License

This license unlocks one additional active session for the Editor role.

The Editor role is restricted to a personal and the Shared folder and is authorized to create, delete, or modify additional folders, labs, and nodes within them.

EVE-NG PRO - User License

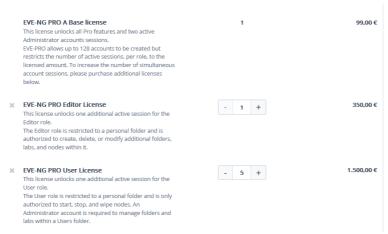


This license unlocks one additional active session for the User role.

The User role is restricted to a personal and the Shared folder and is only authorized to start, stop, and wipe nodes. An Administrator account is required to manage folders and labs within a User's personal folder. An Editor account may manage labs in the Shared folder.

Example: EVE Learning Centre Licensing for 1 Teacher and a 5 Students class. Licence model below includes:

- Two administrator accounts, necessary for EVE LC labs and other user account management
- One Editor-role based account, assigned to the teacher to create/manage labs and assign them to the Shared folder for Students use. The Editor role is restricted to a personal folder and is authorized to create, delete, or modify additional folders, labs, and nodes within it.
 - Optional: If wanted / needed, the Editor account for the teacher can also be replaced by an Administrator account instead.
- ▲ Five User role-based Student accounts allowing running a class with 5 simultaneous students connected to the EVE HTML GUI.



For EVE-LC role permissions, please see section 4.4.

4.3 EVE-NG Corporate licenses

Essentially, this is EVE Learning Centre edition with Editor role-based accounts only. This is recommended for corporate use to allow full permissions for EVE labs but to restrict being able to manage other user accounts or labs. The Editor role is restricted to a shared and a personal folder and has permissions to create, delete, or modify additional folders, labs, and nodes within them.

EVE-NG Learning Centre Edition - 1 Year License http://www.eve-ng.net/buy/eve-ng-learning-edition

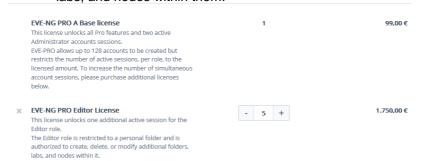
EVE-NG Corporate features multi user support and assigns accounts as Administrators or Editors.

The first (mandatory) Base A license allows for 2 simultaneous Admin users. It is necessary to have an Administrator account to create or manage EVE LC and other user's role-based accounts.

Example: EVE Corporate Licensing for 5 Editor users. License model below includes:



- Two administrator accounts necessary for EVE Corporate labs and other user accounts management
- Five Editor-role based accounts. The Editor role is restricted to a shared and a personal folder and has permissions to create, delete, or modify additional folders, labs, and nodes within them.



EVE Corporate role rights, please follow section 4.4.

4.4 User roles comparison chart

Feature	Administrator Role	Editor/Teacher role	User/Student role
User accounts management	yes	no	no
User Accounts visibility	yes	yes	no
User edit modal visibility	yes	yes	no
User Folder's management	yes	no	no
Full EVE root folder tree access	yes	no	no
Licencing module access	yes	no	no
Nodes management module access	yes	yes (only own running nodes)	yes (only own running nodes)
Lab management module access	yes	yes (only own running nodes)	yes (only own running nodes)
Shared lab folder management	yes	yes	no
Shared folder access	yes	yes	yes
Rename Folders	yes	yes	no
Create labs	yes	yes	no
Delete labs	yes	yes	no
Edit Custom topology mapping	yes	yes	no
Use only Custom topology mapping	yes	yes	yes
Lab objects management add text, drawing on labs	yes	yes	no
Export/import labs	yes	yes	no
Nodes list management	yes	yes	yes, read-only
Networks management	yes	yes	yes, read-only



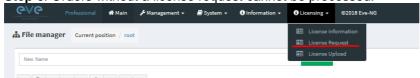
	I	I	I
Start labs	yes	yes	yes
Stop labs	yes	yes	yes
Wipe nodes	yes	yes	yes
Console to all nodes	yes	yes	yes
Export all configs	yes	yes	no
Edit lab	yes	yes	no
Set nodes startup-cfg to default configset	yes	yes	no
Set nodes startup-cfg to none	yes	yes	no
Topology refresh	yes	yes	yes
Topology zoom	yes	yes	yes
EVE status	yes	yes	yes
Lab details UUID	yes	yes	yes
See startup configs	yes	yes	no
Delete default startup configs	yes	yes	no
Create and manage multiconfig sets	yes	yes	no
Close labs	yes	yes	yes
Lock labs	yes	yes	yes
System/Stop all nodes	yes	yes	no
Information tab access	yes	yes	no
Work with more than one lab	yes	yes	no
Lab timer function	yes	yes	no

4.5 License purchasing and activation

- ⚠ Before purchasing a license, the customer must have **EVE-NG Professional** installed and readily accessible.
- A Recommended browser for license operations are: Chrome or Mozilla Firefox
- You must be logged in to the EVE WEB GUI as Administrator.

Step 1: Obtain your license request from the Licensing tab of the top menu of the EVE PRO WEB GUI. License requests will work only if the host machine (and hypervisor if running a VM) has **Intel VT-x/EPT** enabled! (See section 3 for details)

Step 2: Copy the content of the license request and keep it ready for the order process at **Step 6**. Orders without a license request cannot be processed.







Step 3: Go to the EVE PRO or Learning Centre Purchase Portal and choose your Licenses and quantity.

Licenses that are unnecessary for your EVE Learning Centre or Corporate Edition licensing needs, can simply be deleted from your order by clicking on the cross next to them to remove them. Refer to sections: **4.2** and **4.3**

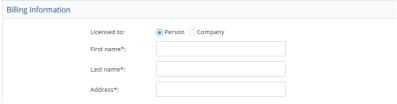
EVE-PRO Purchase Portal

EVE-Learning Centre or Corporate Purchase Portal

Step 4: Choose your preferred payment method. We currently support VISA, Mastercard, Bank/Wire transfer and PayPal.



Step 5: Complete the order form. If your license is for commercial/company use, you must select Company option.



Step 6: At the end please paste your **license request content** from Step 2 and Please read and confirm the <u>EULA agreement</u>, which contains vital information about licenses. For companies, if necessary, in the Order Notes you can add additional information/reference, e.g. for your accounting department.



Step 7: After a while (usually 10-30 mins), your license is sent to the E-Mail used in the order form.

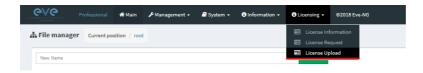


- ▲ IMPORTANT: Before loading the purchased license, make sure your EVE has Internet access. Your EVE DNS settings must be configured properly to resolve the FQDN. Internet connection is required to validate your EVE license with our EVE-NG license server.
- ▲ IMPORTANT: If your EVE internet is using Proxy, make sure you have set the proxy settings described in section 3.5.3
- ⚠ Offline EVE Pro license is supported for Bare EVE installs only. (Dedicated EVE server). VM Ware and Cloud environment EVE installs require Internet connection.

Step 8: Copy Content of your received License



Step 9: On your EVE WEB GUI, click on License Upload,



Paste your licence and click on Upload



4.6 License deactivation

If you decide to deactivate EVE-PRO license on the host, please follow the steps below:



Go to EVE CLI and type:

```
cd /opt/unetlab/html/
rm eve-ng.lic
cp eve-ng.nolic eve-ng.lic
```

4.7 License Rehosting.

If you decide to re-install EVE-PRO or move it to another host, please follow the steps below:

Pre-requisites:

- EVE must have internet access!
- Only ONE EVE host must be turned ON and connected to the internet, do NOT have more than one EVE with the same license turned on at the same time!
- Step 1. Make sure that you have only ONE EVE-PRO instance with this license running.
- Step 2. Make sure you have unrestricted Internet access with a properly configured DNS server from your EVE server.
- Step 3. Load your purchased license onto EVE server you want to rehost to.
- Step 4. Reboot your new EVE
- Step 5. Wait approximately one hour for the licence validation process to finish on the host.
 - NOTE: The re-hosted EVE server must have internet access to periodically validate the license. EVE receives a token with a licence validity time of 24 hours. During those 24 hours, the re-hosted EVE can be used offline. After 24 hours the token time expires and you have to get EVE online again (for approximately 30minutes) to receive a new token.



5 EVE-NG Professional Update & Upgrade

Prerequisites: Internet access and working DNS on your EVE-NG is required.

Verify your internet reachability with named ping. Example: ping www.google.com

ping www.google.com

```
ot@eve-ng:~# ping www.google.com
NG www.google.com (216.58.207.228) 50
bytes from arn09s19-in-f4.1e100.net
bytes from arn09s19-in-f4.1e100.net
bytes from arn09s19-in-f4.1e100.net
bytes from arn09s19-in-f4.1e100.net
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          icmp_seq=2
```

If your ping is success, follow next step for update. If named ping has no success, please verify your DNS IP assigned for EVE or firewall. Some cases ping can be blocked by FW, but Internet and DNS are capable to make update/upgrade.

OPTION for bare EVE installations which has bnx2x Broadcom Ethernet drivers, please rewrite your driver to the newest linux-firmware:

```
sudo apt-get -o Dpkg::Options::="--force-overwrite" install linux-firmware
```

5.1 EVE-NG Professional Update

It is strongly recommended to keep your EVE-NG up to date. To update and upgrade, SSH to your EVE CLI.

To verify your current EVE-NG version, please follow "CLI diagnostic information display commands" in section 15.1.1. You can verify your current EVE version from the System/System Status tab on the top menu of the WEB GUI as well.



The newest version of EVE-NG can be verified by checking the official website: http://www.eveng.net. The main page will display the latest EVE-NG version and correct steps to update.



```
Last Update EVE Professional Edition: 2.0.4-21 (23rd March 2018)

Release 2.0.4-21 notes:

Docker upgrade to version 1.1

Multiconfiguration feature logic functionality update

HTML desktop feature update

HTML5 console feature update

EVE User access time feature

Shared folder update for Learning Centre edition

Procedure:

apt-get update
apt-get update
Reboof EVE
```

Type the below commands followed by Enter

```
apt update
```

In case the prompt asks to confirm with Y/N, answer Yes.

5.2 EVE-NG Professional Upgrade

Type commands followed by Enter

```
apt upgrade
```

In case the prompt asks to confirm with Y/N, answer Yes.

IMPORTANT NOTE: If you are upgrading EVE PRO from older version, the installation may ask you to confirm additional! Information:

```
Configuration file '/etc/issue'

==> Modified (by you or by a script) since installation.

==> Package distributor has shipped an updated version.

What would you like to do about it? Your options are:

Y or I : install the package maintainer's version

N or O : keep your currently-installed version

D : show the differences between the versions

Z : start a shell to examine the situation

The default action is to keep your current version.

*** issue (Y/I/N/O/D/Z) [default=N]?

***rogress: [ 0%]
```

Answer for prompt above is "N"



A new version (/tmp/grub.tj7zRCNt3z) of configuration file /etc/default/grub is available, but the version installed currently has been locally modified.

What do you want to do about modified configuration file grub?

install the package maintainer's version
keep the local version currently installed
show the differences between the versions
show a side-by-side difference between the versions
show a 3-way difference between available versions
do a 3-way merge between available versions (experimental)
start a new shell to examine the situation

Answer for grub-pc version is: "Keep the local version currently installed"

After the completion of the update and upgrade, reboot your EVE Server. Type the following command and hit enter.

reboot

▲ IMPORTANT NOTE: Do NOT make EVE updates or upgrades from within the HTML5 Desktop console!



6 Types of EVE management consoles

⚠ IMPORTANT NOTE: EVE Console TCP ports. EVE Pro uses a dynamic port range between 1-65000. Dynamic means that every time you start a node on the lab, EVE assigns any free port from this range for Telnet, VNC or RDP access. Static TCP port assignment for Telnet sessions is not available in EVE PRO.

EVE Pro supports three different console types.

6.1 Native console

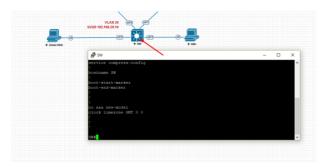


EVE Native console option requires locally installed software to access your lab nodes. To use the Native console option, you must have Administrator rights on your PC and ensure the TCP port range 1-65000 is not blocked by a firewall or antivirus software.

6.1.1 Native Console: telnet

Windows OS: You can use your preferred telnet program like Putty, SecureCRT or others. Example: Putty as native telnet client on Windows.

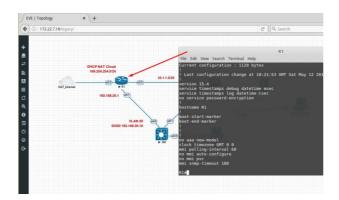
To setup Windows native telnet client please follow section 3.7.1



Linux OS: You can use your preferred telnet program like the Native Terminal, SecureCRT, or others.

Example: Telnet client from the native terminal on Linux Mint. To setup Linux native telnet client please follow section 3.7.2





MAC OSX: You can use your preferred telnet program like the native Terminal, SecureCRT, or others.

Example: Telnet client from the native terminal on MAC OSX. To setup MAC OSX native telnet client please follow section 3.7.3

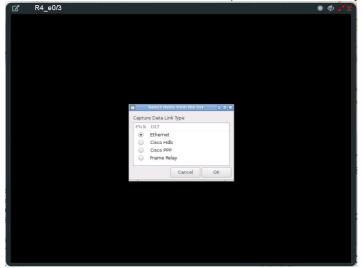
6.1.2 Native Console: Wireshark

EVE Professional has an integrated Wireshark Docker station. This allows live captures without having Wireshark installed on the client machine. The EVE Capture console uses an integrated HTML session.

Right click on the node you wish to capture, choose capture and the interface. Capture Session will open in a new browser window.

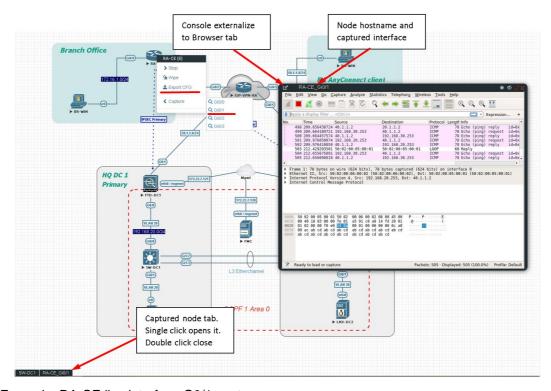
EVE-PRO supports packet captures on ethernet and serial interfaces. Select the interface frame type which will be captured:

- Ethernet for Ethernet, Fast Ethernet, Gigabit Ethernet.
- Serial interface frames: HDLC, PPP or Frame Relay.



Integrated HTML RDP for Wireshark capture





Example: RA-CE live interface G0/1 capture.

To save the captured file on your local PC, please refer to section 12.1

6.1.3 Native Console: VNC

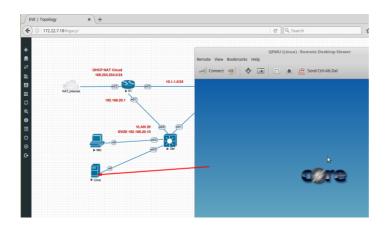
Windows OS: Recommended and tested is UltraVNC but any other compatible one can be used.

Example: UltraVNC as Native VNC client on Windows. To setup Windows native VNC client please follow section 3.7.1



Linux OS: Remote Desktop Viewer for VNC Sessions. Example: Remote Desktop Viewer for VNC sessions on Linux Mint. To setup Linux native Remote Desktop Viewer please follow section 3.7.2



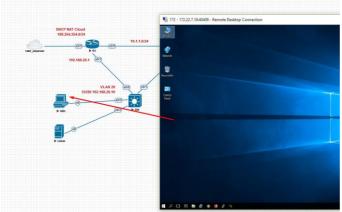


MAC OSX: Preferred VNC program: Chicken VNC Example: Chicken VNC as Native VNC client on MAC OSX. To setup MAC OSX native RDP Viewer client please follow section 3.7.3

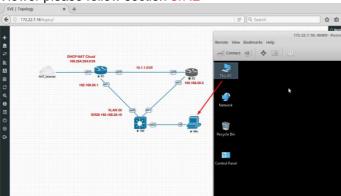
6.1.4 Native Console: RDP

Windows OS: Windows Native RDP.

Example: Windows RDP session to Win10 host in the lab.



Linux OS: Remote Desktop Viewer as RDP session to lab Win10 host. Example: RDP session to Win10 host in the lab. To setup Linux native Remote Desktop Viewer please follow section 3.7.2





MAC OSX: Remote Desktop Viewer as RDP session to lab Win10 host.

Example: RDP session to Win10 host in the lab.

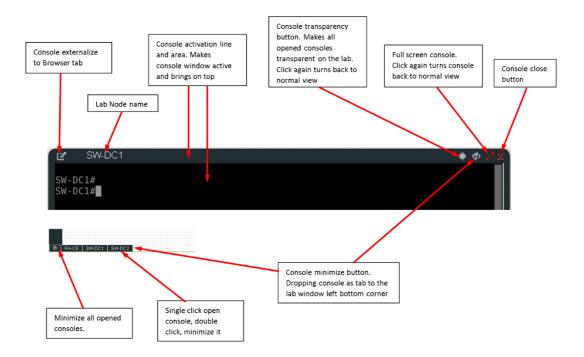
To setup MAC OSX native RDP Viewer client please follow section 3.7.3

6.2 HTML5 console



The EVE PRO HTML5 console provides a clientless solution for managing labs and node sessions. Management is achieved directly through the browser by using the Apache Guacamole HTML5 Engine. It is very convenient for Corporate users with restricted Workstation permissions (Locked Telnet, vnc, rdp).

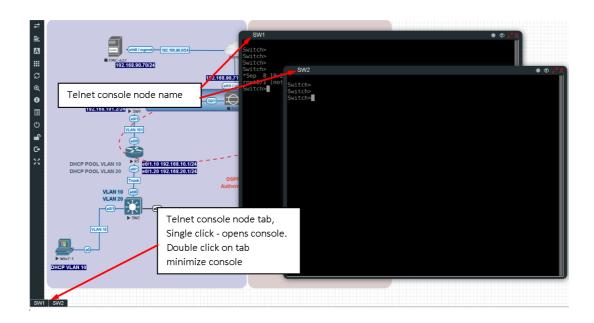
6.2.1 HTML5 Console window functions



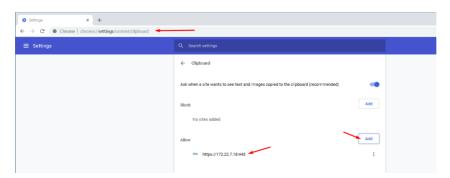
6.2.2 HTML5 Console: Telnet

HTML5 Telnet console is integrated and opens telnet sessions in the browser.

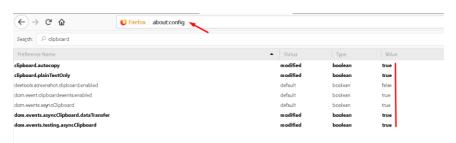




Option: The new Chrome v70.0.3538.110 and higher allows the use of the copy/paste function inside the HTML session. Type in your Chrome browser "**chrome://settings/content/clipboard**" and press **Add** to allow the use of the clipboard extension for your EVE Server: **https://your_ip:443**



Option: The new Firefox v63.0.3 and higher allows the use of the copy/paste function inside the HTML session. Type in your Firefox browser "**about:config**" and enable clipboard values below:



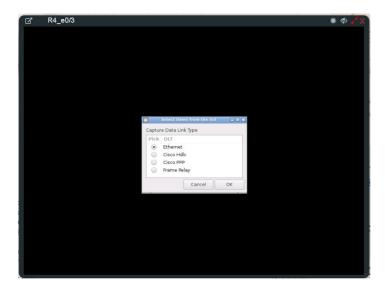


6.2.3 HTML5 Console: Wireshark

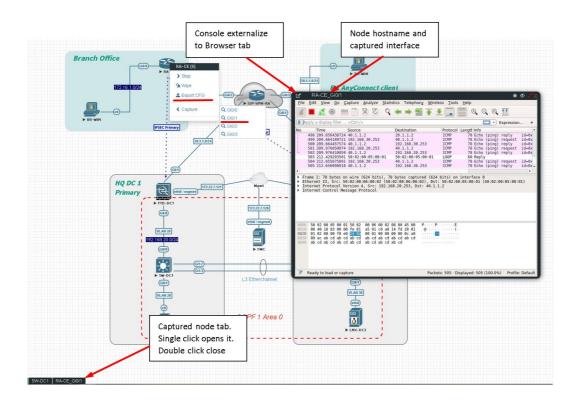
Right click on the node you wish to capture, choose capture and the interface. Capture Session will open in a new browser window.

EVE-PRO supports packet captures on ethernet and serial interfaces. Select the interface frame type which will be captured:

- Ethernet for Ethernet, Fast Ethernet, Gigabit Ethernet.
- Serial interface frames: HDLC, PPP or Frame Relay.







To save captured file to your local PC, please refer section 12.2

6.2.4 HTML5 Console: VNC

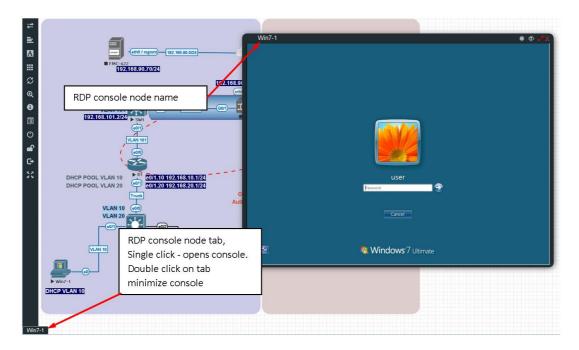
HTML5 VNC console is integrated and opens VNC sessions in the browser.





6.2.5 HTML5 Console: RDP

HTML5 RDP console is integrated and opens RDP sessions in the browser. For Windows 7, 8, 10, Windows Server 2012, 2016 please mind the note below.

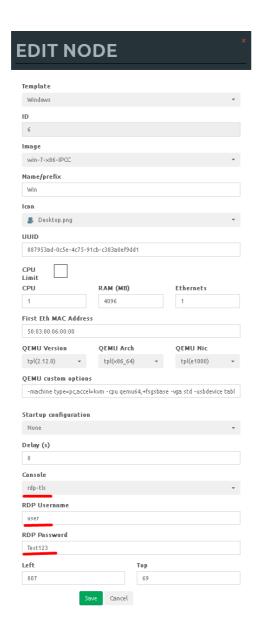


▲ IMPORTANT NOTE: For all Windows nodes, the console type must be set to RDP-TLS in the node template. RDP-TLS node console option is actually only used with HTML5 RDP sessions.

The username and the password can be configured in the node edit settings. This will allow you resize HTML RDP console without re-login in the windows host.

Example below, Edit node, Win10, Console type rdp-tls, username: user and password: Test123





6.3 HTML5 Desktop console

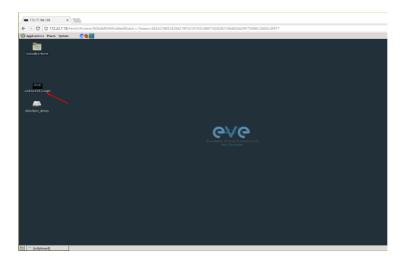


EVE PRO HTML5 Desktop provides a full-featured clientless solution for managing labs and node sessions. Management is achieved directly through the browser by using an integrated docker desktop that is accessed through the Apache Guacamole HTML5 Engine. The docker contains a full featured Linux desktop and is very convenient for corporate users with restricted workstation rights (locked telnet, vnc, rdp).

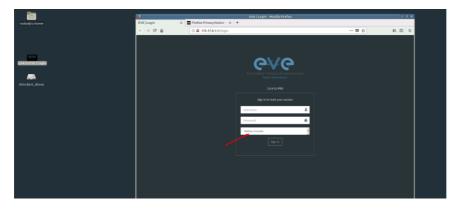


6.3.1 Login to HTML5 Desktop console

Step 1: On your first login to the EVE HTML5-Desktop console, EVE will open a new HTML window session to an integrated Docker management station. On the Desktop you will see another EVE login icon.



Step 2: Double-click the "Link to EVE | Login" icon and log into EVE using NATIVE console.

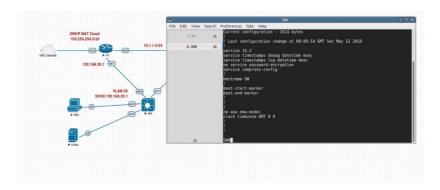


Inside of the integrated docker station, it will open another session to EVE. All features inside of the Docker Desktop will work as you are used to with the Native console.

6.3.2 HTML5 Desktop Console: telnet

The integrated management docker station telnet client allows you to telnet to nodes. Telnet sessions are in a tabbed style as shown below.





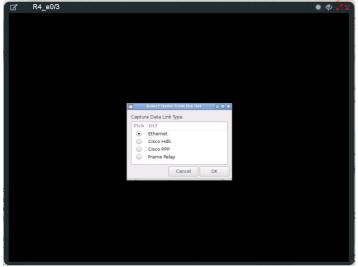
6.3.3 HTML5 Desktop Console: Wireshark

Right click on the node you wish to capture, choose capture and select the relevant interface. The capture will open in an RDP session window.

EVE-PRO supports packet captures on ethernet and serial interfaces. Select the interface frame type which will be captured:

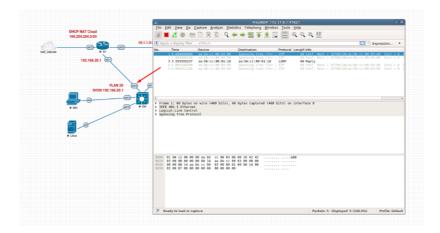
Ethernet for Ethernet, Fast Ethernet, Gigabit Ethernet.





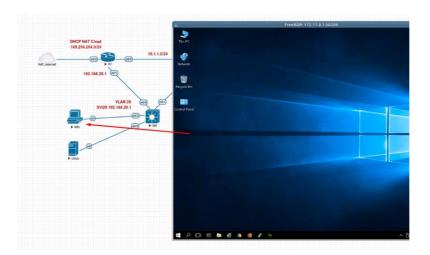
The integrated management docker station Wireshark client allows you to capture and save captured files onto the docker station. For instructions on how to save files to your local PC, please refer to section 12.3





6.3.4 HTML5 Desktop Console: RDP

The integrated management docker station RDP client allows you to open Remote Desktop sessions to Windows nodes. For directions on how to transfer files to the local PC, please refer to section 13



6.3.5 HTML5 Desktop Console: ThinClient Files exchange

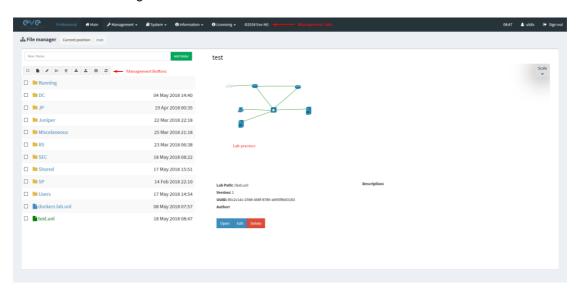
The HTML5-Desktop console offers an amazing feature that allows you to exchange files between your host PC and the EVE management Linux host. Please refer to section 13 for detailed instructions.



7 EVE WEB GUI Management

7.1 EVE Management Page

The Main EVE management window



7.1.1 Management buttons



Button	Description
0	Select All or Deselect All folders or labs in the EVE tree
h	Create/Add new Lab
,	Change selected item name. To use this option, please select the folder or lab that you want to rename. You must not rename the Shared folder, the Users folder or any folder inside the Users folder.
*	Move selected item(s) to a different location. To use this option, please select the folder(s) or lab(s) that you want to move.



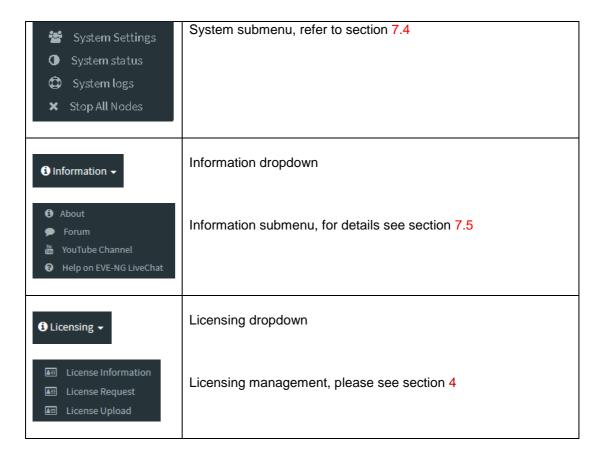
Ĥ	Delete selected folders or labs. You must not delete the Shared folder, the Users folder or any folder inside the Users folder.
*	Import an EVE lab or lab folder from a previous export. Import file must be in .zip format
±	Export EVE lab or folder. Select folder(s) and/or labs you wish to export and select this option. The export is saved to your local PC in .zip format and is ready to import to another EVE.
T	Toggle the sorting folders and labs between alphabetical and last edit date (ascending/descending cannot be changed currently).
C	Refresh current folder content

7.1.2 Management tabs



Tab	Description
₩ Main	Returns back to the EVE Home Management screen.
⊁ Management →	Management dropdown, opening the management submenu.
 User management □ Node management □ Lab management	Management submenu, refer to sections: 7.3, 7.3.2, 7.3.3
■ System ▼	System dropdown.





7.2 Folders and Lab files management

This section will explain how to manage folders and labs on the EVE management page.

7.2.1 Folders Management

EVE Professional has three default folders used for various operations. These must not be deleted or renamed (see below).



- Admins can create additional folders for any user.
- Editors can create or manage folders in their own profile/folder or within the Shared folder



7.2.1.1 Default folder Running

EVE professional allows a single user to run multiple labs and switch between them with the Running folder.

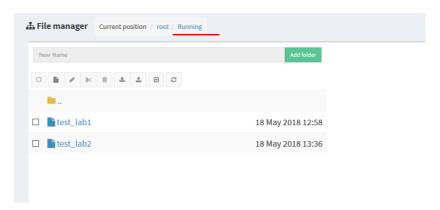


Example:

- · Start a lab and close it
- · Open and start another lab and close it

When you open your Running folder, you will see both running labs in it. It is easy to switch between labs.

The example below is showing two running labs in the Running folder.



7.2.1.2 Default folder Shared

To manage the Shared folder an Admin or Editor user account is required.

The EVE Professional Shared folder is visible to all EVE users. Admin and Editor Accounts can create folders or labs and place them into the Shared folder.

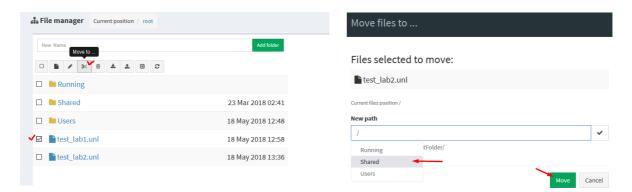


Example: An Admin creates a lab and places it into the Shared folder.

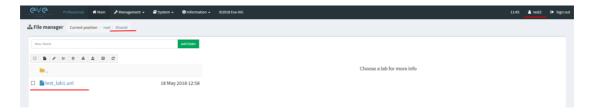
Step 1: Create a lab, refer to section 9.1

Step 2: Select the lab you wish to move to the Shared folder and press **Move to** (or create it in the Shared folder from the start).





Step 3: Another user account can use the lab placed by the Admin in the Shared folder

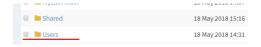


- NOTE: Every user has its own profile; this means that every user has an independent Running folder where this lab runs independently from other users.
- NOTE: Labs can be created and modified (e.g. settings and preconfigs) by an Admin or an Editor user. The User role can use the lab only exactly the way it was configured by an Admin or Editor and is unable to change any settings.
- ▲ NOTE: Admins and Editors can create folders and labs inside the Shared directory

7.2.1.3 Default folder Users

To manage the Users folder, an Admin user account is required.

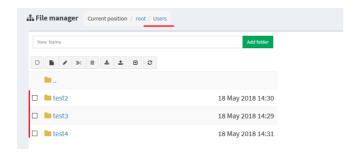
The Users directory is a default EVE folder where Editors and Users have their personal folders stored.



Once an Admin has created a new Editor or User account, EVE will automatically create a folder with the user login name under the default directory Users.

Example: Below you can see the folders for the users with the following login names: **test2**, **test3 and test4**





NOTE: An Admin can manage any user's folder or place labs in it.

7.2.1.4 Create folder

An Admin or Editor user account is required.

Type the new folder name and click "Add Folder"

NOTE: Editors can only create folders

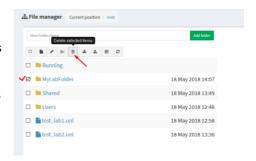
within their own profile folder or in the Shared folder

7.2.1.5 Delete folder

An Admin or Editor user account is required.

Select the folder you wish to delete and press Delete.

- NOTE: All folder content will be deleted as well.
- NOTE: Editors can only manage their own or the Shared folder



18 May 2018 13:49

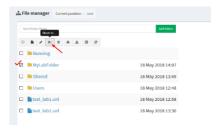
File manager | Current position / root

7.2.1.6 Move Folder

An Admin or Editor user account is required.

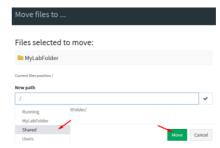
Select the folder you wish to move and press the Move to button.

NOTE: Editors can only manage their own or the Shared folder



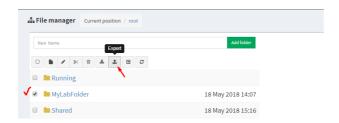


Select the target destination for your folder and confirm by clicking on Move.



7.2.1.7 Export Folder

Select the folder(s) you wish to export from your EVE and press Export.



Save the exported file as .zip to your local PC. The exported zip file is ready to import to another EVE instance.



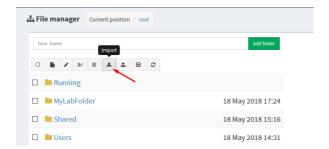
If your browser is set to save downloaded files to a default directory, your exported file will be saved in the browsers default downloads directory.

7.2.1.8 Import Folder

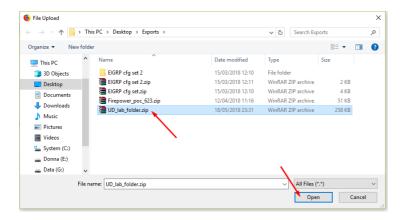
▲ IMPORTANT: Importable file MUST be in .zip format, do NOT unzip the file.

Step 1: Press the Import button.





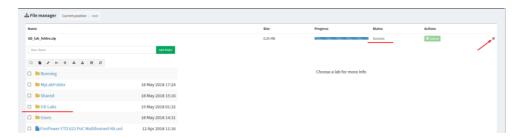
Step 2: Choose the zipped file that contains EVE folders with labs.



Step 3: Press the Upload Button



Step 4: After you made sure your folder is imported and has all its content (labs), you can close the upload session.



7.2.2 Lab files Management

You can manage created labs from the main EVE file manager window



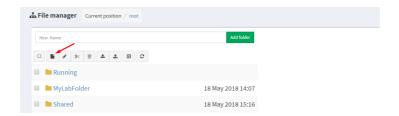


7.2.2.1 Create Lab

The Admin or Editor user account is required.

NOTE: An Editor can create labs only within his personal folder or in the Shared folder

Click on the New Lab button and refer to section 9.1

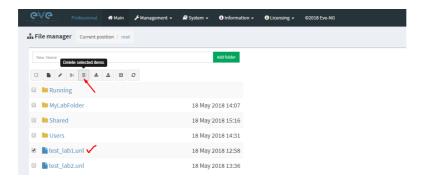


7.2.2.2 Delete Lab

The Admin or Editor user account is required to delete labs.

A NOTE: An Editor can delete labs only within his personal folder or in the Shared folder

Step 1: Select the lab or labs you wish to delete and then press the Delete button



7.2.2.3 Clone Lab

The Admin or Editor user account is required to clone labs.

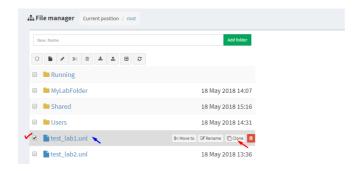
A NOTE: An Editor can create labs only within his personal folder or in the Shared folder



The cloning feature provides a very convenient way to duplicate original labs to share with others or base another lab on it.

Cloned labs will copy exported configs (on supported nodes) but will not copy saved states/configurations in Qemu nodes like Windows hosts, Cisco ISE, or other Qemu nodes that are not supported by the export config feature. Please refer to section 11.1 for more information on configuration export for labs.

Step 1: Select the lab you wish to clone and move the mouse pointer (blue) to that lab, an extra option will appear. Click on Clone.



Step 2: Your lab will be cloned with all your exported configurations or configuration sets with a new name.



Step 3: The lab has been cloned lab and can be renamed to your liking. Move the mouse pointer to the cloned lab and choose Rename.



Step 4: Rename it, and click OK to confirm



7.2.2.4 Move Lab

The Admin or Editor user account is required to move labs.

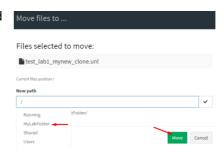
▲ NOTE: An Editor can create labs only within his personal folder or in the Shared folder

Step 1: Select the lab you wish to Move and move the mouse pointer (blue) to that lab, an extra option will appear. Choose Move to.



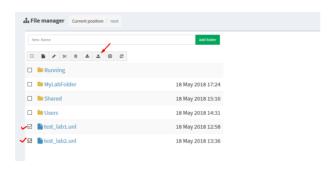


Step 2: Choose the path to the new destination and confirm by clicking Move

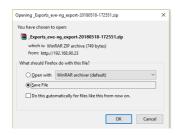


7.2.2.5 Export Lab

Select the Lab(s) you wish to export from your EVE Server and press Export.



Save exported file as .zip to your local PC. The exported zip file is ready to import into another EVE.



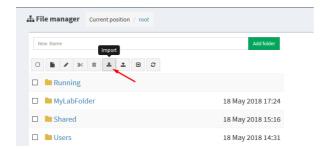
If your browser is set to save downloaded files to default directory, your exported file will be saved in the browsers default downloads directory.

7.2.2.6 Import Labs

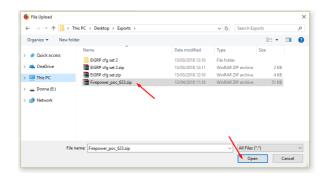
▲ IMPORTANT: Importable file MUST be in .zip format, do NOT unzip the file.

Step 1: Press the Import button.





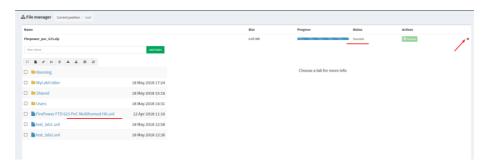
Step 2: Choose the zipped file which contains the EVE labs.



Step 3: Press the Upload Button



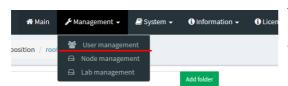
Step 4: After you made sure your lab is imported, you can close the upload session.





7.3 EVE Management Dropdown Menu

7.3.1 EVE User management



The User Management page, under the Management dropdown, will allow Admin accounts to manage other user accounts.

Only the Admin role is allowed to create or edit user accounts.

7.3.1.1 Creating a new EVE User

Step 1: Open the User management submenu. Management>User management and click Add user

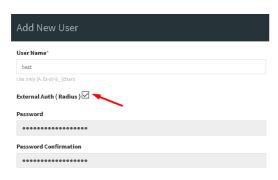


Step 2: The Add New User management window will pop up. Fill in the main information about your EVE user

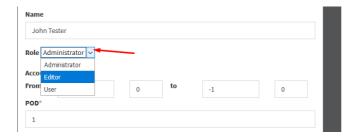




Step 3: If your user will be Radius authenticated please enable Radius checkbox. Passwords will be striped off, because authenticator will look Radius server for user password. How to setup radius server IP and Shared secret please follow Section:16.1



Step 4: If you have bought other EVE licenses, you can choose the preferred user role. For licensing and user roles please refer to section 4



Step 5: Set the access date and time From - to. If the fields are left empty (untouched), your user will have no time restrictions for accessing the EVE Server. Account validity with time settings is available for Editor and User roles only.

Admin accounts have no time limit for account validity and resource, and Account Validity time or resource cannot be set.



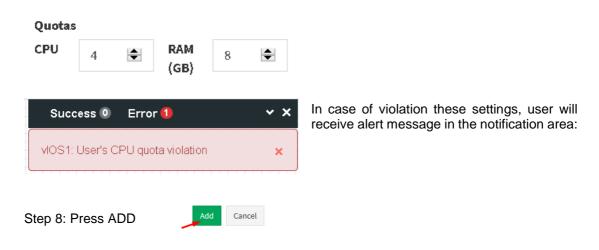
Step 6: The POD number is a value assigned to user accounts automatically. POD numbers are like user profiles inside of EVE and are a unique value for every user Think of PODs like a



virtual rack of equipment for each user. Admins can assign a preferred number between 1-128. Please keep POD numbers unique between users!

Step 7: Set user limitation to use eve resources. "-1" value is unlimited EVE resource. Only editor and User roles can be set for EVE resource limitation, Quota.

Example: editor user is allowed to run/create labs for x4 CPU and 8Gb RAM.



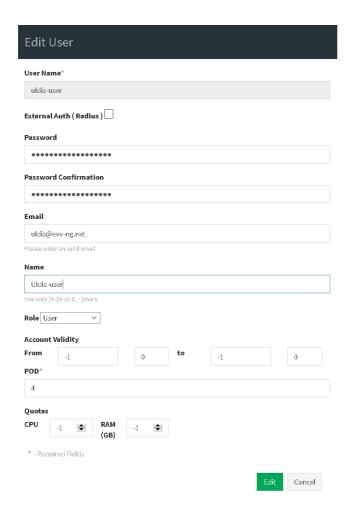
7.3.1.2 Edit EVE User

Step 1: Open the User management submenu. Management -> User management and choose which user you want to edit.



Step 2: The Edit user management window will pop up. Now you can edit necessary user information, roles, or access time. Confirm settings by pressing Edit at the bottom of the window.



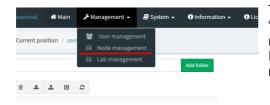


7.3.1.3 User monitoring

There is a dropdown menu next to "Add User" called "More Info" that can provide additional information about your users. Click the checkbox next to the relevant information that you would like displayed. Additional columns will be added for each checkbox that is chosen.



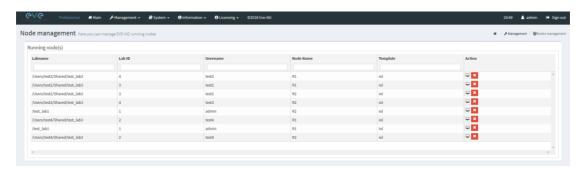
7.3.2 EVE Node management



The Management dropdown has a submenu called "Node Management." The Node management menu displays all currently running nodes within EVE. Within this menu, an Admin account can manage or even console to any user's nodes.



- ▲ NOTE: Editor and User accounts are able to see and open console sessions to their own running nodes only
- NOTE: Admin accounts are able to see and open console session to all users running nodes



7.3.2.1 Node management actions

Button	Action
-	Open a console session to the running node
×	Stop the running node

7.3.2.2 Node management filtering function

Each column in the Node Management Menu has a field that will allow you to filter the list to only display information related to the entered value.

Example: The Username column filters for test4



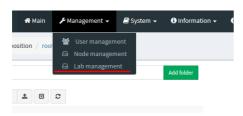
Each column can be sorted alphanumerically by clicking on the column name.

Example: click on the column Username and EVE will sort all running nodes in alphabetic order by username.



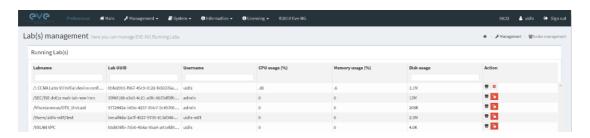


7.3.3 EVE Lab management



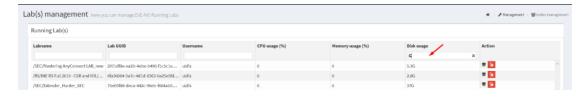
The Lab Management page, under the Management Dropdown, displays running or stopped labs for all users. In this menu an Admin account can manage or even open up any user's running labs. In the columns CPU and Memory usage will be displayed actual running lab CPU and RAM utilization.

- NOTE: Only labs which are using space on EVE HDD will be displayed.
- ▲ NOTE: Editor and User accounts are able to see and open their own running labs only
- ▲ NOTE: Admin accounts are able to see, open, and join any users running or stopped lab.



Several columns in the Lab Management Menu has a field that will allow you to filter the list to only display information related to the entered value.

Example: The Disk usage column filters for **G**. Labs which are using size in Gigs.



7.3.3.1 Lab management actions

Button	Action
=	Open the running or stopped lab.
×	Stop the running lab. The running labs will be displayed on top of list.
(Wipe lab. Clean up HDD space. NOTE: this action will delete saved lab configurations.



Once an admin has opened another user's running lab, that user's username will be displayed at the top of the left menu to help the admin keep track of which user's lab was opened.



7.4 EVE System Dropdown menu

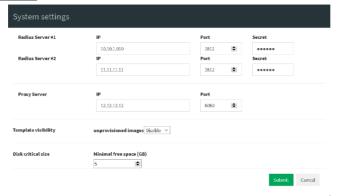


The EVE System dropdown contains the system settings, system utilization status, log files, and an option to stop all running nodes on the server.

7.4.1 System Settings



The System Settings page, under the System Dropdown, will show EVE System settings for:

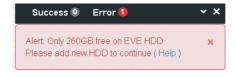


- External Radius Server, IP port and shared secret key
- Proxy server IP and port
- Template visibility is default settings for templates list on topology. Disable state (default) will not show on topology Nodes list with unloaded images. In the Nodes list will appear only uploaded images. The checkbox "Show unprovisioned templates" will show all available image templates.





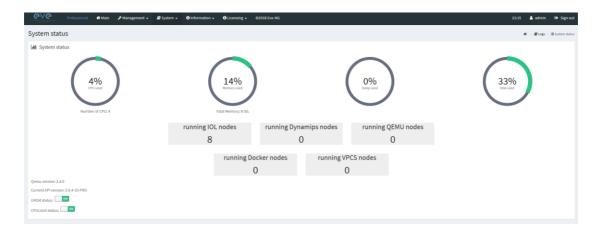
 Disk critical size is value when EVE will start alert you about HDD space limit is reached. If you will set 5Gb value, your EVE will start show warning messages in notification area. Example is showing limit set to 500GB. Recommended is set 3-5GB value.



7.4.2 System status

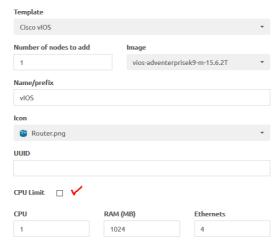


The System Status page, under the System Dropdown, will show EVE server resource utilization, the number of running nodes per template, current running versions of EVE and Qemu, and the current status of the UKSM and CPU Limit options.



UKSM – "Ultra KSM (kernel same-page merging) is a Linux kernel feature that allows the KVM hypervisor to share identical memory pages among different process or virtual machines on the same server." It can be disabled globally for EVE on this page. It is recommended to keep UKSM **enabled**.





CPU Limit – CPU limit is used to limit CPU overloads during the nodes run time. It acts like a smart CPU usage option. If a running node reaches 80% CPU utilization, the CPU Limit feature throttles CPU use for this node to 50% until process usage drops under 30% for a period of 1 minute.

It is recommended to keep the Global CPU Limit option enabled.

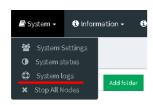
CPU Limit can be turned for individual nodes in a lab. EVE node templates are set, by default, with the recommended CPU limit settings. An Unchecked CPU Limit option means that this node will boot without CPU

limit.

Reference:

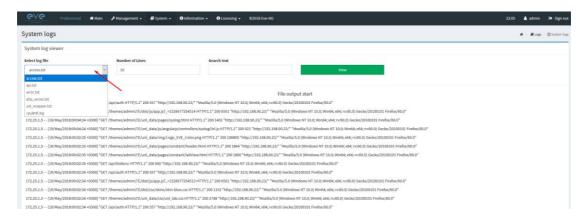
https://searchservervirtualization.techtarget.com/definition/KSM-kernel-samepage-merging

7.4.3 System logs



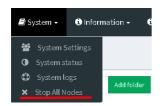
The System logs page, under the System Dropdown, will display EVE server log information

In the menu you can select a specific log file for inspection.



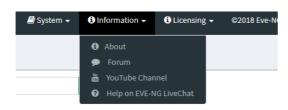


7.4.4 Stop All Nodes



The Stop All Nodes option, under the System Dropdown, is an option that stops all running nodes on the EVE server. This option is accessible only by Admin users.

7.5 EVE Information Dropdown menu



The Eve Information Dropdown contains links to the EVE Website, EVE forum, EVE YouTube channel, and the web-based EVE Live Help chat.

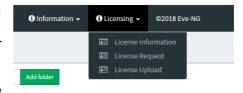
To join the EVE Forum, in order to make posts or download materials, a forum user account must be created.

To join the EVE Live Chat for support, please use your Google account for access, or create a new user account for this chat. Please note the forum and live chat use separate user accounts.

7.6 EVE Licensing Dropdown menu

The EVE Licensing dropdown contains options for managing your EVE license.

The License Information Window will display the expiration date along with the number of licenses that have been activated

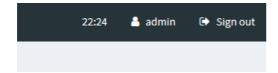


License information display:



For License Request and License Upload, please refer to section 4.5 for more information.

7.7 Other Tab line info

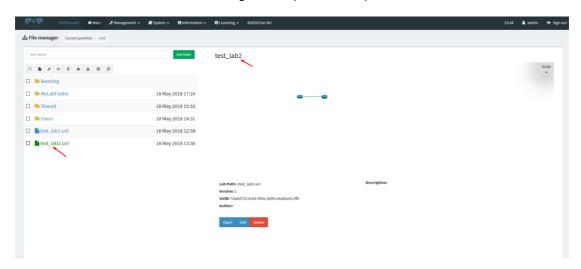




Other items on the top menu are: Real-time clock, a shortcut to edit the currently logged in user, and a sign-out button.

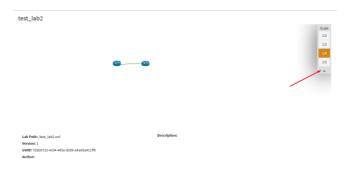
7.8 Lab preview and global settings

Once you click on a lab in the folder tree, a main window on the right side will display schematic content of the lab as well as lab management options like open, edit, and delete.



7.8.1 Lab preview window

The lab preview window displays the schematic position of nodes and their connectivity. The Scale option allows you change the lab preview size.



7.8.2 Lab preview buttons

In the lab preview, these buttons allow you to manage the selected lab.

Button	Description
Open	Opens the Lab to the Topology Canvas



Opens the Labs Global Settings. Refer to section 7.8.4 for more info.

Delete Delete Labs Global Settings. Deletes the lab

7.8.3 Lab preview information

Description, version, UUID etc.

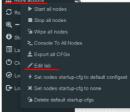


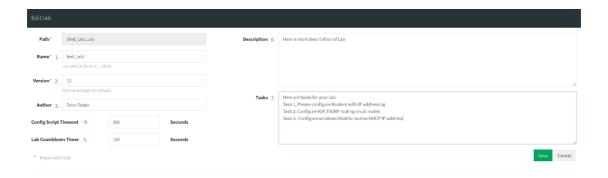
7.8.4 Lab Global Settings

Lab Global Settings Page is opened when you click on the preview window or

Edit button below the Lab

from the Topology page Side bar:





This page allows you to fill out important information about the lab. The red numbers in the picture correlate with the numbers listed below

1. Lab name.



- 2. Version: Version numbers allow a lab author to assign a value to a unique state of a lab. Increase the number to correspond to new developments in the lab. If left unfilled, EVE will assign a value of 1 automatically.
- 3. Author: You can add a lab author name in this field
- 4. Config Script Timeout: It is the value in seconds used for the "Configuration Export" and "Boot from exported configs" operations. Refer to section 11.3 for more information.
- 5. Lab Countdown Timer: It is the value in seconds to provide a time limit (countdown timer) for completing a lab. Refer to section 11.4 for more information.
- 6. Description: In the Description field you can write a short description of the lab.
- 7. Tasks: In the Tasks field you can write the task for your lab.



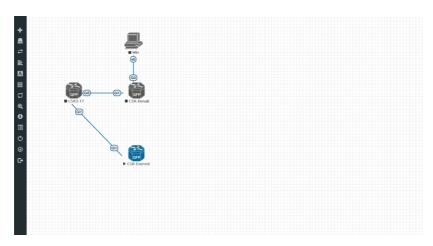
The Lab details window can be opened from the Topology Canvas page sidebar during labbing, to read the Tasks for the lab.





8 EVE WEB Topology page

Once you open a lab, the topology page for that lab will open.



8.1 Side bar functions

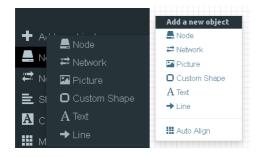
Move your mouse pointer over to the left on top of the minimized sidebar to expand the interactive sidebar as shown in below screenshot





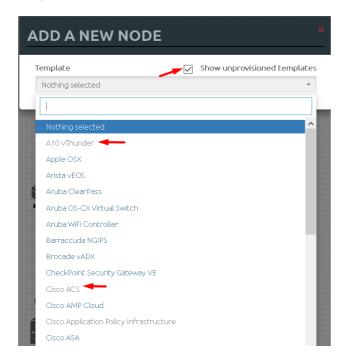
8.1.1 Add an object

The "Add an object" menu can be accessed in two different ways, from the sidebar and by rightclicking on the Topology Page



8.1.1.1 Node object

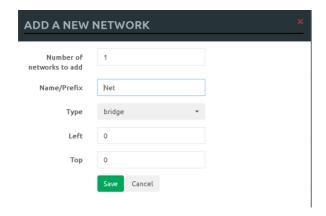
The Node object opens the "Add a new node" window. Only nodes that appear blue in the dropdown menu can be added. A grey image name signifies that you have not yet properly uploaded an image to the proper folder. A blue image name means that at least one image exists in the proper folder for this template. If the "Show unprovisioned templates" is checked, EVE will display unloaded image templates. To hide it, uncheck "Show unprovisioned templates" checkbox or follow section 7.4.1



8.1.1.2 Network object

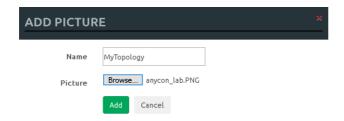
The Network object opens the "Add a new network" window. This function is used to add any kind of network (Cloud, Bridge or NAT). For details on these, please refer to section 10





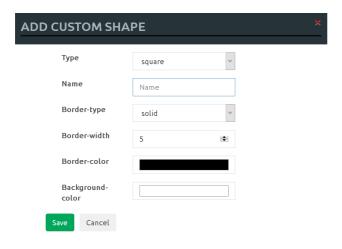
8.1.1.3 Picture object

The picture object opens the "Add Picture" window and allows you to upload custom topologies in jpg or png format. After uploading, you can edit these pictures and map selected areas to nodes from the topology to use your own designs as a lab topology from which you can directly connect to the nodes. For details, refer to section 11.2



8.1.1.4 Custom shape object

The Custom shape object allows you to add shape elements onto the topology; these currently include squares, round squares and circles. For details, refer to section 11.1





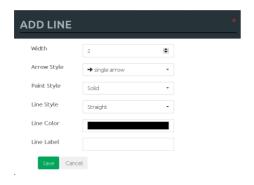
8.1.1.5 Text object

The Text object allows you to add MS Office elements onto the topology. For details, refer to section 11.1.3



8.1.1.6 Line object

The Line object allows you to add line elements onto the topology; these currently include single arrow, double arrows and simple lines. For details, refer to section 11.1



8.1.2 **Nodes**

The Nodes object in the sidebar opens the "Configured Nodes" window.



In this window, you can make changes for nodes that are on the lab topology. More options can be found in the detailed node specific menu, for details refer to section 9.1.2.

NOTE: Running nodes are highlighted in Blue, their settings cannot be changed. You can only change settings of nodes that are not currently running.

You can change the following values:



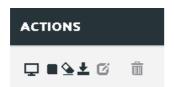
- Node Name
- Boot image
- Number of CPUs for the node
- Enable or disable CPU Limit (Refer to section 7.4.2)
- IDLE PC for Dynamips node
- NVRAM in Kbyte
- RAM in Mbyte
- Ethernet quantity. **NOTE:** The Node must be disconnected from any other nodes to make this change. You cannot change the interface quantity if the node is connected to any other node.
- Serial interface quantity, IOL nodes only. You cannot change Serial interface quantity
 if the node is connected to any other node.
- Type of Console
- Node Icon that appears on the Topology
- Startup configuration to boot from

Actions Buttons (Stopped node):



- Start node
- Stop node
- Wipe node
- Export the nodes config
- Networks
- Edit node
- Delete Node

Actions Buttons (Running node):



- Console to the node
- Stop node
- Wipe node
- Export the nodes config
- Edit node
- Delete Node

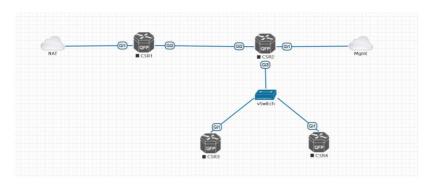


8.1.3 Networks



The Networks object in the sidebar will open the "Configured Networks" window.

The "Configured Networks" window will only show networks that were specifically added to the topology; it will not show node interconnections. The example below is showing information for networks on the Topology. For Cloud networks and how to connect EVE labs to a network external to EVE, please refer to section 10



CONFIGURED NETWORKS				
ID	NAME	ТУРЕ	ATTACHED NODES	ACTIONS
1	NAT	nat0	1	G II
2	Mgmt	pnet0	1	ß fi
3	vSwitch	bridge	3	© fil



- Edit Network
- Delete Network

8.1.4 Startup-configs

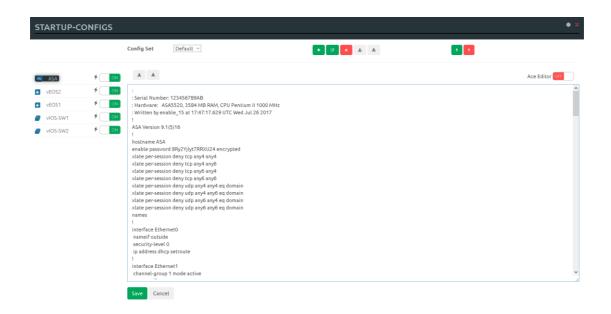


The Startup-configs object in the sidebar opens the "Startup-configs" window.

This window will show you startup-config for each node (for PRO it shows the startup configs of the current config set) and if the node is set to boot from it (ON) or not (OFF).

The "Startup-configs" window in the EVE Professional version contains additional features, please refer to section 11.3.





8.1.5 Logical Maps

NOTE: The Logical Maps object will only appear in the sidebar after you have uploaded a custom topology picture to the lab EVE lab (Please refer to section 8.1.1.3). The Pictures object in the sidebar opens the "Picture Management" window.

For details on the Picture / custom topology feature, refer to section 11.2

8.1.6 Configured Objects

A Configured objects The "Configured Objects" window will display a list of all objects that are added onto the topology. For details on different objects, refer to section 11.1

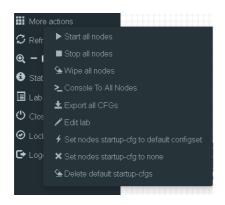
NOTE: You will not see any objects in this window if none have been added to the lab yet.



8.1.7 More actions

The More actions menu in the sidebar has a submenu with the following functions.





8.1.7.1 Start all nodes



The "Start all nodes" action will start all nodes on your topology, taking the (configurable) startup delay of each node into consideration.

⚠ IMPORTANT. Starting many nodes at once can seriously spike your CPU utilization. Please make sure that you are not using the "Start all nodes" option for heavy labs or that you have configured a proper delay between the nodes. For heavy nodes and large quantities, it is recommended to start them in smaller groups, wait for them to finish booting and then start another small group of nodes.

8.1.7.2 Stop all nodes



Stopping all nodes will power off all nodes on your topology.

NOTE: It is recommended to save your (running) configurations on the nodes in your lab before you stop the lab if you want to continue where you left off the next time. Stopping the nodes will leave the images in a temporary folder and will take up space on your drive until they have been wiped.

8.1.7.3 Wipe all nodes



The "Wipe all nodes" action will wipe the NVRAM or currently saved image of all your nodes in the current lab.

Example: You have saved the nodes configuration by saving the running configuration to the startup configuration. The Wipe command will delete the saved NVRAM startup configuration and on the next boot it will boot from factory defaults.

The same applies to images without configurations, e.g. a linux node. If you make modifications to the system and afterwards wipe this node, the next time it will boot from the original base image again as the modified image was deleted.

The "Wipe node" action is commonly used with initial startup configuration modifications. The Wipe node action does not delete configured startup configurations or sets. Please refer to section 11.3



8.1.7.4 Console to All Nodes

"Console to all nodes" will open a console to all of your running nodes in the current lab. This includes all different kinds of configured console types for lab nodes like VNC, Telnet and RDP.

8.1.7.5 Export all CFGs

The "Export all configurations" action will export current configs to the EVE startup-configs.

Export configurations are supported for:

Cisco Dynamips all nodes	Juniper VRR
Cisco IOL (IOS on Linux)	Juniper VMX
Cisco ASA	Juniper vMX-NG
Cisco ASAv	Juniper vQFX
Cisco CSR1000v	Juniper vSRX
Cisco Nexus 9K	Juniper vSRX-NG
Cisco Nexus Titanium	Mikrotik
Cisco vIOS L3	PFsense FW
Cisco vIOS L2	Timos Alcatel
Cisco XRv	vEOS Arista
Cisco XRv9K	

For a full explanation of exporting configurations, please refer to section 11.3

8.1.7.6 Edit lab



8.1.7.7 Set node's startup-cfg to default configset

Sets nodes to the default startup-config. NOTE: If you have nothing saved in the default config set for any node, that node will boot from factory default instead. This is commonly used with the wipe nodes function so the node will boot from the configured startup-config on next boot and not from the startup-config in its NVRAM in case the node was started before already.

Please refer to section 11.3



8.1.7.8 Set node's startup-cfg to none

Setting all lab nodes to boot from factory default. Used commonly with the wipe nodes function. The example below shows the steps to set a lab to boot from factory default.

Step 1: Wipe all nodes

Step 2: Set all nodes to startup-cfg none

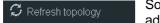
Please refer to section 11.3

8.1.7.9 Delete default startup-cfgs



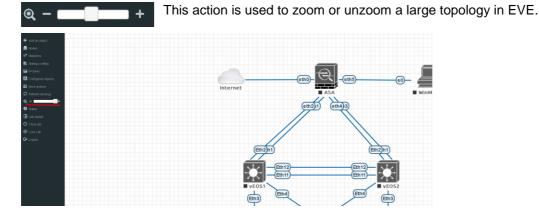
MARNING: this action will delete all configurations saved to your saved default config set. Please make sure that is what you want to do before you execute this.

8.1.8 Refresh Topology



Sometimes it is necessary to refresh the topology if many objects are added on the topology.

8.1.9 Lab page zoom/unzoom



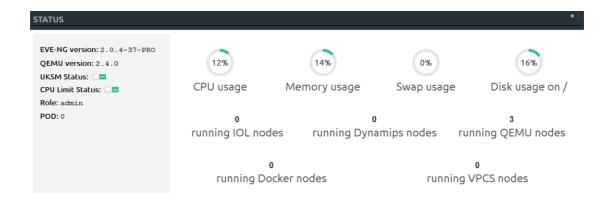
8.1.10 Status



Opens the EVE Status window.

Especially useful while working with labs to monitor your EVE's resource utilization. It shows EVEs CPU, RAM and disk utilization in real time. You can also see the number of running nodes per node type. For details on UKSM and CPU Limit, please refer to section 7.4.2





8.1.11 Lab details

Lab details Lab details display information about a lab, its UUID, description and lab tasks. To edit the lab description and lab tasks, please refer to section 7.8.4 and 8.1.7.6



8.1.12 Lab Tasks

Opens a Lab Task feature. The EVE LabTasks is a feature that allows users (including admins and editors) to to create task or workbook for the Labs. Detailed how to create lab workbooks please refer Secton 11.5

8.1.13 Lab Chat

Opens a Lab chat session between users on the same EVE server. To activate the chat, click "Lab Chat" on the sidebar. To close and exit from the chat, click "Lab Chat" on the sidebar again. The EVE Lab chat is a feature that allows users (including admins/teachers) to communicate with each other during lab sessions.

Page 130 of 245 © EVE-NG LTD

[10:42:52] uldis joined [10:43:19] admin joined [10:43:24] admin: hello uldis [10:43:34] uldis: hello admin

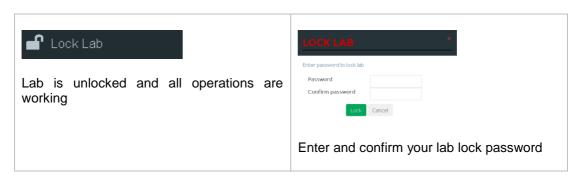


8.1.14 Close lab

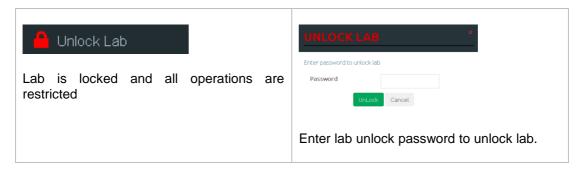
Closes the lab topology. The lab can be closed while the nodes in the lab are still running as well. It will appear as running lab under the Running folder. Please refer to section 7.2.1.1

8.1.15 Lock Lab with password

"Lock Lab" disables some of the functions on the lab topology. If the lab is locked, you cannot move any node or object nor edit any node settings. Basically, the whole lab will be in read-only mode except for the lab settings itself, which you can still edit as Administrator or Editor from the main menu. The Lock Lab function is also used in conjunction with the countdown timer function, for details on this please refer to section 11.4

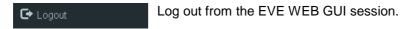


To unlock a Lab, simply press on the red "Unlock Lab" button with an Administrator or Editor account.



Warning: Please remember your Lab lock password. In case of a lost password, you will not be able to recover it. Unlocking a lab / removal of password can be done by EVE-NG support only.

8.1.16 **Logout**





8.2 EVE Lab topology menus

Right-clicking within the EVE topology can open new menus with various functions and options for managing nodes.

8.2.1 Lab topology menu



Right-clicking on the (free/unused) canvas of the EVE topology opens a new menu. (Add-) Node, Network, Picture, Custom Shape and Text are the same functions referred to in section 8.1.1.

Auto Align. This function will help align objects on the topology. The lab creator does not need to worry about small displacements of objects. AutoAlign will align all objects to a virtual grid with a single click and can make neatly arranged labs look even neater.

8.2.2 Connection menu

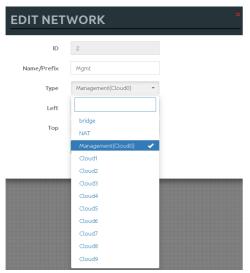


Right-clicking on the connection between nodes allows you to delete this connection.

8.2.3 Cloud or Bridge network menu

Right-clicking on a Cloud or Bridge network allows you to edit or delete it.





If you have chosen Edit, the Network edit window will open a window where you can change the placement, network type or name/prefix.

For details on how to operate EVE Cloud networks and external connections, please refer to section 10



8.2.4 Stopped node menu

Right-clicking on a stopped node also opens a menu:

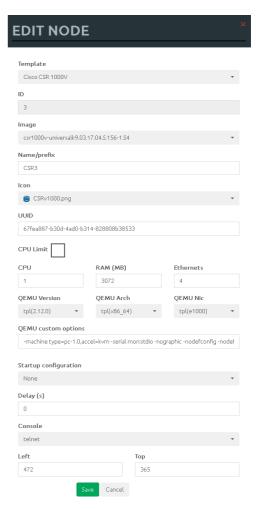


Start node: This will start the selected node in this lab

Wipe node: Wiping a node will erase the NVRAM (running config) or the temporary image snapshot depending on the type of node. This option is used to clean up a node in order to boot it from factory defaults or a custom set of configurations.

Edit node: Opens the Edit node window (picture on the right). For details please refer to section 9.1.2

Delete node. Deletes the node from the lab. It is recommended to disconnect (delete connections to it) the node before you delete it.



8.2.5 Running node menu



Right-clicking on a running node also opens a menu:





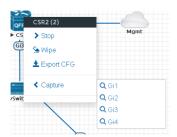
Stop. Blue arrow: clicking on Stop will stop the node depending on the method the node supports (power off / shutdown are auto-selected based on the template)

Stop menu. Red arrows: There are more options to stop a node, clicking on the chevron on the left side of "Stop" opens a submenu.

- **Shutdown**: Perform an orderly shutdown of the node if that node supports it (shutdown signal is sent down to the node)
- Power off: Kills the running nodes process within EVE (hard poweroff).
- **Hibernate.** Save Node state (Disk and Memory are saved in an internal snapshot). Used for fast boot of a node. The hibernation process can take some time. Once the hibernation process is completed, the node will turn grey (shutdown state).

Wipe node: Wiping a node will erase the NVRAM (running config) or the temporary image snapshot depending on the type of node. This option is used to clean up a node in order to boot it from factory defaults or a custom set of configurations.

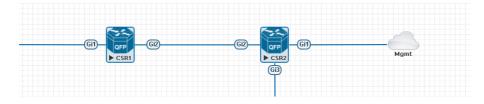
Export CFG: This function is used to export the saved running configuration to the EVE startup configuration sets. Reference section 11.3



Capture. Integrated live Wireshark capture. Select the interface which you wish to capture. Reference section 12

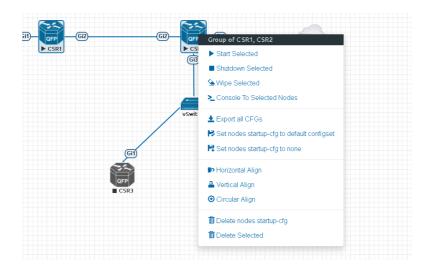
8.2.6 Selected nodes menu and features

It is possible to select many objects or nodes at once in EVE. Using your mouse, you can select an area which will cover your nodes and/or you can click on nodes while holding the CTRL key on your keyboard.



A right-click on any of the selected nodes opens a group menu:





Start Selected: This will start the selected nodes in this lab.

Stop Selected: This will stop the selected nodes in this lab

Wipe Selected: The Wipe Selected nodes action will wipe the NVRAM or currently saved image of the selected nodes in the current lab.

Example: You have saved the nodes configuration by saving the running configuration to the startup configuration. The Wipe command will delete the saved NVRAM startup configuration and on the next boot it will boot from factory defaults.

The same applies to images without configurations, e.g. a linux node. If you make modifications to the system and afterwards wipe this node, the next time it will boot from the original base image again as the modified image was deleted.

The Wipe node action is commonly used with initial startup configuration modifications. The Wipe node action does not delete configured startup configurations or sets. Please refer to section 11.3

Console To Selected Nodes: Console To Selected Nodes will open a console to all selected running nodes in the current lab. This includes all different kinds of configured console types for lab nodes like VNC, Telnet and RDP

Export all CFGs: The Export all configurations action will export current configs of selected nodes to the EVE startup-configs.

For a full explanation of exporting configurations, please refer to section 11.3

Set nodes startup-cfg to default configset: Sets nodes to Default startup config, used commonly with the wipe nodes function. NOTE: If you have nothing saved in the default config set for any node, that node will boot from factory default instead. This is commonly used with the wipe nodes function so the node will boot from the configured startup-config on next boot and not from the startup-config in its NVRAM in case the node was started before already.

Please refer to section 11.3



Set nodes startup-cfg to none. Setting selected lab nodes to boot from factory default. Used commonly with the wipe nodes function. The example below shows the steps to set selected nodes to boot from factory default.

Step 1: Wipe selected nodes

Step 2: Set nodes startup-cfg to none

Please refer to section 11.3

Horizontal Align. Aligns the selected nodes in one horizontal line.

Step 1: Select the nodes you wish to align.

Step 2: Right click on one of the selected nodes and choose Horizontal align, this will align all nodes to the selected node.

Picture before:



Picture after:



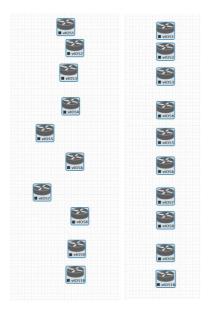
Vertical Align: Aligns the nodes in one vertical line.

Step 1: Select the nodes you wish to align.

Step 2: Right click on one of the selected nodes and choose Vertical align, this will align all nodes to the selected node.

Picture before Picture after





Circular Align: Aligns the nodes in a circle.

Step 1: Select the nodes you wish to align.

Step 2: Right click on one of the selected nodes and choose Circular Align, this will align all nodes in a circle, the midpoint of the circle will be at the coordinates the selected node was at before.

Picture Before

Picture After



Delete nodes startup-config.

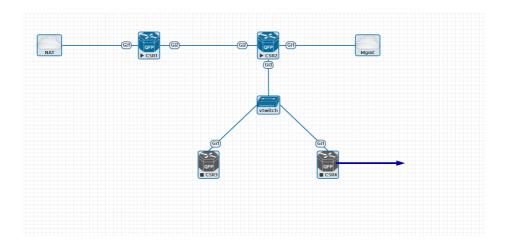
▲ WARNING, this action will delete the configurations of the selected nodes that are saved to your Default config set. Please make sure that is what you want to do before you execute this.

Delete selected: This will delete the selected nodes from your current lab.

Selected nodes can be moved as a group across the topology.

Example: You can select nodes and objects to better position them on the Topology.





8.3 EVE Lab node states and symbols

8.3.1 Stopped (non-running) nodes



Grey colour and a square symbol below a node means that the node is stopped and not running. Once you will start it, the node will change to one of the running states below.



A grey node with an exclamation mark inside a triangle below the node means that there was a problem during the boot process, this could be a corrupted boot image, insufficient resources or problems with the initial configuration. A node in this state cannot be started again.

Workaround: Right-click on the node and wipe it, the symbol will then change to a grey colour with a square symbol below it. Then edit the node and make sure you have configured sufficient resources and the correct settings for this node, if it has startup-configs you can check them as well. Afterwards start the node again.

8.3.2 Running nodes



The blue color and black Play triangle symbol means that the node is started and running, the node is in a working/functional state.



A running node with a clock symbol below the node means that the node is waiting to finish loading from the set exported/startup configuration. Once the configuration has been successfully applied, the node symbol will change to a Play triangle symbol. If the node has finished booting but the clock symbol does not change to

the Play triangle symbol, the problem could be in the uploaded startup configuration. For how to use exported configurations and boot nodes from them, please refer to section 11.1

will turn into a grey node with a black square symbol below it (stopped state).



A running node with a turning red gear symbol means that the node is either in the process of hibernating the node or it has sent the shutdown signal to the node and is waiting for it to turn off. Once this process has successfully finished, the symbol



NOTE: If the node does not support a system shutdown or does not recognize the shutdown signal (example: Cisco router), after clicking on Shutdown, the node can stay with a turning red gear symbol below it indefinitely.
Workaround: Use Stop or Stop/PowerOff to stop the node.

Example nodes where Stop/Shutdown is supported: Microsoft Windows and most Linux nodes as well as a lot of appliances based on linux.

8.3.3 Node connector symbol



Connector symbol: If you move your mouse pointer on top of a running or stopped node, an orange connector symbol appears. It is used to connect nodes on the topology in a drag and drop style. Drag the symbol from one node and release the mouse pointer on the second node. A new window will appear where you can select the interfaces the link should connect to.

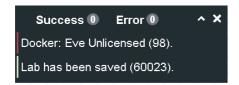
8.4 Other

8.4.1 Notifications area



The Notification area in the top right is displaying informational or error messages.

Unwrapped notifications:



The Notification messages bar appears automatically for any EVE-PRO activity made on Topology.

Success 4	Success message counter. For review, click on green ball to unwrap notifications. To wrap notifications, click to the ball again or click at any point of topology
Error 1	Error message counter. For review, click on red ball to unwrap notifications. To wrap notifications, click to the ball again or click at any point of topology
~	Unwrap or wrap notifications bar.



x

Close notifications bar. Note: Notifications bar appears automatically on any EVE topology activity.

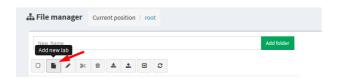


9 Working with EVE labs

▲ IMPORTANT NOTE: You must prepare and upload at least a couple of images to start building your labs. Refer to section 16

9.1 Creating a lab

Step 1: Click Add new lab. For more information on creating new labs, please refer to section 7.2.2.1



Step 2:

Fill out the lab information. Name and Version are required fields. Next hit Save. Refer to section 7.8.4 for more information about the different fields in the Edit lab window.



9.1.1 Adding nodes to the lab

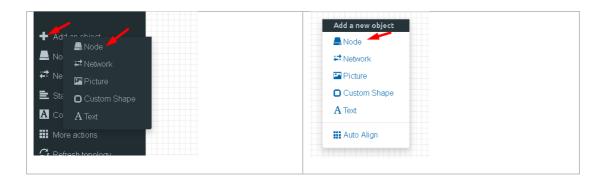
The new Topology page will open. There are two different ways to add nodes to the topology canvas:

Step 1: Object/Add Node

Left Side Bar > Add object > node. Refer to section 8.1.1.1 for more information.

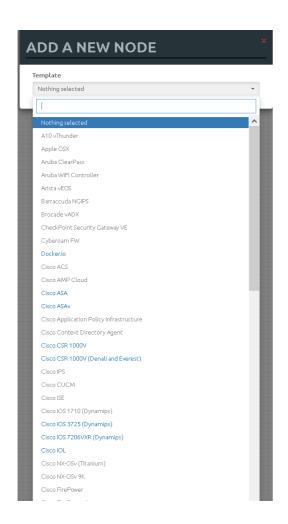
Right click on a free area of the topology page and click on "Node" to add a new node. Refer to section 8.2.1 for more information.

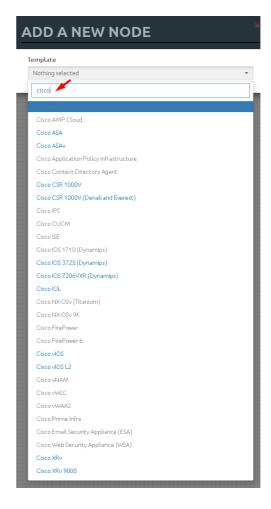




Step 2: The Add new node window will appear. You can scroll down to choose which node you wish to add to the lab topology, or you can type the node name to filter through the node list.

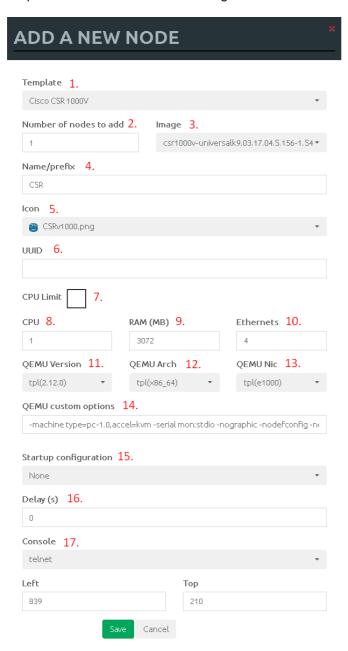
NOTE: It will only be possible to select and add nodes that have images preloaded in EVE. These nodes will be displayed in a blue font. To prepare images for EVE, refer to section 17.2







Step 3: Edit "Add a new node" settings. Please refer to the picture and table below.





9.1.1.1 Node values Table

Number	Description		
1.	Template menu. Choose which node template to add to the topology Template menu. Choose which node template to add to the topology		
2.	Chose the number of nodes of this type you want to add to the topology		
3.	Choose your preferred version from preloaded images list (if you have more than one image loaded for a single template).		
4.	Type your preferred node name. If you are adding more than one, EVE will automatically append numbers to the nodes name. Example. We are adding 5 CSR nodes with the name R. On the topology they will appear as R1, R2, R3, R4, R5. Later using the Nodes window, you can edit the node names per your needs. Refer to section 8.1.2 or edit the node individually, refer to section 9.1.2.		
5.	Node icons can be changed from the default per your preference, simply choose the preferred icon from the dropdown list. Node icons can be changed from the default per your preference, simply choose the preferred icon from the dropdown list. Node icons can be changed later per your needs. Refer to section 8.1.2		
6.	The UUID number is assigned automatically after a node is created. You may also set it manually in case you are using a license that is tied to a particular UUID.		



7.	CPU limit per node. This option is already set (checked/unchecked) per EVE recommendations. Refer to section 7.4.2					
8.	Each node template has a pre-set CPU value that aligns with vendor requirements. This value can be changed per your needs.					
9.	Each node template has a pre-set RAM value that aligns with vendor requirements. This value is displayed in MB and may be changed per your needs.					
	Ethernets The number of ethernets interfaces.					
	▲ NOTE for IOL nodes:					
10.	Ethernet interfaces for IOL nodes are placed into groups of 4. A value of 1 for Ethernet means your node will have 4 interfaces.					
	The serial interface option is available for IOL nodes only and follows the same grouping structure as ethernet interfaces. A value of 1 for Serial means your node will have 4 serial					
	Ethernet portgroups (4 int each) Serial portgroups (4 int each) interfaces.					
	Custom MAC address for Qemu nodes only. You can define your own MAC					
11.	address for first interface:					
11.	First Eth MAC Address aa:bb:cc:00:de:ad					
	QEMU Version EVE will pre-set the best recommended QEMU version					
12.	for each node template. This value can be changed per your needs.					
4.5	QEMU Arch Qemu architecture is pre-set per image vendor					
13.	recommendations. This value can be changed per your needs					



14.	Type of Qemu NIC is pre-set per image vendor recommendations. This value can be changed per your needs. Type of Qemu NIC is pre-set per image vendor recommendations. This value can be changed per your needs.				
15.	QEMU custom options -machine type=pc-1.0,accel=kvm-cpuNehalem-serial mon:stdio-nographic-r per image vendor recommendations. This value can be changed per your needs				
16.	Startup configuration None Startup configuration: Value can be changed to set your node to boot from saved configurations. Refer to section 11.3 for more details.				
17.	The Delay value is set in seconds and can be used to delay a node from booting after it is started. Example: if the value is set to 30, the node will wait 30 seconds before processing its boot sequense. This feature is useful in conjunction with the "Start all nodes" function if your lab requires certain nodes to start up before others or to avoid a mass-start of very heavy nodes.				
18.	Console types for each template are pre-set with recommended settings. The setting can be changes per your needs. NOTE: The Docker template contains a wide variety of images, therefore, please refer to section 14.1.3 for recommended console types for each docker image. Windows nodes can use either RDP or VNC but RDP needs to be enabled in Windows itself.				
19.	OPTIONAL: Templates for Cisco FirePower, F5, Linux, and Citrix have the option to manually set the MAC address for the first ethernet interface. This will enable the use of licenses that are tied to a particular MAC address. MAC Address format must be like: 00:50:0a:00:0b:00				

9.1.2 Edit node

EVE provides two ways to edit nodes after being added to the topology canvas.



▲ NOTE: A node must be wiped each time an image or startup configuration has been changed.

9.1.2.1 Edit nodes globally

From the Topology page. Click "Nodes" from the left sidebar to bring up the nodes list. Refer to section 8.1.2 for more details.



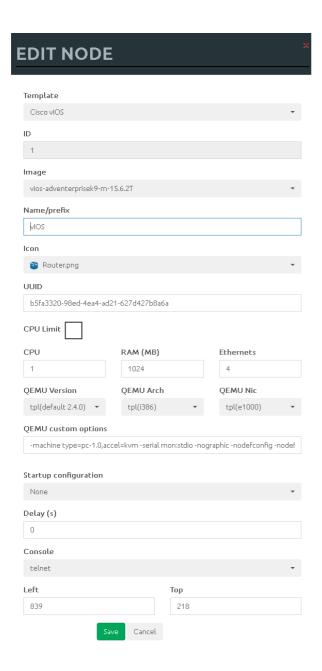
9.1.2.2 Edit node individually.



Right click on the node and click Edit

The "Edit node" window will appear. It is very similar to the window that is displayed when you add a new node. To change values for the node, refer to the nodes value table in section 9.1.1.1.





9.1.3 Wipe Node

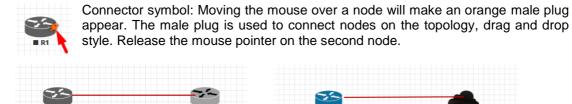


The "Wipe node" function will clear the NVRAM of the node. Each time a node setting is changed (CPU, RAM, boot image or startup configuration) a wipe must be issued on that node. For more information refer to section 11.3

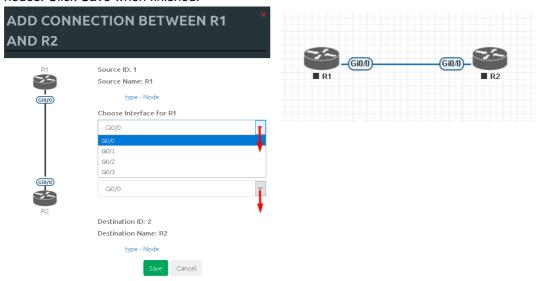


9.1.4 Interconnecting nodes

To connect nodes on the lab, use the drag and drop style method



The connection window will appear. Choose the interface you want to use to interconnect the nodes. Click Save when finished.



9.1.5 Edit connection link style

Right click on the connection link and choose Edit Style





Style: Allows you to choose solid or dashed style for link. This can be edited later in the "Shape Edit" menu.

Link colour: Allows you to choose a colour for the link. This can be edited later in the "Shape Edit" menu.

Link Style: Allows you to choose a style Straight, Bezier, Flowchart or StateMachine for the link. This can be edited later in the "Shape Edit" menu.

Link label: Allows you to add a label on the link. This can be edited later in the "Shape Edit" menu.

For edit Link style use mouse right click on link to call out link style editor.

9.1.6 Edit connection link quality

Right click on the connection link and choose Edit Quality. This function will allow apply on live connection Delay in ms, Jitter in ms, Packet loss in % and rate in kbs.



It is recommended to apply value divided by 2 on both link interfaces to achieve precise connection quality. In the example below is applied 25% and 25% packet loss, which gives result of 50% packet loss in connection between nodes.

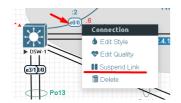


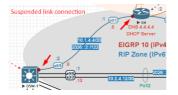
9.1.7 Suspend or resume link connection

The EVE-Pro has integrated feature to detect connection state on the interface.

Right click on the connection link and choose Suspend Link. This function will suspend connection between the two nodes. Literally, it will act like disconnected cable from the node, and interface will detect it as no connection. Suspended link will be marked with red dots.

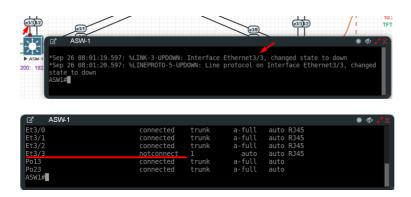
To resume link connection, right click on the link connection and choose Resume Link











Supported nodes with suspend/resume feature:

Supported nodes for Link Suspend/resume	Not supported
IOL vIOS XRv9K CSR CSR SD-WAN ASAv Firepower FTD Juniper vSRX 12.1X47 Juniper vSRX NG Juniper vMX VCP/VFP Juniper vRR Nokia Timos SR 19.5.1 Windows All Linux All Apple OSX Mikrotik Palo Alto F5 Fortigate Checkpoint Cumulus Cyberoam FW Sophos FW SonicWall FW Viptela Velocloud Versa Networks sd-wan pfSense Brocade vADX Barracuda NGFW HP VSR1000	Arista NXOS 9k ASA ported XRv Old Juniper vMX Juniper vQFX Dynamips

▲ NOTE: Avoid use Link suspend feature if you have configured: IOL L3 router image with:



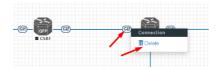
If the IOL L3 node interface is configures as DHCP client (ip dhcp), IOL node is attempting to bring up interface in up/up state. If you have enabled Link suspend feature on such configured interface, the node will flap link connection up/down/up.

Same behave is observed if your Serial interface is configured with PPP encapsulation.

Other observations:

vIOS L2 image has minor internal issue. LACP protocol does not detect interface state as down/down

9.1.8 Delete connection between nodes



To delete a connection, right click on it and hit "Delete."

9.1.9 Delete Node



To delete a node, right click it and hit "Delete." This is a non-reversable function

NOTE: It is strongly recommended to delete connections from a node before deleting the node itself.

9.2 Running labs

9.2.1 Starting lab

Nodes inside a lab may be started individually, in groups, or all at once.



The Start all nodes option will start all nodes on your topology.

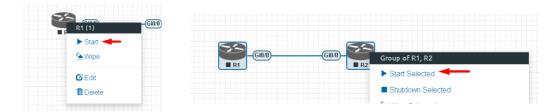
A

IMPORTANT. Starting all the nodes at once can result in major spikes in CPU utilization. Please make sure you are not using the "Start all nodes" option for heavy labs. Instead, it is recommended to start nodes in small groups.

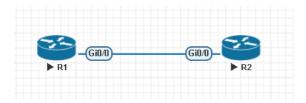
Starting a node or group of nodes:

Right click on single node or node group and hit "Start."





Running nodes will turn blue. Refer to section 8.3 for node states



9.2.2 Interconnecting running nodes (hotlinks)

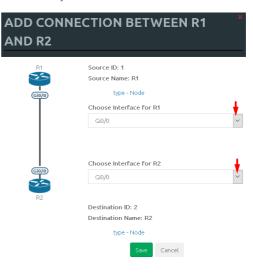
Eve Professional offers the hotlinks feature which allows you to interconnect node in the running state.



Connector symbol. Moving the mouse over a node will make an orange male plug appear. The male plug is used to connect nodes on the

topology, drag and drop style. Release the mouse pointer on the second node





9.2.3 Link quality delay, packet loss, jitter and rate feature

Please refer to Section 9.1.6

9.3 Saving labs

To save a running lab, refer to the vendor recommended save commands for each node.

Example: Cisco: "copy run start" Juniper "commit"

Your current work will be saved in the nodes' NVRAM and the lab can be stopped safely. Starting the lab again will allow you to pick up from where you left off.



▲ WARNING: Using the wipe action on a node will clear its NVRAM. This is similar to doing a factory reset on a device.

The configurations of nodes can be exported and used as initial or startup configurations for your labs. To export configurations and configuration sets for labs refer to section 11.1

9.4 Stopping labs

The Stop all nodes option will stop all nodes on your topology.

NOTE: It is recommended to save your running configurations before you stop your nodes.

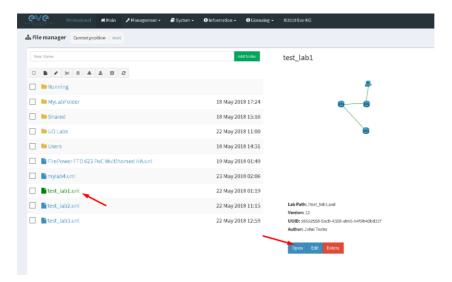
Stopping a node or group of nodes:

Right click on single node or node group and hit "Stop."

For individual node Stop options refer to section 8.2.5

9.5 Start saved lab

Select the lab you want to start and click "Open". To start Lab refer section 9.2.1



9.6 Working with multiple running labs

Refer to section 7.2.1.1

9.7 Importing labs

Refer to section 7.2.2.6



9.8 Exporting labs

Refer to section 7.2.2.5

9.9 Deleting labs

Refer to section 7.2.2.2

9.10 Moving labs

Refer to section 7.2.2.4



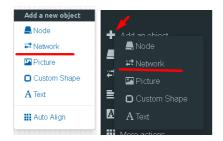
10 EVE Clouds and Networks

10.1 Bridge Network

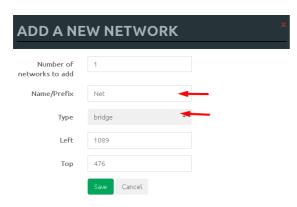
The EVE Bridge interface acts like an unmanaged Switch. It supports passing along tagged dot1q packets.

Example: We have to connect many nodes in a flat (dot1q) network

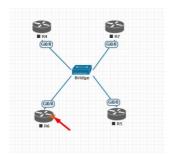
Step 1: Add a Bridge Network onto the topology. There are two ways to do this: Right-clicking on the topology area and selecting "Add Network" or in the sidebar click "Add an Object" and then select "Network." Please refer to sections 8.2.3 and 8.1.1.2



Step 2: Name/prefix can be changed in order to rename your Bridge network. Make sure your network type is set to bridge.



Step 3: Connect your nodes using the drag and drop connector. Refer to sections 9.1.4 and 8.2.3





10.2 NAT Network

EVE-NG PRO has an embedded NAT interface with the subnet 172.29.129.0/24. This feature is similar to the VMWare NAT interface, but EVE is translating the 172.29.129.0/24 (this subnet is hardcoded in EVE and is not configurable) subnet to EVE's management interface pnet0.

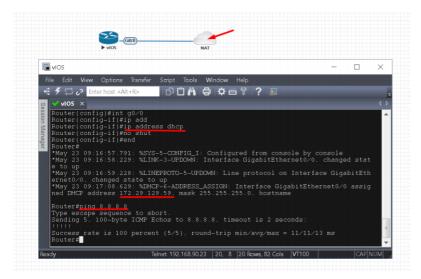
To add a NAT Cloud onto the EVE topology:



Step 1: Add A New Network onto the topology. There are two ways to do this: Right-clicking on topology area and selecting "Network" or in the sidebar, "Add an Object" and then select "Network."

Step 2: Name/prefix can be changed in order to rename your NAT network. Make sure your network type is set to NAT.

Step 3: Connect your nodes using the drag and drop connector. Refer to sections 9.1.4 and 8.2.3



If your EVE management is connected to the Internet, adding a NAT cloud onto the EVE lab enables you to have internet access from within your EVE lab using NAT.

EVE NAT Gateway IP is: 172.29.129.254/24

DHCP is enabled on the EVE NAT Cloud.

10.3 Management Cloud0 interface

EVE management interface is also known as the Cloud0 network for labs. The Cloud0 interface is bridged with your EVEs first NIC. "Cloud" is used as an alias to pnet. Pnet is the bridge interface name inside of EVE.

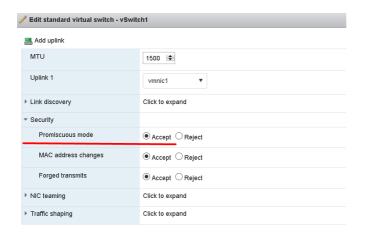
The primary network interface
iface eth0 inet manual
auto pnet0
iface pnet0 inet dhcp
 bridge_ports eth0
 bridge_stp off

Cloud0 is commonly used inside EVE labs to get management access to nodes running inside EVE from a host machine external to EVE.

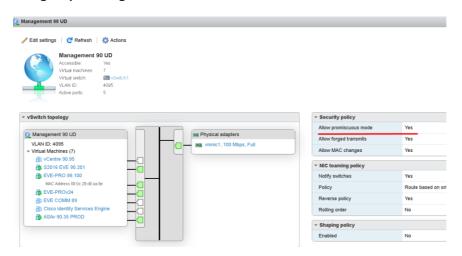


▲ IMPORTANT NOTE: For EVE VMs running on ESXi, make sure your management interface bridged with the vSwitch (Port group) has the security settings for Promiscuous Mode set to Accept. Any port group or vSwitch used to connect an external network to an EVE Cloud network needs to have the Promiscuous mode set to "Accept"!

vSwitch Settings



Portgroup Settings



EVE Cloud0 bridging table.

Lab name	EVE interface name (inside)	Туре	Notes
Cloud0	pnet0	Bridged	Cloud0/pnet0 is bridged with your primary EVE ethernet port. It is assigned a

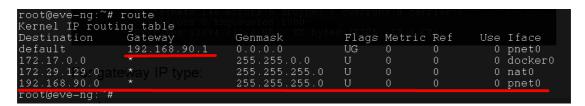


	management IP address used for WEB GUI access. The EVE management subnet can be used as a management network in labs.
--	---

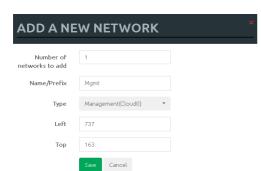
Question: How can I obtain my Cloud0 subnet and gateway IP. Many EVE VMs only have a DHCP address assigned on the pnet0 interface.

Answer: SSH to EVE and type the following from the CLI:

route



Example: We want to use Cloud0 as a management network for an ASAv node in an EVE lab. From the above-obtained information, we know that our Cloud management subnet is 192.168.90.0 with a mask of 255.255.255.0 and the Gateway IP is 192.168.90.1.



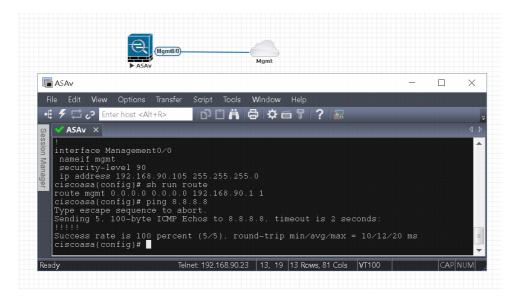
Step 1: Add A New Network onto the topology. There are two ways to do this: Right-clicking on topology area and selecting "Network" or in the sidebar, "Add an Object" and then select "Network."

Step 2: Name/prefix can be changed in order to rename your Cloud0 network. Make sure your network type is set to Management(Cloud0).

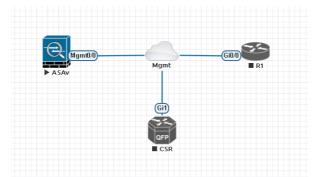
Step 3: Connect your ASAv using the drag and drop connector to the Cloud0 network. Refer to sections 9.1.4 and 8.2.3

Step 4: Start the node and configure the interface connected to Cloud0 with an IP address from the management subnet (192.168.90.0/24 in this example). Make sure you do not assign duplicate IPs.





NOTE: Cloud interfaces can be used to connect multiple nodes to a single cloud instance on the topology.



10.4 Other cloud interfaces

Other cloud interfaces can be used to extend a lab connection inside of EVE or bridged with other EVE interfaces to connect external networks or devices.

EVE Cloud bridging table.

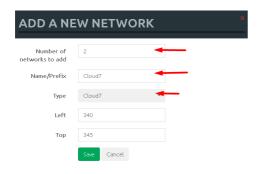
Lab cloud name	EVE interface name (inside)	Туре	ESXi VM corresponding interface	VMware Workstation corresponding interface	Bare HW Server	Notes
Cloud0	Pnet0	bridged	Network adapter 1	Network Adapter	First ethernet Eth0	Cloud0/pnet0 is bridged with your primary EVE ethernet port. It is assigned a management IP address used for WEB GUI access. The EVE management subnet can be used as



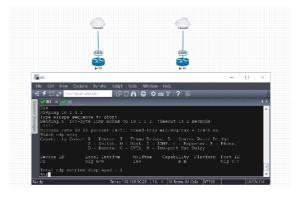
						management network in the labs.
Cloud1	Pnet1	bridged	Network adapter 2	Network Adapter 2	Second ethernet Eth1	Cloud1 can be bridged with your EVE second ethernet port to achieve connection to another network or device. The IP address is not required to be configured on it. It will act like a pure bridge your external connection with EVE lab node.
Cloud2	Pnet2	bridged	Network adapter 3	Network Adapter 3	Third ethernet Eth2	Same as Cloud1
Cloud3	Pnet3	bridged	Network adapter 4	Network Adapter 4	Fourth ethernet	Same as Cloud1
Cloud4-9	Pnet4-9	bridged	Network adapter 5-10	Network Adapter 5-10		Same as Cloud1

Example: Cloud7 network is used as an extended connector between nodes:

Step 1: Add two Cloud7 networks onto the topology.



Step 2: Connect your lab nodes to Cloud7. Your configured nodes will work like being connected to the same switch (or the same bridge in EVE). Even CDP works. It is convenient if it is necessary to have connections across the lab and you don't want to have connections going from one end of the lab to the other.





If some of the clouds (e.g. Cloud1) are bridged to another ethernet (VMnet) you can connect your EVE lab to an external VM or physical device (like e.g. a switch, IP phone or access point).

⚠ For ESXi make sure that you have set Promiscuous mode security settings on the vSwitch and Port group to Accept. Please refer to section 10.3

The next sections will explain how you can use Cloud networks in EVE to connect to other external (e.g. VMWare) VMs or physical devices.

10.5 Connecting external VM machines to the EVE Lab

10.5.1 ESXi VM machines

External ESXi VM machines can be connected to EVE labs using cloud interfaces.

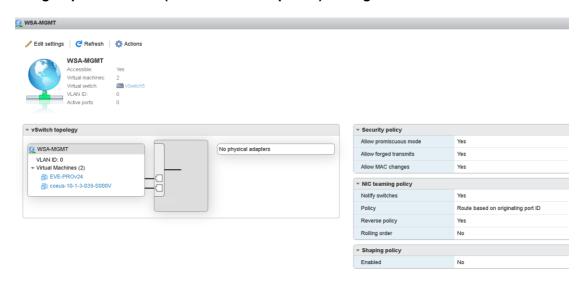
NOTE: A single Cloud interface can be used to connect more than one external VM to the EVE lab.

Example: Connecting a Web Security Appliance (WSA) to the lab using the Cloud1 interface.

Step 1: Create a new or use an existing portgroup on your ESXi and assign it to EVE and WSA VMs as shown below. Make sure you have set Promiscuous mode on the vSwitch (portgroup WSA-MGMT) to Accept.

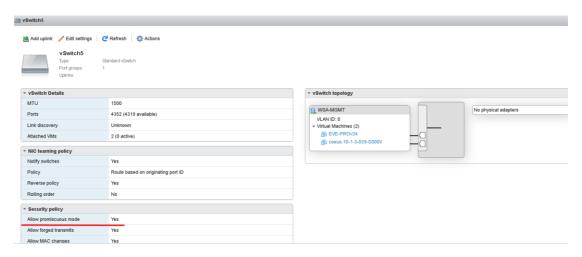
NOTE: VM machines must be in a powered off state to assign network interfaces.

Portgroup WSA-MGMT (with vSwitch5 as parent) settings:

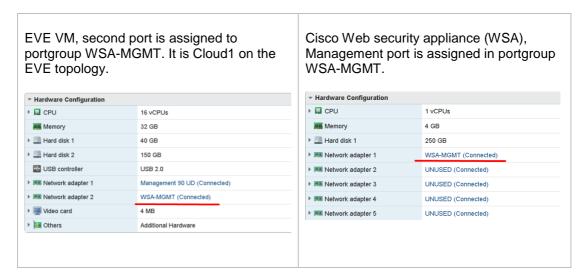




Parent vSwitch5 settings:



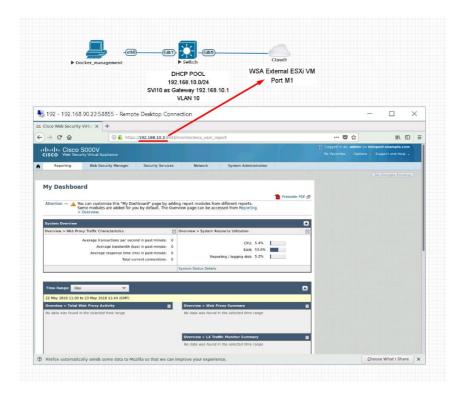
EVE and WSA VMs settings



EVE Lab connected to the WSA (Cloud1)

- ▲ NOTE: ESXi WSA VM obtained the IP 192.168.10.3 from the DHCP pool on the lab switch. The gateway is 192.168.10.1
- NOTE: The Firefox Docker node user for management obtained the IP 192.168.10.2 from the DHCP pool configured on the lab switch.





10.5.2 VMWare workstation machines

External (meaning not running inside EVE) VMWare workstation machines can be connected to EVE labs using cloud interfaces.

NOTE: A single Cloud interface can be used to connect more than one external VM to the EVE lab.

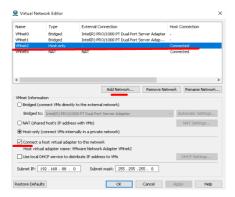
Example: Connecting Web security Appliance (WSA) to the lab using **Cloud2** interface.

NOTE: VMs must be in a powered off state to assign network interfaces.

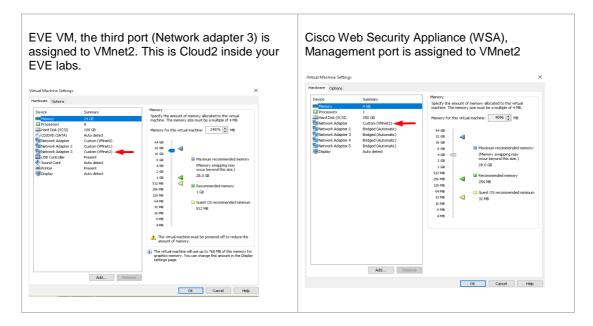
Step 1: Open your VMWare Workstation Virtual Network Editor and configure the VMnet interface for the Cloud and WSA VMs. If necessary add a new VMnet. The example below is showing VMnet2 Settings in VMWare workstation. DHCP must be disabled for VMnet2.

Virtual Network Editor settings:





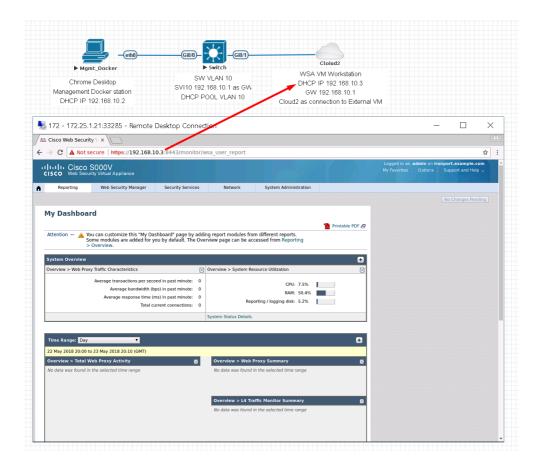
EVE and WSA VMs settings



EVE Lab connected to the WSA (Cloud2)

- NOTE: ESXi WSA VM obtained the IP 192.168.10.3 from the DHCP pool on the lab switch. The gateway is 192.168.10.1
- NOTE: The Firefox Docker node user for management obtained the IP 192.168.10.2 from the DHCP pool configured on the lab switch.





10.6 Connecting EVE Lab to a physical device

10.6.1 ESXi EVE

To connect a physical device (e.g. router, switch) to an EVE lab over a cloud interface, we have to bridge the ESXi NICs ethernet port to a VMnet interface.

- ▲ IMPORTANT NOTE: Make sure that you have set Promiscuous mode security settings on the vSwitch and Port group to Accept.
- ▲ IMPORTANT NOTE: If you are building trunk between EVE lab node to real Switch, please make sure you have set your ESXi vSwitch interface to accept all vlans. Reference: https://kb.vmware.com/s/article/1004074

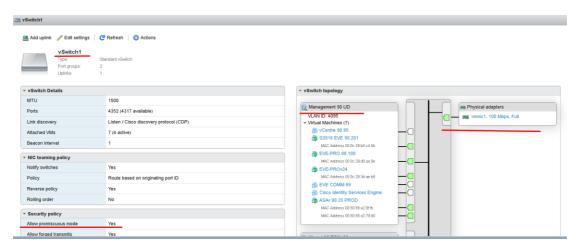
The Example below is showing ESXi Server settings of the virtual network bridged to the physical interface.

Logical chain of the networking bridge:

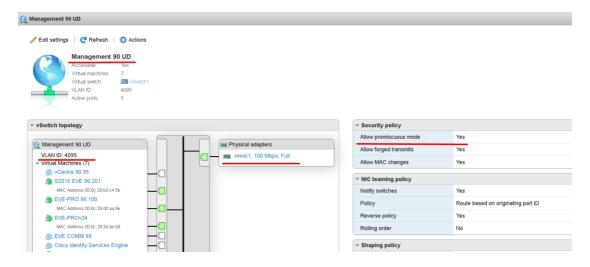
EVE Lab Cloud0 →Portgroup "Management 90 UD"→vSwitch 1→Physical Adapter eth1



vSwitch1 settings bridged with Server Ethernet port vmnic1 (physical adapter)



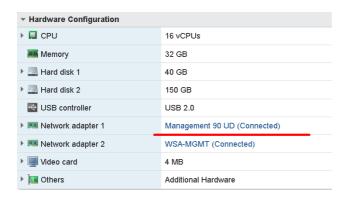
Portgroup "Management 90 UD" Settings associated with vSwitch1



EVE VM Settings

EVE VM Cloud0 is connected to Portgroup "Management 90 UD"

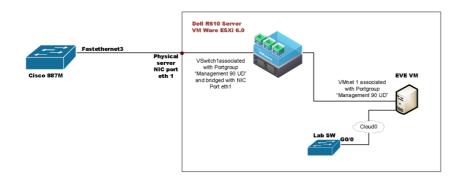




EVE Lab Connected to a physical device

Physical Topology

Cisco 887M device port Fastethernet 3 is physically connected to Server port eth1.



EVE Lab Topology

EVE lab switch port G0/0 is configured as trunk and connected to Cloud0 over bridged chain to the physical Cisco 887M Router switchport Fastethernet 3

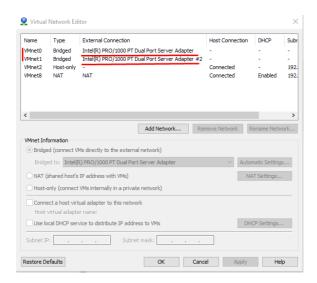




10.6.2 VMWare workstation EVE

Similar to the ESXi connection, it is recommended to have a second ethernet interface on your PC. It can be a USB ethernet extender as well. Not all ethernet adapters fully support a layer2 connectivity over it. MS Windows OS itself strips off any tags added to the packet. Even if your NIC supports 802.1q VLAN tagging, Windows 10 strips these tags off. The example below will show a Windows 10 host connected to a physical 3750G-24 switch. The Windows 10 Host has an Intel (R) PRO/1000 PT Dual port server adapter and is bridged with VMWare workstation (version 14) VMnets.

Virtual Network Editor Settings, Bridged VMnet interfaces with Real NIC Ports



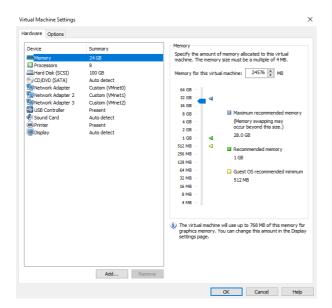
EVE VM Settings. Network adapter is bridged to VMnet0 (ethernet Intel Pro 1), and Network adapter 2 is bridged to VMnet1 (ethernet Intel Pro 2).

Responding cloud interfaces on EVE VM:

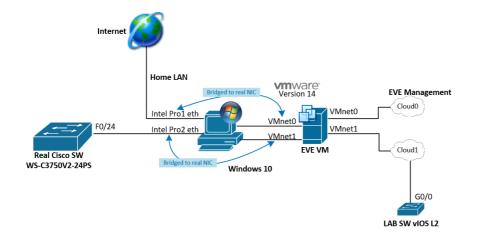
Cloud0→Network Adapter→VMnet0→IntelPro

Cloud1→Network Adapter 2→VMnet1→IntelPro#2

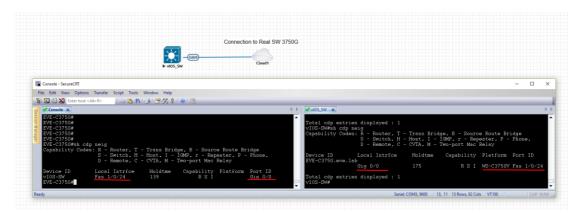




Physical connection scheme and VMware bridging.



EVE Lab scheme.





The following solution allows Windows hosts to transmit tagged packets over ethernet. This has been used in the example above.

Warning. You are making changes to your Windows registry files! This is at your own

https://www.intel.co.uk/content/www/uk/en/support/articles/000005498/network-and-io/ethernet-products.html

10.6.3 Bare metal server EVE

A physical server usually has more than one ethernet port, free ports can be bridged with EVE clouds and used for external connections. EVEs internal interface settings are already bridged in order, pnet0-9 are mapped to eth0-9. Refer to the bridging table in section 10.4

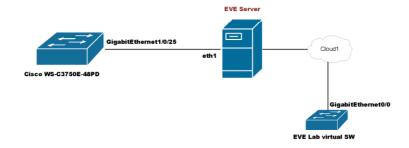
```
e pnet2
e pnet2 inet manu
bridge_ports eth2
bridge_stp off
```

```
cat /etc/network/interfaces
```

Basically, your servers physical port eth0 is bridged to pnet0 which is Cloud0 in your labs, eth1 is bridged to pnet1 which is Cloud1 in your labs (and so on). Refer to the bridging table in section 10.4

The example below shows how to connect a bare-metal EVE server with a physical Cisco 3750E switch.

Physical connection topology:



The EVE lab switch's CDP neighbor is the 3750E switch's port Gig 1/0/25: A trunk has been configured between the EVE lab switch and the physical 3750E switch.

```
tal cdp entries displayed
```

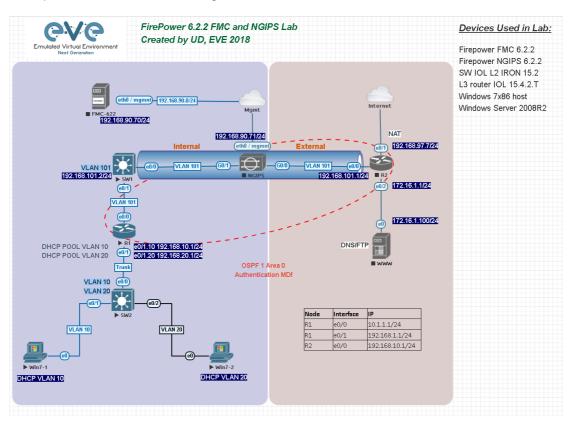


11 Advanced EVE Lab features

11.1 Lab design objects

EVE Pro has drawing elements integrates to add drawings and text information to the lab topology. Objects can be placed on the topology in two ways.

Example below, EVE lab with design elements:







11.1.1 Custom shape

There are three custom shapes that can be added to the topology: square, round square and circle (sphere).

Type: Square, round square or circle

Name: This field can be filled with your preferred shape's name. If the field is left empty, EVE will generate a name for the shape.

Border type: Two options: line or dashed

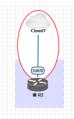


Border width: Increase or decrease the width of the border. This can be edited later in the "Shape Edit" menu.

Border colour: Allows you to choose a colour for the shape's border. This can be edited later in the "Shape Edit" menu.

Background colour: Allows you to choose a colour to fill your shape with. This can be edited later in the "Shape Edit" menu.

Example: Added a circle and square on the topology. Shapes can be moved around the topology drag and drop style (click and move with mouse).



11.1.2 Resize square or circle objects

Move your mouse over the right bottom corner of the object until a corner symbol appears. Left click and drag your mouse to change object size or style (rectangle, sphere)

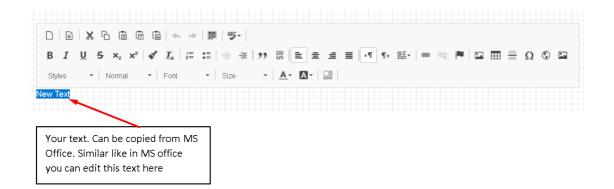


11.1.3 Text

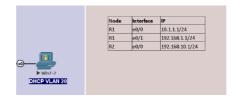
It is also possible to add text or other MS Office objects to your EVE topology. Rich HTML Office option allows you to copy texts from MS Word, Excel or Visio.

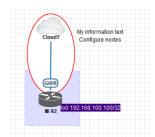






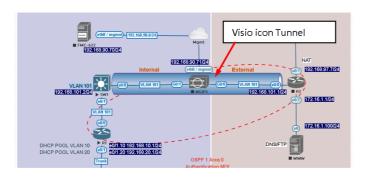
Example: Excel table on topology:





Example: text objects added to the topology.

Example: Visio object added to the topology



11.1.4 Add picture to the topology

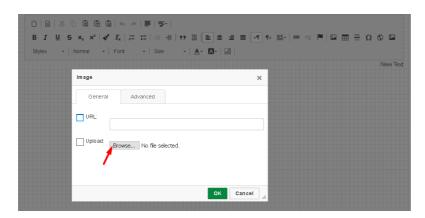
Custom images may be added by using HTML editor:

Step 1: Add a text object to the topology and press Image button for import.





Step 2: User browse to import your image.



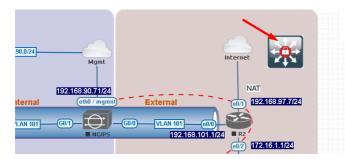
Step 3: Double click on object you wish to resize, then click another time to activate resizing. Drag your mouse to change object size or style (HTML Picture)



11.1.5 Custom object linking with telnet or other protocol

This feature allows you to link your eve topology object with external source. It can be web site or other protocol like Telnet to call out console for external object.

Step 1. Add the text or picture using HTML editor. Sections 11.1.3 or 11.1.4.



Example: Custom icon added from MS Visio.

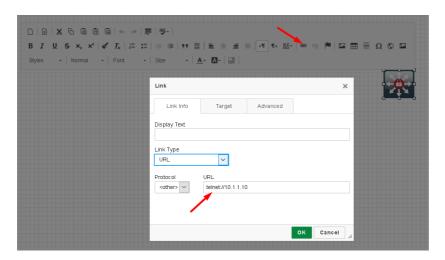
Step 2. Position your object in place where you want it to be.



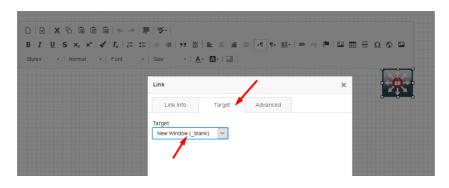
Step 3. Highlight text or activate object.



Step 4. Use link button to assign custom protocol for your object. Example: Protocol Other, type in URL: **telnet://10.1.1.10**



Step 4. Tab Target, Example: Target/New Window



Step 5. OK for Save.

NOTE to edit picture object assigned with link, use mouse mark area of object and it and double click on area beside object.

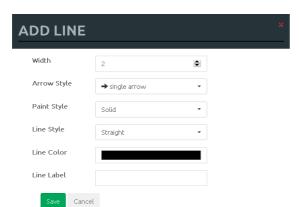




11.1.6 Line object

Line object allows you to draw and design lines on the topology.

Step 1. Add a Line object to the topology



Width: Increase or decrease the width of the line. This can be edited later in the "Shape Edit" menu.

Arrow Style: Allows you to make arrows to your Line object. Single arrow, Double arrows or no Plain. This can be edited later in the "Shape Edit" menu.

Paint Style: Allows you to solid or dashed style for line. This can be edited later in the "Shape Edit" menu.

Line Style: Allows you to choose a style Straight, Bezier, Flowchart or StateMachine for the line. This can be edited later in the "Shape Edit" menu.

Line colour: Allows you to choose a colour for the line. This can be edited later in the "Shape Edit" menu.

Line label: Allows you to add a label on the line. This can be edited later in the "Shape Edit" menu.

Example, Dashed, Bezier, double arrow line with label:

BGP Peer

Positioning and moving line object. Line object has invisible connection points at the ends. Use mouse to find that point, drag and drop move line connection point to your preferred lab location. Use mouse to move other line endpoint on lab location.

To move all line, use CTRL to mark line endpoint and move line over topology to position it.

Edit Line object. Right click on line to call out edit window:





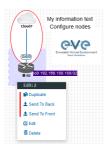


11.1.7 Nodes connection links design

Refer Section 9.1.5

11.1.8 Cloning objects and overlay positions

Right click on the object you want to clone and choose "Duplicate". You can also change the object's overlay position using the "Send to Back" or "Send to front" options.



11.1.9 Objects Editing

Right click the object and choose "Edit" for additional options.



At the bottom of the "Topology Canvas" page, additional object options will appear



Z-index: Used to change the object's overlay position on the "Topology Canvas." An object with a higher numerically valued z-index will cover an object with a lower numerically valued z-indexed.

Example: The blue object has a z-index of -1 and the orange object's z-index is 0. Orange object is top over blue object.

Border width: Used to change the object's border width.

Border type: Used to change the border style of the object between solid and dashed.

Border colour: Used to change the colour of the object's border

Background colour: Used to change the background colour of the object

Transparent: Turns off background colour (filling) and makes the object transparent.





Rotate: Used to rotate the object on the



Name: Used to change the object's name.

To save the object, press Save (green button).



11.1.10 Lock objects movement

The "Lock Lab" feature prevents objects from being moved around on the canvas (among other things). For more information about this feature, refer to section 8.1.15.

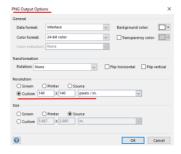
11.2 Custom design logical topology

EVE Pro includes a feature to upload your own custom topology picture and map nodes to it for easy access.

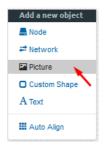
11.2.1 Custom design upload

Before you upload a custom picture in the lab, make sure it is in .png or jpg format with resolution 130-150x130-150 pixels.

TIP: It is best is to create a topology in the MS Visio and after convert it to the .png picture format with resolution 140x140.



Step 1: Open "Add an Object" and then "Pictures" from the left sidebar or right click on a free area on topology canvas and hit "Add Picture."



Step 2: Browse your PC for a .png or .jpg file and hit "Add".





Once the picture is added to the topology canvas, the sidebar will display a new option: "Logical maps"

Step 3: Open the "Logical maps" menu item.



Pictures window management

i ictuics willach	management
Î	Delete uploaded picture from the lab
Ű	Image Map: Map nodes to places in the picture
Topology	Display uploaded picture. Work with lab and custom topology
	Zoom/unzoom uploaded custom topology
*	Makes the window transparent to see the "Topology Canvas" behind it. Clicking again returns to the normal view.
*	Close "Pictures" window.

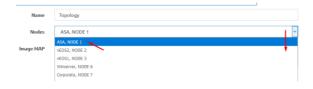
11.2.2 Custom topology mapping

This feature allows you to map the lab nodes to your custom topology picture.

Step 1: Open the Image Map window:



Step 2: Select a node, from the dropdown menu, that you want to map to the topology.

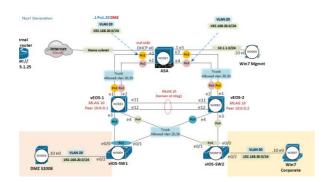


Step 3: Move your mouse over a node icon on the "Image Map" and click to map it. The grey circle means that the node is mapped.



Step 4: Continue mapping the rest of the nodes.





Step 5: OPTIONAL. You can also add a mapping for a device external to your EVE server in order to telnet, VNC, or RDP to it. This way you can open sessions to all your devices (whether external or internal) in one place.



Change image map adding protocol, IP and port.



Step 6: Save your mapping and refresh the browser with F5.



11.2.3 Delete topology or mapping

To delete a single node mapping, right click on node mapping circle and click "Delete."



To delete the entire custom topology, click delete.



11.3 Multi-configuration sets export feature

Eve Professional/Learning Center includes a "Multi-configuration Set" feature that allows you to save and manage multiple sets of configurations in a single lab. The "Configuration Export" and "Startup-configs" features will allow you to set these saved configurations as startup configs for your nodes when they boot.

▲ IMPORTANT NOTE: Before you start using the "Multi-configuration Set" feature, you must complete at least one configuration export.



STARTUP-CONFIGS

Config Set Default *

R1

R2

SW1

SW1

SW2

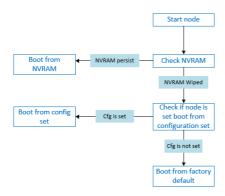
SW1

SW2

SW1

Nodes will be greyed out without the option to enable "Startupconfigs" until you complete at least one configuration export for each node.

Node boot order:



NVRAM: NVRAM is used as writable permanent storage for the startup configuration. During the boot process, the node will always check NVRAM for a saved configuration. Saving the configuration to NVRAM requires a vendor specific command. Cisco: copy run startup (wr), Juniper: commit, etc. It is MANDATORY to save a node's configuration before you can export it.

Exported configuration: A node configuration that has been exported from the node. It can be used to backup configurations or to set them as startup-configs.

Wipe node: Wiping a node will erase the NVRAM (running config) or the temporary image snapshot, depending on the type of node. Upon a successful wipe, the node will boot with the factory default configuration or the configuration included in the base image you are using. If you have the "Startup-config" feature enabled for the node, then it will boot with the chosen config set. You must wipe a node after changing certain node template settings like the image or startup-config. You also must wipe the node the first time you want to enable the "Startup-config" feature.

Factory default configuration: The base configuration that is applied from the manufacturer.

11.3.1 Supported nodes for configuration exports

Cisco Dynamips all nodes Cisco IOL (IOS on Linux) Cisco ASA Cisco ASAv



Cisco CSR1000v Cisco Nexus 9K Cisco Nexus Titanium Cisco vIOS L3 Cisco vIOS L2 Cisco XRv Cisco XRv9K Juniper VRR Juniper VMX Juniper vMX-NG JunipervQFX JunipervSRX Juniper vSRX-NG Mikrotik PFsense FW Timos Alcatel vEOS Arista

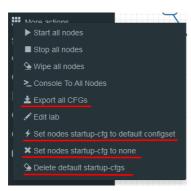
11.3.2 Startup config management

11.3.2.1 Global commands



Configurations can be managed via the "Startup-configs window which can be accessed from the sidebar menu while on the Topology page.

Topology page, More Options:



Export all CFGs – Exports all supported node configurations.

Set nodes startup-cfg to default configset- Sets all supported nodes to boot from the default configuration set.

Set nodes startup-cfg to none - Sets all supported nodes to boot from NVRAM configuration.

Delete default configuration set. Warning, this will delete your exported default configuration set for all nodes.

11.3.2.2 Individual node commands

Select node, right click

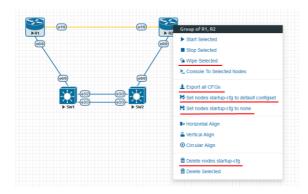




Wipe: Wipes the NVRAM for a single node

Export CFG: Exports the configuration for a single node

11.3.2.3 Multiple selected nodes commands



Wipe Selected: Wipes the NVRAM for selected nodes

Export all CFGs: Exports the configuration for selected nodes

Set nodes startup-cfg to default configs set: Set selected nodes to the default config set

Set nodes startup-cfg to none: Set nodes to boot from NVRAM or from factory default if wiped.

Delete nodes startup cfg: Delete selected node's startup cfg. (clean default set)

11.3.2.4 Startup-configuration window

No configuration exports or manual configs loaded for nodes



Startup-configs are exported and the "Configuration Export" feature can be used.





11.3.2.5 Startup-config window information

-	
Config Set Default ∨	Config set menu
№ R1	No configuration is available for node. Grey node
№ R1	Configuration is available and can be used. Blue node. Exported configuration persist
№ R2	Configuration persist but it is disabled. Node will boot from NVRAM or factory default if it is wiped
≅ R1 4 on	Configuration persists and node will boot from the configuration after being wiped
CONFIG SET Renor Rans Add Cascal	Add new config set.
CONFIG SET Name Node rained See Carcel	Rename config set. The Default Config Set cannot be renamed.
X Config Set IP Addressing ∨	Select a Config Set and delete it. You cannot delete the Default Config Set. The Default configuration set can be cleaned using the sidebar / More options / Delete default configuration set
±	Upload configuration set from your local PC

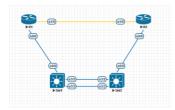


±	Download configuration set to your Local PC
•	Apply Config Set button: Sets all nodes to boot from the chosen config set.
,	Config Reset button: Sets all nodes to boot from none. Node will check boot order. If the Wipe function is used, nodes will boot from factory default.
R2 07 Llast configuration change at 19522 1 wersion SS.4 service timestamps debug datetime	Individual node export or import configuration. Configuration export/import file format is .txt.
P Cisco-IOS ✓ ♠ Dark ✓ ਜੀ 12px ✓ Ace Editor On	Ace Editor. Different vendor configuration edit option. Just Text visual format.

11.3.3 Export Default configuration set

NOTE: The default configuration set is hardcoded. It is mandatory to export a nodes configuration you can start building custom configuration sets.

Example:



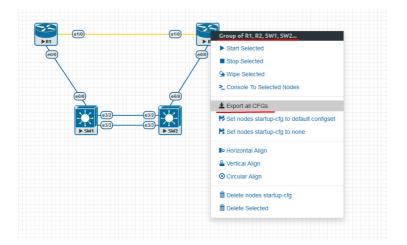
Step 1: MANDATORY: Configure your nodes and make sure you applied the vendor specific command to save the running configuration to NVRAM. If you do not save the configuration, it will not be exported and in the notification area, you will receive an error message stating the node cannot be exported.

In this example the nodes have been configured with hostnames only and the configurations have been saved to NVRAM.

Step 2: Chose any method to export configurations to the Default Config Set. You can use export a single node, a group of nodes, or all nodes. Only supported nodes configurations will be exported.

Step 3: In the example below a group of nodes were selected to export configurations.







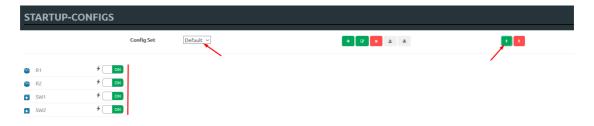
Default configuration set is completed. The notification area will display "Export All: done" when complete.

NOTE: you can configure your nodes with your preferred configuration and make it the default configuration set.

11.3.4 Boot nodes from exported Default config set

Step 1: Stop all nodes

Step 2: Open sidebar and click Startup-configs. Make sure your config is set to default and the nodes config switch is green (switch on/off beside node). Press the green "Apply Config Set" button (Set all nodes to selected config set) and all your nodes will boot with the default config set after wiping them.



Step 3: Wipe nodes. For more information refer to section 9.1.3

Step 4: Start nodes

11.3.5 Export new custom config set

This section will describe how to create a new custom configuration set for the same example above.

Make sure your nodes are running and booted from the default set.



Step 1: Create new custom named (e.g. "IP Addressing") configuration set, Press Add new config set.



Name it and press Add.



The new configuration set is created.

NOTE: It will duplicate the default configuration set under your IP Addressing config set.

Step 2: Select newly created Config set IP Addressing and hit the green confirm button (Set all nodes to selected config set) on the right.



Step 3: Make sure your nodes have the Startup-config slider switched to "ON" and verify the config set menu has the "IP Addressing" set selected.



Step 4: Return back to your lab and continue configuring nodes until your preferred configuration is complete. In this Example, the IP addresses are configured on the nodes.

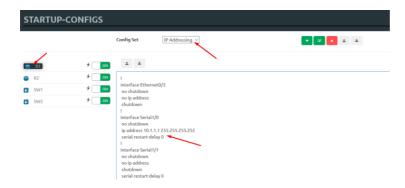
Step 5: IMPORTANT: YOU MUST save the configuration on all nodes, even if the configuration was not changed.

Step 6: Use any method (individual, group or all) to export the new configurations to the IP Addressing set.

Step 7: You can verify that the configs were exported by re-opening the "Startup-config" window.

Make sure the correct config set is selected, and check if the configuration is exported for the node or nodes.





Repeat steps 1-7 of this section for the next configuration set.

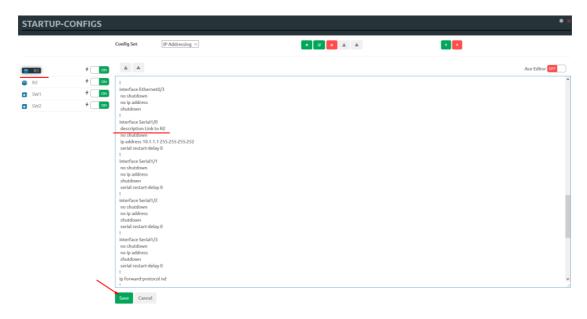
11.3.6 Edit exported configurations

It is possible to edit your configurations for the nodes manually.

Step 1: Select a config set and apply it with the green confirm button (Set all nodes to selected config set) on the right.



Step 2: Select the node you want to edit the configuration of and make your changes. Click "Save" when you are finished.



Step 3: Apply the config set to all nodes with the green "Apply Config Set" button on the right (Set all nodes to selected config set).





▲ NOTE: you can manually copy/paste any configuration into the config set editor and apply it to your node. Make sure your configuration interfaces match the lab node's interface names.

11.3.7 Set lab to boot from config set

To set your lab nodes to boot from the exported configuration, follow the steps below:

Step 1: Wipe nodes. Refer to section 11.3 for information about wiping nodes and the order of operations during boot.

Step 2: Open the "Startup-configs" window from the left sidebar.

Step 3: Select your preferred config set and apply it by pressing the green "Apply Config Set" button on the right (Set all nodes to selected config set).



Step 4: Start nodes.

11.3.8 Set lab to boot from none

To reset your lab nodes' configuration to factory default follow the steps below:

Step 1: Wipe nodes. Refer to section 11.3 for information about wiping nodes and the order of operations during boot.

Step 2: Open the "Startup-config" window from the left sidebar

Step 3: Press the red "Config Reset" button on the right (Set all nodes to no startup-config).



Step 4: Start nodes

11.3.9 Delete a config set

Select the config set you want to delete and click the "Delete" button. You cannot delete the default config set.



11.3.10 Rename a config set

Step 1: Select the config set you want to rename. Change the name and hit "Save." You cannot rename the default config set.







11.3.11 Export a config set to your local PC

It is possible to export configuration sets to your local PC.

Step 1: Select the config set you wish to export.

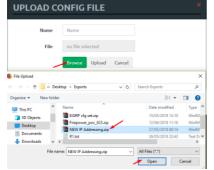


Step 2: Save it on your local PC.

NOTE: You can open this archive and edit your node configs manually. Archived configs are saved in txt format. After editing you can archive it back to .zip format and import it in EVE.

11.3.12 Import config set from local PC.

It is possible to import config sets to your lab.





Browse to the file on your PC, select the archive or config set and upload it.

Uploaded config sets without a Name will appear in the config set menu with the name "Import". To rename config sets, refer to section 11.3.10

11.3.13 Export a single nodes config to your local PC

Open the "Startup-configs" window from the Side bar. Select the node that you want to export the configuration of and click the "Export" button.





11.3.14 Import a single nodes config from your local PC

Open the "Startup-configs" window from the sidebar. Select the node that you want to import the configuration to and click the "Import" button. Browse to the file on your local PC and click "Upload."



NOTE: The configuration must be in txt file format.

11.3.15 Set lab nodes to boot from different config sets

The "Multi Configuration set" feature allows you to set nodes to boot from different config sets in the same lab.

Option 1: Open the "Nodes" list from the left sidebar. Choose your node and select a config set from the dropdown. Stop the node, wipe it and start it again. Your node will boot from the selected config set.



Option 2: Stop the node, right-click on the node and click "Edit." Select your preferred config set for the node and click "Save."





11.3.16 Lab config script timeout

Lab config script timeout is used when nodes are waiting to boot from a config set. The node will literally wait during boot until the configuration is applied from the config set.

Hit "More actions" and then "Edit lab" from the sidebar. Set the config script timeout in seconds. By default, this timer is set to 300 seconds for new labs.



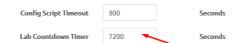
11.4 Lab Timer

For self-controlled lab timing, EVE Pro has integrated a "Lab Timer" feature.

11.4.1 Set the Lab Countdown Timer

Step 1: Click "More Options" and then "Edit Lab" from the sidebar.

Step 2: Set the "Lab Countdown Timer" in seconds for the time you wish to display on the topology and confirm by clicking "Save". 7200 seconds = 120 minutes.



Step 3: To start your lab, be sure all nodes are running.

Step 4: Hit "Lock Lab" from the sidebar. A red sign means that the lab is locked.



Step 5: When ready to start, click "Refresh Topology" from the sidebar. The countdown timer will be displayed on the "Topology Page" in the top left corner.

11.4.2 Stop the Lab Countdown Timer

Step 1: Click "Unlock Lab" Grey means that the lab is unlocked.



Step 2: Hit "Refresh Topology" from the sidebar



▲ NOTE: The lab timer does not stop nodes or disconnect sessions from the lab.

11.5 Lab Tasks

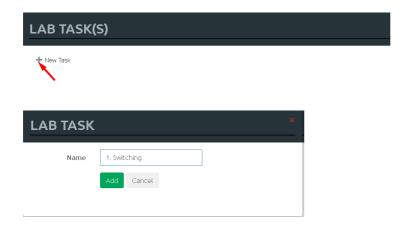
Lab task or workbook creation feature.

11.5.1 Creating a new simple task

Step 1: On the side bar click on "Lab Task(s)" to open the Lab Task(s) management window.



Step 2: Click on the "+" sign to create a new task. Enter the name of the task name and click on "Add" to create the task.



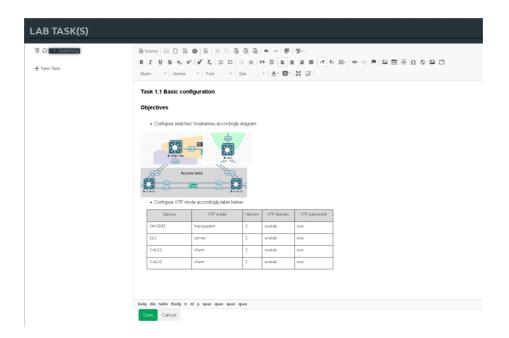
11.5.2 Edit a simple task

Step 1: Press the edit button next to the name of the newly created task.



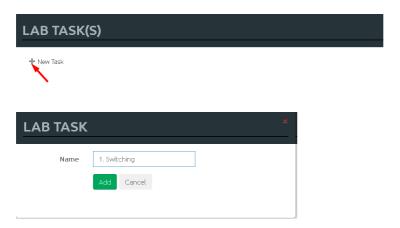
Step 2: Use the rich text editor Window to create your Task / Workbook. It is a recommended option to copy/paste task content from MS Word. Save your Task content by clicking on the "Save" button.





11.5.3 Create a multi tabs task (task on multiple tabs/pages)

Step 1: Click on the "+" sign to create a new task. Enter the name of the task name and click on "Add" to create the task.



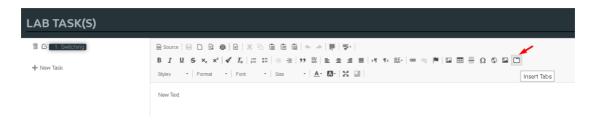
11.5.4 Edit a multi tabs task (task on multiple tabs/pages)

Step 1: Press the edit button next to the name of the newly created task.

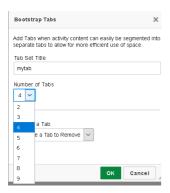


Step 2: Click on the "Insert tabs" button.

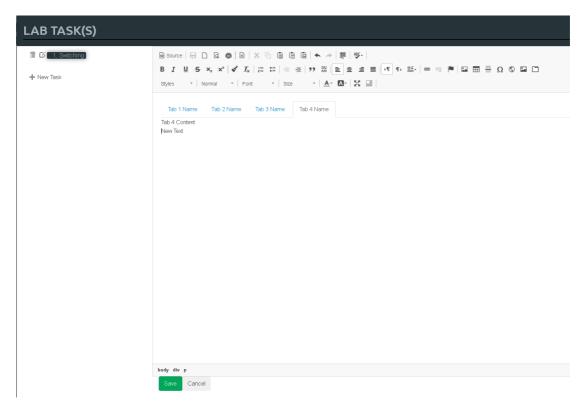




Step 3: Enter the name of your new task group and choose the number of tabs (must be between 2 and 9). Tab names can be changed later.



Step 4: To save your your tabbed task, press "Save".



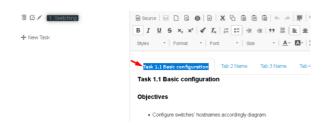


11.5.5 Edit tabs (Multi tabbed task).

Step 1: Activate the tab for which you want to edit its content and press the edit button.

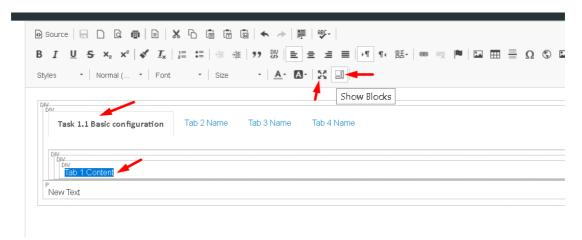


Step 2: Rename your tab,



Step 3: Press the "Show Blocks" button, this will help find the right place to create the task tab content. Make sure that you are copying or creating the tabbed task content into the correct place (Tab 1 Content)

NOTE: It is strongly recommended to use "full screen" for the rich html text editor when you are working with tabbed tasks. Press the "full screen" button to work with tasks. Press it again to exit full screen mode.



Step 4: Save your modified task by clicking on "Save". To edit another tab, repeat steps 1-3.

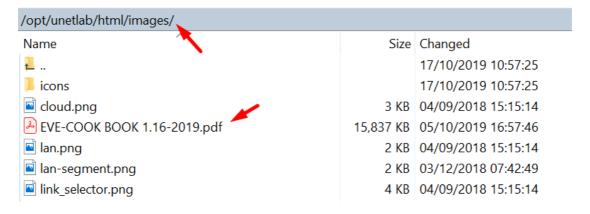


11.5.6 Create a task with your PDF workbook

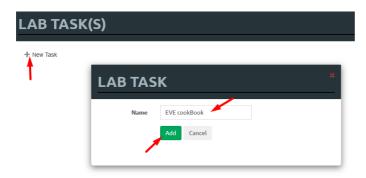
Offline PDF, uploaded in the EVE

Step 1: Use SFTP to your EVE and upload your PDF document in EVE location:

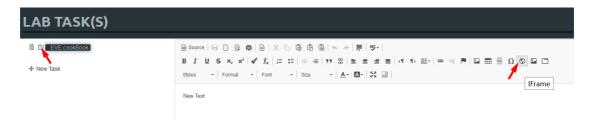
/opt/unetlab/html/images



Step 2: create new Task and name it and press Add:



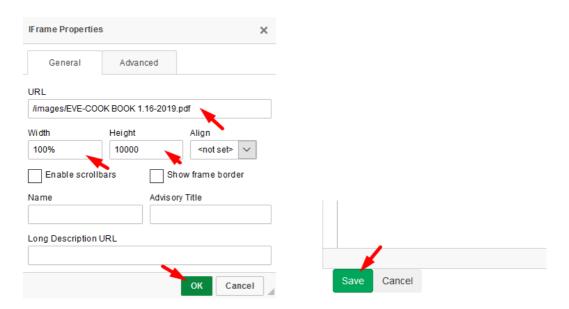
Step 3: Press edit Task and locate iFrame button, Press it



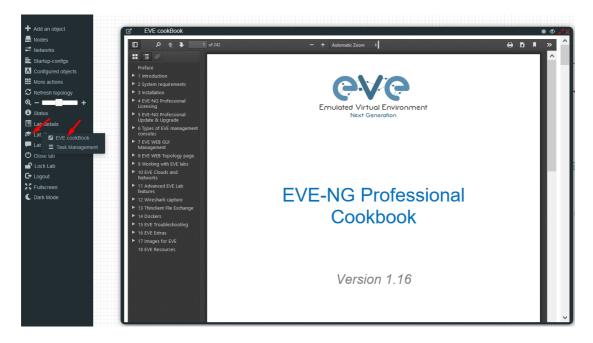
Step 4: Type the path to your pdf document, set Width to 100%, and Height resolution to 10000.

The path location is /images/EVE-COOK BOOK 1.16-2019.pdf, where uploaded pdf document in Step 1. Press OK for iFrame properties and Save Task, Press Save





Step 5: To view your uploaded book, use, Side Bar/Tab Tasks/your taskname



11.5.7 Create a task with Online document (PDF or HTML)

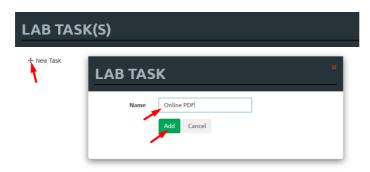
Online document or web site task

Step 1: Have ready your link to online web site or document. Example:

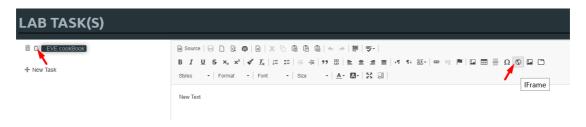
https://www.eve-ng.net/images/EVE-COOK-BOOK-latest.pdf



Step 2: create new Task and name it and press Add:

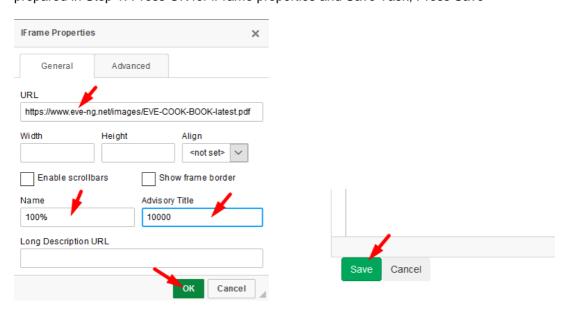


Step 3: Press edit Task and locate iFrame button, Press it



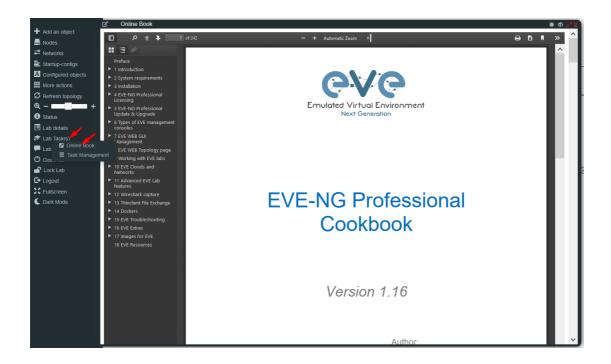
Step 4: Type the path to your online document, set Width to 100%, and Height resolution to 10000.

The path location is https://www.eve-ng.net/images/EVE-COOK-BOOK-latest.pdf, which prepared in Step 1. Press OK for iFrame properties and Save Task, Press Save



Step 5: To view your uploaded book, use, Side Bar/Tab Tasks/your taskname





11.5.8 Delete a task

Step 1: From the Side bar click on "Task Management":



Step 2. Click on the delete symbol next to the task name which you want to delete.





12 Wireshark capture

All EVE-NG Professional and Learning Centre console types have the integrated Wireshark capture feature. This means that it is not necessary to have Wireshark installed on the client machine you are using to access EVE with.

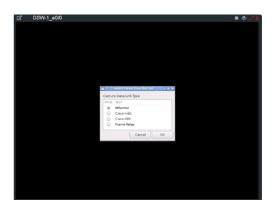
EVE-NG Professional currently supports ethernet interface capturing only.

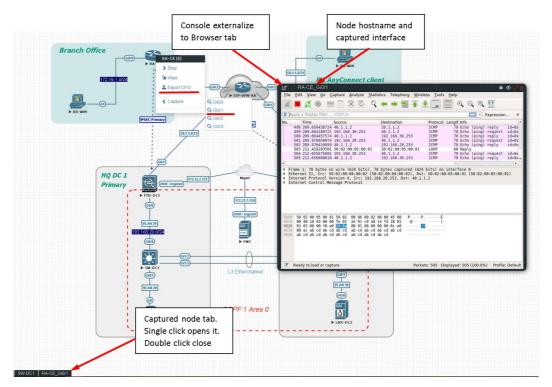
12.1 Native Console Wireshark capturing

Step 1: Right click on the node you wish to capture, choose "Capture" and then the relevant interface. The capture will open in an HTML session. EVE-PRO supports capture for ethernet and serial interfaces.

Select the interface frame type which will be captured:

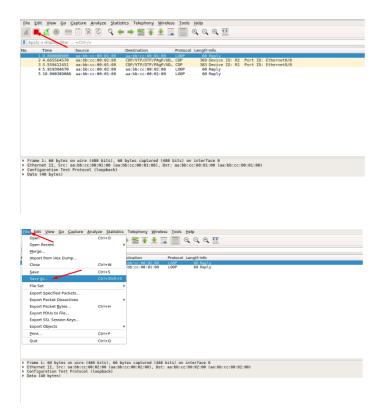
- Ethernet for Ethernet, Fast Ethernet, Gigabit Ethernet.
- Serial interface frames: HDLC, PPP or Frame Relay.





Step 2: To save the captured file to your client PC, stop the capture and choose File/Save As





Step 3: Choose the location where you want to save the captured file

IMPORTANT:

/nobody/thinclient_drives/GUACFS/Download

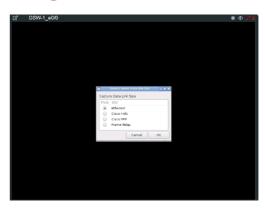
Enter a name for your captured file and press Save. Your browser will offer to download your capture fil and save on your local PC. Refer Section 12.2

12.2 HTML5 Console Wireshark capturing

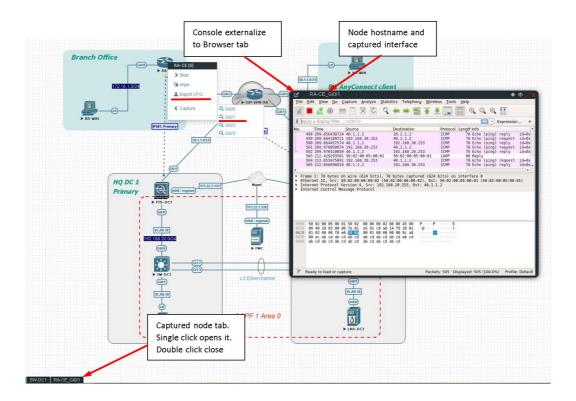
Step 1: Right click on the node you wish to capture, choose "Capture" and then the relevant interface. The capture will open in an HTML session. EVE-PRO supports capture for ethernet and serial interfaces.

Select the interface frame type which will be captured:

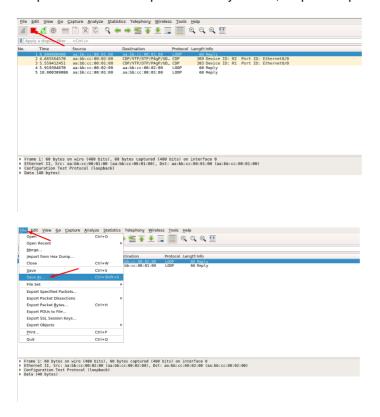
- Ethernet for Ethernet, Fast Ethernet, Gigabit Ethernet.
- Serial interface frames: HDLC, PPP or Frame Relay.







Step 2: To save the captured file to your PC, stop the capture and choose File/Save As



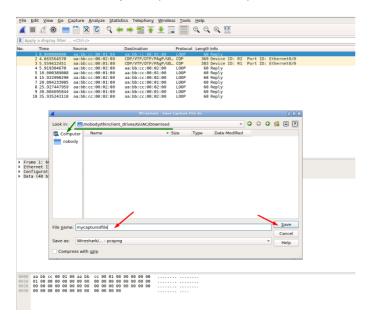


Step 3: Choose the location where you want to save the captured file

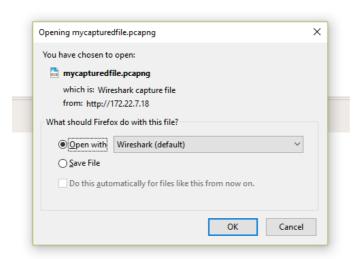
IMPORTANT:

/nobody/thinclient_drives/GUACFS/Download

Enter a name for you captured file and press Save.



Step 4: A window will open that will allow you to save your captured file on your client PC. If the client PC's browser is set to download automatically, your captured file will be saved in the default browser download folder.



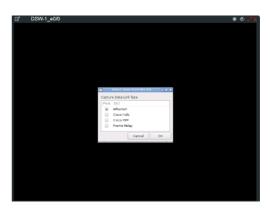


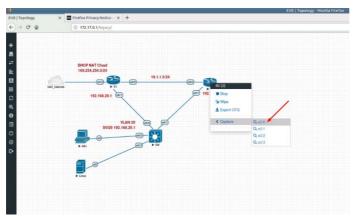
12.3 HTML5 Desktop Console Wireshark capturing

Step 1: Right click on the node you wish to capture, choose "Capture" and then the relevant interface. The capture will open in an RDP session. EVE-PRO supports capture for ethernet and serial interfaces.

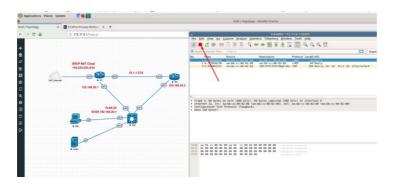
Select the interface frame type which will be captured:

- Ethernet for Ethernet, Fast Ethernet, Gigabit Ethernet.
- Serial interface frames: HDLC, PPP or Frame Relay.



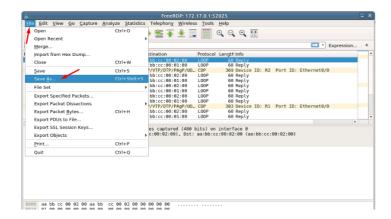


Step 2: Stop capturing with the STOP button.



Step 3: Chose File/Save As



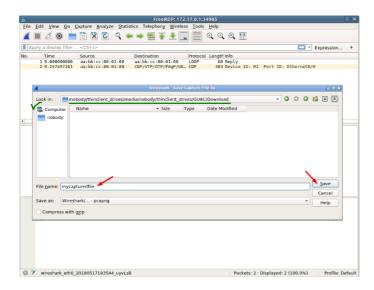


Step 4: Chose the path to save the captured file,

IMPORTANT:

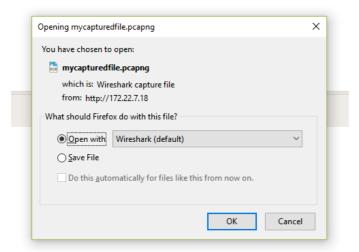
/nobody/thinclient_drives/media/nobody/thinclient_drives/GUACFS/Download/

Enter a name for captured file. Press Save.



Step 4: A window will open that will allow you to save your captured file on your client PC. If the client PC's browser is set to download automatically, your captured file will be saved in the default browser download folder.







13 Thinclient File Exchange

NOTE: Thinclient file exchange feature is available for HTML5 or desktop HTML5 consoles only. Make sure you are logged in EVE with one of it.

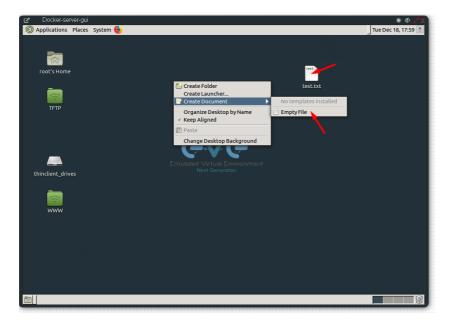
The Thinclient file exchange feature allows you to transfer files between your native client workstation and the integrated Docker Desktop. It is used when managing EVE via HTML5 consoles. This feature eliminates the need for file transfer software on your client workstation and makes it very easy to import/export labs or download Wireshark captures.

13.1 Thinclient files downloading

The Thinclient file exchange feature allows you to download files from your EVE Server over an HTTP/HTTPS session to your client PC. Examples below will show you how to download exported lab files. This feature is not restricted to just lab files or Wireshark captures. It can be used to download or upload any miscellaneous files you may need.

Example: HTML5 console to server-gui Docker node: We want to export our test.txt file and download it to our client PC over HTML5.

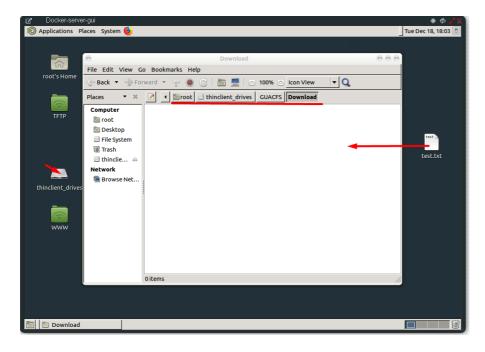




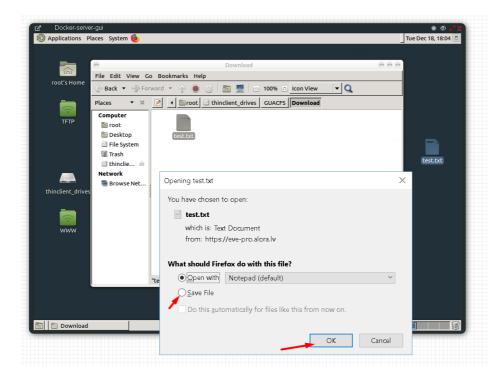
Step 2: Navigate to the desktop of the HTML5 server-gui station and double click **thinclient_drives** and navigate to: **thinclient_drives/GUACFS/Download/**

Step 3: Drag and drop the test.txt file from right to left.





Step 4: A window will open that will allow you to save your captured file on your client PC. If the Native PC's browser is set to download automatically, your selected file will be saved in the browsers default download folder.



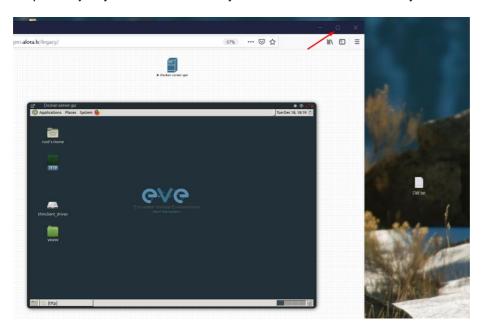
NOTE: Please refer to section 12 for downloading Wireshark capture files from EVE HTML5 consoles.



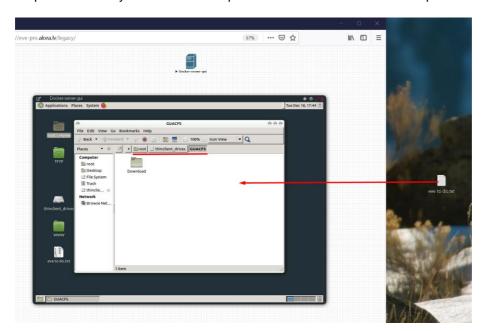
13.2 Thinclient File upload

Sometimes it is necessary to upload files to your EVE labs. The Thinclient file exchange feature allows you to upload files from your client PC to the EVE HTML5 server-gui station. The example below will show you how to upload a text file to the EVE HTML5 server-gui station. Any other files can be uploaded the same way.

Step 1: Adjust your browser so that you can see it and the file that you want to transfer.

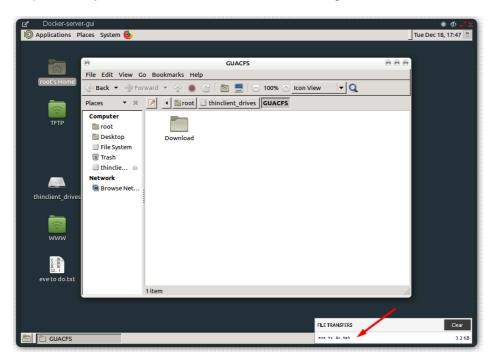


Step 2: On the EVE HTML5 Desktop navigate to: **thinclient_drives/GUACFS/** and drag and drop the file from your client PC to opened location on HTML5 Desktop.

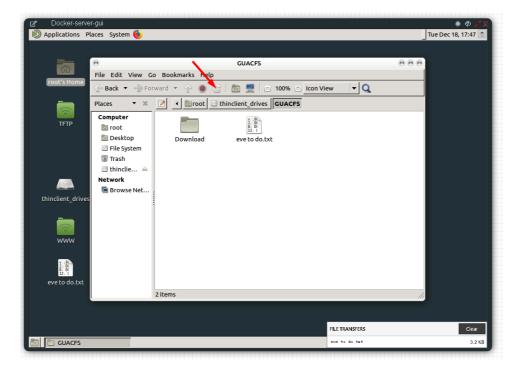




Step 3: Next you will see a notification in the bottom right corner.



Step 4: To finish the operation and see the uploaded file in the HTML desktop station, press the refresh button. Our Text file SW.txt has been uploaded.

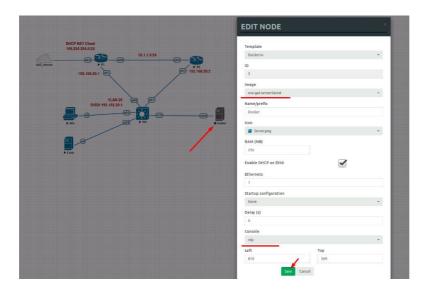




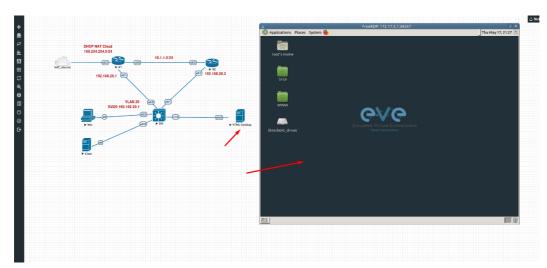
13.3 Other thinclient file operations

Files that have been uploaded via the thinclient feature can also be transferred to nodes inside your EVE labs via TFTP. In the example below we have uploaded a config file (sw.txt) and would like to transfer it to node R1.

Step 1: Add the **eve-gui-server** docker node to your lab and edit its settings. Set the console type to RDP and configure the IP address settings (DHCP or static) accordingly so that the docker node can reach the destination node (R1 in this example). For Docker IP addressing please refer to section 14



Step 2: Click on the eve-gui-server docker node to open an RDP session.

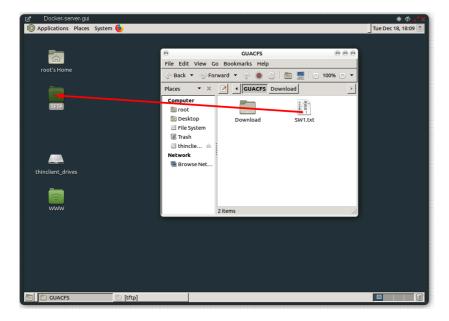


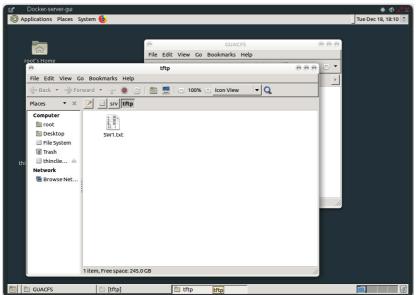
Step 3: Open the **thinclient_drives** location where you uploaded your file to:

/thinclient_drives/media/nobody/thinclient_drives/GUACFS/

Next, drag and drop your file to the desktop folder named TFTP.

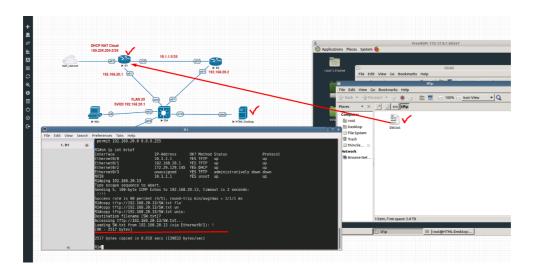






Step 4: Open the destination node's (R1) console and use the tftp command to copy your file:







14 Dockers

14.1 EVE integrated docker stations

EVE-NG Professional and Learning Centre edition have integrated Docker stations that allows your server to use its resources more efficiently. Dockers offer the advantage of not having to duplicate processes already running on the host system. With a Docker, you run only the processes you need for the hosted application. In comparison, virtual machines have to run a complete guest operating system, including many of the same processes that are already running on the server host.

14.1.1 Docker Machines

eve-gui-server

- Fully featured Linux workstation with integrated thinclient. For more information on the thinclient operation please refer to section 13.
- napalm
- ansible
- RDP console
- DHCP or Static IP address
- WWW Server
- TFTP Server
- Java Integration for ASDM access to Cisco ASA/IPS. For access to ASDM where Java is required, please follow this reference link:

https://192.168.100.5/admin/public/asdm.jnlp

Where 192.168.100.5 is the ASA IP for ASDM connection

eve-napalm (optional)

- A Docker for scripting and automation in EVE labs. NAPALM is a Python library which aims to solve this by providing a unified API across network devices from various vendors. (newer EVE version this docker is eliminated) included in the server-gui docker)
- Telnet console
- DHCP or Static IP address

eve-ansible (optional)



- A Docker for scripting and automation in EVE labs. Ansible is software that automates software provisioning, configuration management, and application deployment. (newer EVE version this docker is eliminated) included in the server-gui docker)
- Telnet console
- DHCP or Static IP address

eve-firefox

- A Docker for hosting a Mozilla Firefox browser. Useful for accessing another nodes management interface using http or https. The browser already has Java integrated so that you can utilize GUIs that require it, like ASDM for Cisco's ASA.
- RDP console
- DHCP or Static IP address
- Java Integration for ASDM access to Cisco ASA/IPS. For access to ASDM where Java is required, please follow this reference link:

https://192.168.100.5/admin/public/asdm.jnlp

Where 192.168.100.5 is the ASA IP for ASDM connection

eve-wireshark

- Fully featured Wireshark workstation with integrated Thinclient. For more information on the thinclient operation please refer to section 13.
- RDP console

eve-chrome (extra install, section 14.1.8)

- A Docker for hosting a Google Chrome browser. Useful for accessing another nodes management interface using http or https. The browser already has Java integrated so that you can utilize GUIs that require it, like ASDM for Cisco's ASA.
- DHCP or Static IP address
- Java Integration for ASDM access to Cisco ASA/IPS. For access to ASDM where Java is required, please follow this reference link:
- https://192.168.100.5/admin/public/asdm.jnlp
- Where 192.168.100.5 is the ASA IP for ASDM connection

eve-kali (extra install, section 14.1.8)

 A Docker for hosting a Kali Linux. Fully featured Security vulnerability and penetration test machine



- DHCP or Static IP address
- Java Integration for ASDM access to Cisco ASA/IPS. For access to ASDM where Java is required, please follow this reference link:
- https://192.168.100.5/admin/public/asdm.jnlp
- Where 192.168.100.5 is the ASA IP for ASDM connection

eve-ostinato (extra install, section 14.1.8)

- A Docker for hosting a Ostinato 0.9 GUI. Fully featured Ostinato 0.9 packet generator and network traffic generator machine
- DHCP or Static IP address
- Fully featured Ostinato GUI

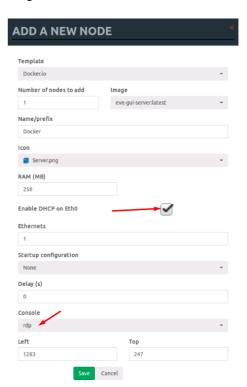
14.1.2 Docker DHCP IP address setup

EVE integrated Docker stations have two options for setting an IP address.

DHCP IP address option.

Step 1: Add the node to the topology and make sure the DHCP option is **enabled** under the edit node window. Refer to section 14.1.3 for the correct console type.

Step 2: Ensure the docker's DHCP request can reach a DHCP server either in your lab or externally through a Cloud Network like Cloud0.





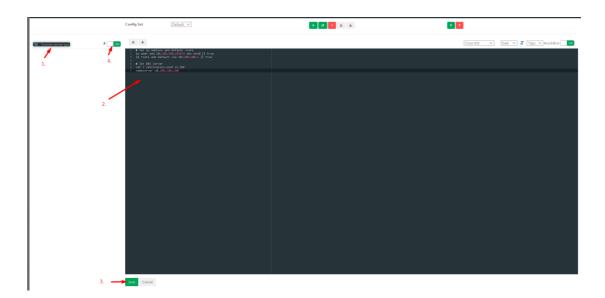
14.1.3 Docker Static IP address setup

Step 1: Add the node to the topology and make sure the DHCP option is **disabled** under the edit node window Reference section 14.1.3 for the correct console type.

Step 2: On the left sidebar menu open Startup-config and use the example syntax below to set the ip for your Docker node. Make sure you are using the exact syntax for your static IP setup:

```
# Set ip address and Default route
ip addr add 10.100.100.103/24 dev eth0 || true
ip route add default via 10.100.100.1 || true

# Set DNS server
cat > /etc/resolv.conf << EOF
nameserver 8.8.8.8
EOF</pre>
```



Step 3: Press the Save button below and switch the node to boot from the startup-config.

14.1.4 Docker server-gui custom WEB page

Step 1: Add the node to the topology and make sure the DHCP option is **disabled** under the edit node window Reference section 14.1.3 for the correct console type.

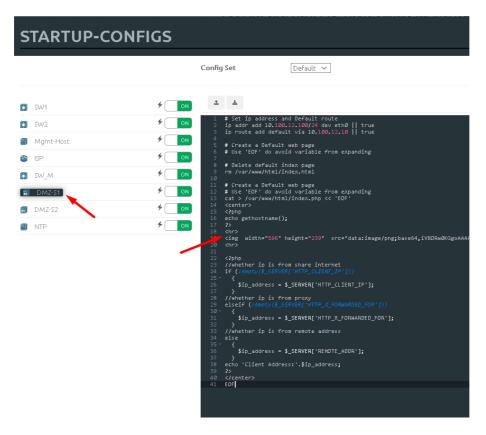
Step 2: On the left sidebar menu open Startup-config and use the example syntax below to set the ip and html page for your Docker node. Make sure you are using the exact syntax for your static IP setup and custom HTML values:

```
# Set ip address and Default route
ip addr add 10.100.12.100/24 dev eth0 || true
ip route add default via 10.100.12.10 || true
# Set DNS server
```



```
cat > /etc/resolv.conf << EOF</pre>
nameserver 8.8.8.8
EOF
# Create a Default web page
# Use 'EOF' do avoid variable from expanding
# Delete default index page
rm /var/www/html/index.html || true
# Create a Default web page
# Use 'EOF' do avoid variable from expanding
cat > /var/www/html/index.php << 'EOF'</pre>
<center>
<?php
echo gethostname();
?>
<hr>
<img width="596" height="239" src="data:image/png;base64,---</pre>
imagecode ommittedg==">
<hr>>
<?php
//whether ip is from share internet
if (!empty($ SERVER['HTTP CLIENT IP']))
    $ip address = $ SERVER['HTTP CLIENT IP'];
//whether ip is from proxy
elseif (!empty($ SERVER['HTTP X FORWARDED FOR']))
    $ip address = $ SERVER['HTTP X FORWARDED FOR'];
//whether ip is from remote address
else
    $ip address = $ SERVER['REMOTE ADDR'];
echo 'Client Address:'.$ip address;
?>
</center>
EOF
```





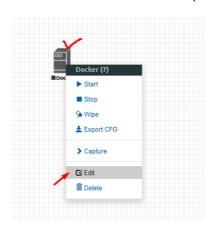
Step 3: Press the Save button below and switch the node to boot from the startup-config.

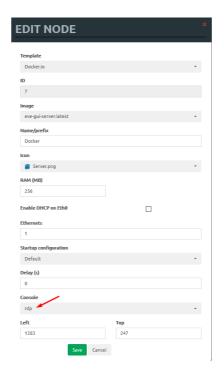




14.1.5 Docker Consoles

To set consoles for EVE Docker stations, right click on node and click Edit. Set the required console type







Docker Station	Console type
eve-gui-server (napalm, ansible)	RDP
eve-napalm (included in gui-server)	Telnet
eve-ansible (included in gui-server)	Telnet
eve-chrome (optional)	RDP
eve-wireshark	RDP
eve-firefox	RDP
eve-kali (optional)	RDP
eve-ostinato (optional)	RDP

14.1.6 Docker cli root access

All EVE docker stations have the following configured CLI root account.

Username: root

Password: eve

NOTE: The root login for SSH can be commented in sshd file. Use vi to edit and remove comment "#" for PermitRootLogin

vi /etc/ssh/sshd_config
PermitRootLogin yes

Regular user SSH access to EVE Docker:

Username: nobody

Password: eve



14.1.7 Dockers re-install/update

To install or fix docker stations in the EVE Pro issue the following commands from the CLI of EVE.

When dockers are properly installed, your EVE CLI command dc images output must show:

```
IMAGE ID
REPOSITORY
                                                                                CREATED
                                                     a32ef6c9a23e
48a7523f3f99
e2bf071ac59e
                                                                                                           3.04GB
772MB
eve-gui-server
                          latest
eve-wireshark
eve-firefox
                          latest
                           latest
                                                                                   hours ago
eve-desktop
                                                     1fe40543a014
                          latest
                                                                                11 hours ago
dockergui-rdp
                           latest
                                                     fa5095b5cb4b
                                                                                   hours ago
phusion/baseima<u>g</u>e
 oot@eve-ng:
```

If you still see some docker line with <none>

please use reinstall dockers command:

```
apt install --reinstall eve-ng-dockers
```

or

```
apt install --reinstall eve-ng-dockers-alt
```

Reference for Dockers reinstall and upgrade: http://www.eve-ng.net/documentation/eve-ng-upgrade

14.1.8 Docker removing from EVE Pro

If you decided to remove Docker from your EVE use command **dc rmi -f <IMAGE ID>** where image ID is your docker Image ID value.

Example:

```
dc rmi -f 9c99aafaf409
```

and finish removal with **apt remove --purge eve-ng-kali**, where eve-ng-kali is your docker Repository name.

Example:

```
apt install --reinstall eve-ng-dockers-alt
```



14.1.9 Extra docker packages,

NOTE: Not included in the default EVE Pro installation

Kali Linux, to install issue command:

```
apt install eve-ng-kali
```

Chromium Linux http, to install issue CLI command:

```
apt install eve-ng-chrome
```

Ostinato docker, to install issue CLI command:

```
apt install eve-ng-ostinato
```

To verify Installed dockers, issue CLI command

```
dc images
```

This can take some time depending on your Internet connection and disk speed.

To verify complete installation, check with command:

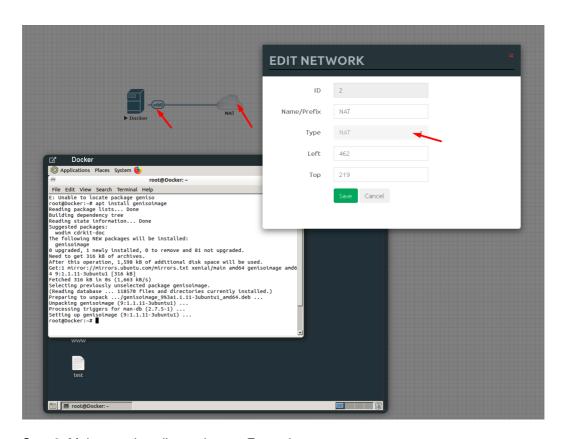
```
dc images
                                                                              IMAGE ID
139078ae9c45
f16f064c930d
8900664e9f3b
REPOŠITORY
                                                                                                                    12 hours ago
26 hours ago
27 hours ago
27 hours ago
                                                                                                                                                            1.34GB
3.11GB
1.49GB
1.61GB
eve-gui-server
eve-firefox
                                       latest
                                                                              51fd92216b99
eve-chrome
                                       latest
                                                                                                                    3 months ago
3 months ago
5 months ago
5 months ago
eve-wireshark
                                       latest
                                                                              c285d1ec833c
0af68c7213e7
a65b62fa69b6
eve-kali
dockergui-rdp
phusion/baseimage
                                                                              877509368a8d
                                                                                                                     23 months ago
 root@eve-ng:
```

14.1.10 Customize docker image with your own changes.

Step 1. Connect your existing docker node to the internet

Sometimes you may have your own packages to be installed on the docker and kept for future labs. For this connect your docker to the Internet. It can be achieved connecting docker to Management Cloud0 or NAT cloud. **Example below**, Sever-gui docker is connected to Cloud NAT.





Step 2. Make your installs, packages. Example:

In the screen above I did install genisoimage package

```
apt install genisoimage
```

Step 3. Obtain your RUNNING docker container ID:

From EVE CLI issue command:

```
root@eve-ng:~# dc ps
CONTAINER ID IMAGE COMMAND CREATED STATUS PORTS
NAMES
0d4b3f8c314c eve-gui-server:latest "/sbin/my_init" 33 hours ago Up 2 minutes
b37bf9cb-0c6f-4bcb-b838-10d877ecce78-10-5 packages Example.
root@eve-ng:~# ^C In the screen above I did install genisoimage package
```

Step 4. Commit your prepared docker image with new name. example below I called it evegeniso

dc container commit <containerid> <newimagename>

```
dc container commit 0d4b3f8c314c eve-geniso
```

Step 5 check if new Docker image is created

```
dc images
```

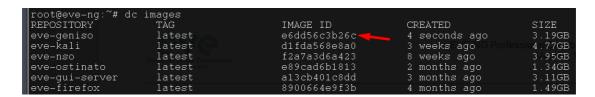


REPOSITORY TĀG IMAGE ID CREATED 3.19GB 4.77GB 3.95GB 1.34GB 3.11GB 1.49GB e6dd56c3b26c d1fda568e8a0 4 seconds ago 3 weeks ago 8 weeks ago latest eve-geniso eve-kali latest a13cb401c8dd 8900664e9f3b 51fd92216b99 3 months ago 4 months ago eve-gui-server eve-firefox latest 4 months ago 7 months ago 7 months ago eve-chrome 0c49fe2dc6bb eve-wireshark latest c285d1ec833c a65b62fa69b6 877509368a8d 2.39GB 553MB dockergui-rdp phusion/baseimage root@eve-ng:~# 225MB 2 years ago

14.1.11 Delete docker image from EVE

Step 1. From EVE CLI issue command to check docker ID to be removed.

dc images



Step 2. Use command: dc rmi -f <id of docker image>.

dc rmi -f e6dd56c3b26c

Step 3. Check with **dc images** if docker is removed.



15 EVE Troubleshooting

15.1 CLI diagnostic information display commands

15.1.1 Display full EVE Pro diagnostic

```
eve-info
```

15.1.2 Display the currently installed EVE Pro version:

dpkg -l eve-ng-pro

15.1.3 Display if EVEs Intel VT-x/EPT option on/off:

kvm-ok

```
root@eve-ng:~# kvm-ok
INFO: /dev/kvm exists
KVM acceleration can be used
root@eve-ng:~#
```

15.1.4 Display EVEs CPU INFO:

Iscpu

15.1.5 Display EVEs HDD utilization.

If the /boot only has a little space left you can refer to section 3.6.1.1. If the eve—ng—vg—root reaches 99% or 100% then you will need to expand the HDD in order to continue using EVE. The Solution to expand your HDD is described in section 15.1

df -h



```
root@eve-ng:"# df -h
Filesystem Size Used Avail Use% Mounted on
udev 400 0 400 0% /dev
tmpfs 7.90 52M 7.90 1% /run
/dev/mapper/eve--ng--vg-root 6810 3700 2830 57% /
tmpfs 400 0 400 0% /dev/shm
tmpfs 5.0M 0 5.0M 0% /run/lock
tmpfs 400 0 400 0% /sys/fs/cgroup
/dev/sdal 472M 83M 365M 19% /boot
```

15.1.6 Display EVEs Bridge interface status

brctl show

```
        root@eve-ng:"# brctl show
        STP enabled
        interfaces

        docker0
        8000.0242cddb8435 no
        no

        nat0
        8000.00000000000 no
        eth0

        pnet0
        8000.000c29d0aa94 no
        eth1

        pnet1
        8000.000c29d0aabc no
        eth1

        pnet2
        8000.000c29d0aabe no
        eth2

        pnet3
        8000.000c29d0aab no
        eth3

        pnet4
        8000.000c29d0aab no
        eth4

        pnet5
        8000.00000000000 no
        eth4

        pnet6
        8000.000000000000 no
        no

        pnet7
        8000.000000000000 no
        no

        pnet8
        8000.000000000000 no
        no

        pnet9
        8000.000000000000 no
```

15.1.7 Display EVEs system services status

systemctl list-unit-files --state=enabled

15.2 Expand EVEs System HDD

▲ IMPORTANT NOTE: DO NOT expand your current/existing HDD on your EVE VM!

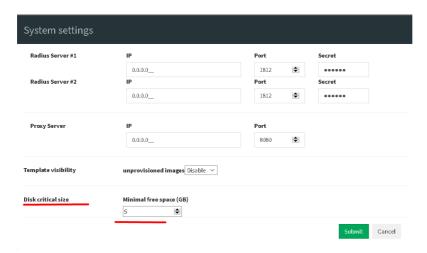
15.2.1 HDD space alert

Important: by default, EVE will trigger alerts if there are 3GB or less HDD space available. Additional nodes will not start until more space is added or freed up. A link is provided in the notification bubble on how to properly add an additional HDD.





To edit HDD space threshold for the alert is customizable. please follow section: 7.4.1



15.2.2 Expand HDD on VMware Workstation

Expanding your EVEs system HDD is achieved by adding an additional HDD to your EVE VM.

Step 1: Stop all your labs and shutdown EVE.

Use EVE CLI command: shutdown -h now

Step 2: Go to edit VM settings and add a new Hard drive. Then click Next.

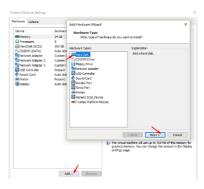
Step 3: Leave the recommended SCSI HDD option and then click Next

Step 4: Make sure you have selected the option "Create a new Virtual disk."



Step 6: Make sure you have set the option "Store Virtual disk as a single file" and then click Next

Step 7: Optional: Specify the location of where your new HDD will be stored, then click Finish.





Step 8: Boot your EVE VM, HDD size will be expanded automatically. To verify, use the command to verify HDD utilization referenced in section 15.1.5

15.2.3 Expand your HDD on ESXi

Expanding your EVEs system HDD is achieved by adding an additional HDD to your EVE VM.

Step 1: Stop all your labs and shutdown EVE.

Use EVE CLI command: shutdown -h now

Step 2: Go to edit VM settings and add a new Hard drive. Then click Next

Step 3: Make sure you have selected the option "Create a new Virtual disk." Then click Next





- Step 5: It is recommended to set the Thick Provision Lazy Zeroed HDD option.
- Step 6: Specify the location of where your new HDD will be stored and then click Next
- Step 7: Leave the recommended SCSI HDD option as is and click Finish.

Step 8: Boot your EVE VM, the HDD size will be expanded automatically. To verify, use the command to verify HDD utilization referenced in section 15.1.5

15.2.4 Expand your HDD on a Bare Metal EVE Server

It is a complicated process to expand a HDD for a bare metal EVE server. Please open a ticket in our Live chat support for advice.

http://www.eve-ng.net/live-helpdesk

Use a google account to join in the Live Chat or create new chat account.

15.3 Reset Management IP

Type the following commands into the CLI followed by enter:

rm -f /opt/ovf/.configured
su -

http://www.eve-ng.net/documentation/installation/bare-installIP address setup wizard. Please follow the steps in section 3.5.1 for Static IP or 3.5.2 for DHCP IP setup.



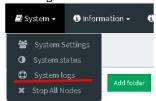
15.4EVE PRO SQL Database recovery

Starting EVE PRO version 107, you can recover SQL user database in case of disaster:

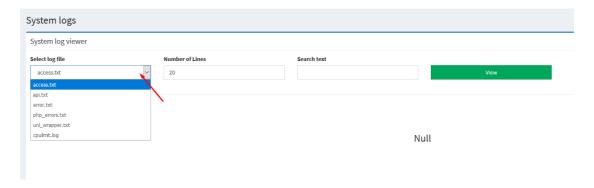
unl wrapper -a restoredb

15.5 EVE Log files

EVE log Files can be obtained from the System Logs page under the System dropdown menu



Use the menu to collect log file data you are interested in.



15.6 EVE cli diagnostic info

Use EVE cli to obtain your EVE information:

eve-info



16 EVE Extras

16.1 EVE Pro Radius server setup for user authentication

▲ Mandatory Prerequisites: Updated EVE-PRO version 2.0.6-1 or later.

Please follow section: 7.4.1

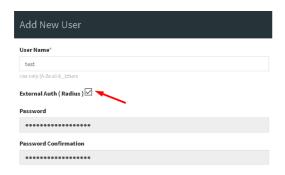


16.1.1 EVE User setup for Radius authentication

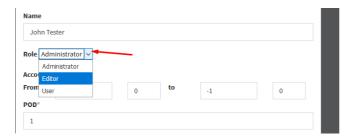
Step 1: Open the User management submenu. Management>User management and click Add user

Step 2: The Add New User management window will pop up. Fill in the main information about your EVE user. Make sure that you're the username of the account created in EVE matches with the Radius server database.

Step 3: Enable the External Auth (Radius) checkbox. Any existing password will be removed, because the authenticator will check with the Radius server for credentials.



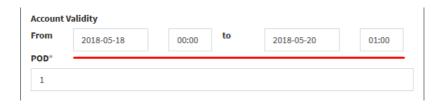
Step 4: If you have purchased licenses for different EVE user roles, you can choose the preferred user role. For licensing and user roles please refer to section 4





Step 5: Set the access date and time From - to. If the fields are left empty (untouched), your user will have no time restrictions for accessing the EVE Server. Account validity with time settings is available for Editor and User roles only.

Admin accounts have no time limit for account validity, and Account Validity time cannot be set.



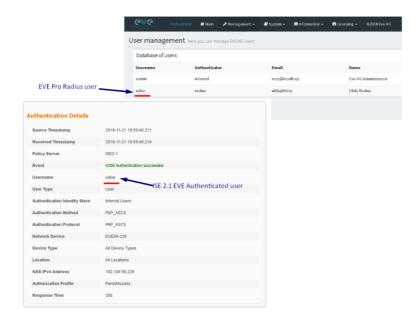
Step 6: The POD number is a value assigned to user accounts automatically. POD numbers are like user profiles inside of EVE and are a unique value for every user Think of PODs like a virtual rack of equipment for each user. Admins can assign a preferred number between 1-128. Please keep POD numbers unique between users!

Step 7: Press ADD



Step 8. The username created inside EVE must match the username on the Radius server

Example: EVE user authenticated with ISE 2.1 Radius server.



16.2 Lab Chat



Refer section: 8.1.12

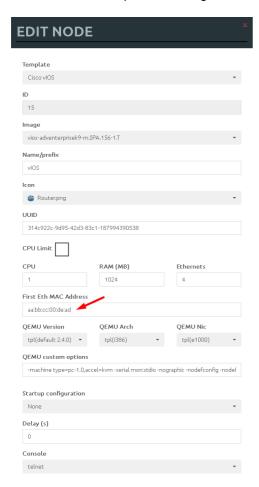


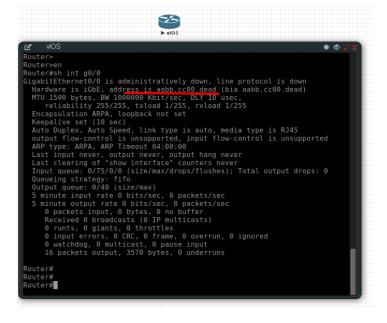


16.3 Custom MAC address for node management

NOTE: Qemu nodes only.

Qemu nodes has option to change first interface MAC address.





16.4 Windows node settings for Wifi dongle

Using a Wifi USB dongle, you can connect a WiFi-adapter to windows host inside EVE.



Step 1. Connect your USB Wifi dongle to your EVE server.

Step 2. Issue the following command on the EVE CLI to obtain BUS and host numbers which your USB WiFi is connected to:

1susb

```
root@eve-ng:~# lsusb

Bus 002 Device 002: ID 0cf3:9271 Atheros Communications, Inc. AR9271 802.11n

Bus 002 Device 001: ID 1d6b:0002 Linux Foundation 2.0 root hub

Bus 006 Device 001: ID 1d6b:0001 Linux Foundation 1.1 root hub

Bus 005 Device 001: ID 1d6b:0001 Linux Foundation 1.1 root hub

Bus 001 Device 003: ID 0424:2514 Standard Microsystems Corp. USB 2.0 Hub

Bus 001 Device 001: ID 1d6b:0002 Linux Foundation 2.0 root hub

Bus 004 Device 001: ID 1d6b:0001 Linux Foundation 1.1 root hub

Bus 003 Device 002: ID 04e6:5116 SCM Microsystems, Inc. SCR331-LC1 / SCR3310 Sma

rtCard Reader

Bus 003 Device 001: ID 1d6b:0001 Linux Foundation 1.1 root hub

root@eve-ng:~#
```

Step 3. Add the windows node onto the topology and edit the Qemu line:

Change the type value:

type=q35

Add a comma and then the following line:

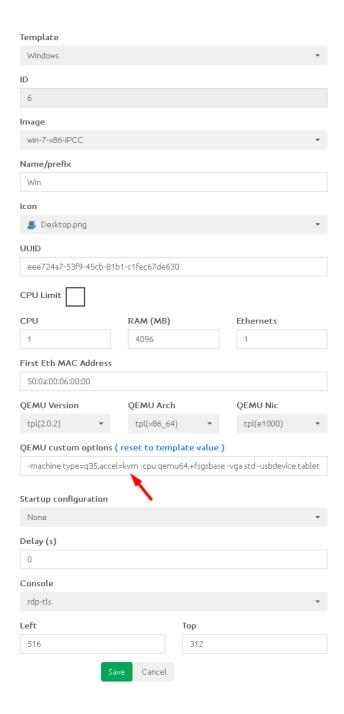
if=virtio -usb -device usb-host,hostbus=2,hostaddr=2

Where hostbus is your Bus value and hostaddr is your Device ID as seen in the figure above.

Full Windows host gemu line will look like this:

```
-machine type=q35,accel=kvm -cpu qemu64,+fsgsbase -vga std -usbdevice
tablet -boot order=cd -drive file=/opt/qemu/share/qemu/virtio-win-
drivers.img,index=1,if=floppy,readonly,if=virtio -usb -device usb-
host,hostbus=2,hostaddr=2
```







17 Images for EVE

Images must be uploaded and prepared before they can be used in labs. The best way to upload images is to use the WinSCP tool for Windows environment or FileZilla for MAC OSX and Linux.

Link to download WinSCP:

https://winscp.net/eng/download.php

Link to download FileZilla:

https://filezilla-project.org/

To access EVE, use SSH protocol (port 22).

Supported images for EVE are stored in the three locations:

- IOL (IOS on Linux), /opt/unetlab/addons/iol/bin/
- Dynamips images, /opt/unetlab/addons/dynamips
- Qemu images, /opt/unetlab/addons/qemu

17.1 Qemu image naming table

▲ IMPORTANT NOTE: Intel VT-X/EPT must be enabled to run Qemu nodes in EVE. For information on how to enable this option, Refer to section 3: EVE Installation.

The directory names used for QEMU images are very sensitive and must match the table below exactly in order to work.

Ensure your image folder name starts as per the table. After the "-" you can add whatever you like to label the image. We recommend using the version of your image.

Folder name examples:

firepower6-FTD-6.2.1 acs-5.8.1.4

The image inside the folder must be named correctly:

Example: hda.qcow2 or virtioa.qcow2

Full path Example: opt/unetlab/addons/qemu/acs-5.8.1.4/hda.qcow2

Qemu folder name EVE	Vendor	Qemu image .qcow2 name
a10-	A10-vthunder	hda
acs-	ACS	hda
asa-	ASA ported	hda



asav-	ASAv	virtioa
ampcloud-	Ampcloud Private	hda, hdb, hdc
barracuda-	Barracuda FW	hda
bigip-	F5	hda, hdb
brocadevadx-	Brocade	hda
cda-	Cisco CDA	hda
cips-	Cisco IPS	hda, hdb
clearpass-	Aruba ClearPass	hda, hdb
aruba-	Aruba Virtual Mobility Controller	hda, hdb
coeus-	Cisco WSA coeus	virtioa
phoebe-	Cisco ESA	virtioa
cpsg-	Checkpoint	hda
csr1000v-	Cisco CSR v1000	virtioa
csr1000vng-	Cisco CSR v1000 Denali & Everest	virtioa
prime-	Cisco Prime Infra	virtioa
cucm-	Cisco CUCM	virtioa
cumulus-	Cumulus	hda
extremexos-	ExtremeOS	hda
firepower-	Cisco FirePower 5.4 NGIPS	scsia
firepower-	Cisco FirePower 5.4 FMC	scsia
firepower6-	Cisco FirePower 6.x NGIPS	scsia
firepower6-	Cisco FirePower 6.x FMC	hda
firepower6-	Cisco FirePower 6.x FTD	hda
fortinet-	Fortinet FW	virtioa
fortinet-	Fortinet SGT	virtioa
fortinet-	Fortinet mail	virtioa, virtiob
fortinet-	Fortinet manager	virtioa
hpvsr-	HP virt router	hda
huaweiusg6kv-	Huawei USG6000v	hda
ise-	ISE 1.x cisco	hda
ise-	ISE 2.x cisco	virtioa
jspace-	Junos Space	hda
infoblox-	Infoblox	virtioa
junipervrr-	Juniper vRR	virtioa
linux-	any linux	hda
mikrotik-	Mikrotik router	hda
nsvpx-	Citrix Netscaler	virtioa
nxosv9k-	NX9K Cisco Nexus (SATA best perf)	sataa
olive-	Juniper	hda
ostinato-	Ostinato traffic generator	hda
osx-	Apple OSX	hda + kernel.img
paloalto-	PaloAlto FW	virtioa
pfsense-	pFsense FW	hda
riverbed-	vRiverbed	virtioa, virtiob
sonicwall-	DELL FW Sonicwall	hda



sourcefire-	Sourcefire NGIPS	scsia
sterra-	S-terra VPN	hda
sterra-	S-terra Gate	virtioa
timos-	Alcatel Lucent Timos	hda
titanium-	NXOS Titanium Cisco	virtioa
vcenter-	VMWare vCenter	sataa (12G) satab (1.8G) satac (15G) satac (25G) satae (25G) sataf (10G) satag (10G) satah (15G) satai (10G) sataj (1.0G) satak (10G) satak (10G) satal (10G) satal (10G)
veos-	Arista SW	hda, cdrom.iso
vios-	L3 vIOS Cisco Router	virtioa
viosl2-	L2 vIOS Cisco SW	virtioa
vtbond-	Viptela vBond	hda
vtedge-	Viptela vEdge	hda
vtsmart-	Viptela vSmart	hda
vtmanage-	Viptela vManage	hda, hdb
vmx-	Juniper vMX router	hda
vmxvcp-	Juniper vMX-VCP	hda, hdb, hdc
vmxvfp-	Juniper vMX-VFP	hda
vnam-	Cisco VNAM	hda
vqfxpfe-	Juniper vQFX-PFE	hda
vqfxre-	Juniper vQFX-RE	hda
vsrx-	vSRX 12.1 Juniper FW/router	virtioa
vsrxng-	vSRX v15.x Juniper FW/router	virtioa
vwaas-	Cisco WAAS	virtioa, virtiob, virtioc
vwlc-	vWLC Cisco WiFi controller	megasasa
vyos-	VYOS	virtioa
win-	Windows Hosts (Not Server Editions)	hda or virtioa(using driver)
winserver-	Windows Server Editions	hda or virtioa(using driver)
xrv-	XRv Cisco router	hda
xrv9k-	XRv 9000 Cisco router	virtioa

17.2 How to prepare images for EVE

How to add EVE-NG images please refer to:

https://www.eve-ng.net/documentation/howto-s



17.3 How to add custom image template

For advanced users only.

⚠ IMPORTANT NOTE: Upgrade from EVE version 2.0.5-XX to 2.0.6.-XX automatically will convert old config.php to new yml formats: If you had already custom templates in old php format, these templates will be automatically converted to custom_templates.yml file during the upgrade process!

17.3.1 Prepare template file

All templates files are in "/opt/unetlab/html/templates/" Make a copy the most similar existing template to your new file Example:

 $\verb|cp|/opt/unetlab/html/templates/generic.yml|/opt/unetlab/html/templates/ngips.yml||$

17.3.2 Prepare interface format and name lines

EVE Pro has included option to create various interface names, sequences and numbering. Please refer table below.

Formula	Template line format example	Will produce
eth_format: <pre><pre><pre><pre>eth_format: <pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>	eth_format: Gi{1}/{0-8}	Gi1/0 Gi1/1 Gi1/2 Gi1/3 Gi1/4 Gi1/5 Gi1/6 Gi1/7 Gi2/0 Gi2/1
eth_format: <pre>cth_format: <pre>cth_fo</pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>	eth_format: Ge{0}/{0-4}	Ge0/0 Ge0/1 Ge0/2 Ge0/3 Ge1/0 Ge1/2 Ge1/3 Ge2/0 Ge2/1 Ge2/2



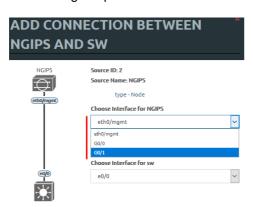
eth_format: <pre><pre><pre>eth_format: <pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>	eth_format: Gi{0}	Gi0 Gi1 Gi2 Gi3
eth_format: <prefix>{<first value="">}</first></prefix>	eth_format: G0/{0}	G0/0 G0/1 G0/2 G0/3
eth_name: <pre><pre><pre><pre>eth_name</pre></pre></pre></pre>	eth_name: - M1 - T1 - T2	M1 T1 T2
eth_name: <pre><pre><pre><pre>eth_name</pre></pre></pre></pre>	eth_name: - MGMT - DATA - TRAFFIC	MGMT DATA TRAFFIC

Combined first named interface following by formatted interfaces Example: We have to set first node interface name "eth0/mgmt" and next following interfaces must start from G0/0 and change sequence accordingly. G0/0, G0/1,....,G0/X

As your node first interface will be custom named (eth0/mgmt), therefore in the template "eth_name:" must be added before "eth_format:"

```
eth_name:
    eth0/mgmt
eth_format: G0/{0}
```

This adding will produce Node interfaces.



17.3.3 Edit your new template file:

nano ngips.yml



Change content, setting for various images can vary depends of vendor requirements. The interface name lines please refer Section: 17.3.2

```
# Copyright (c) 2016, Andrea Dainese
# Copyright (c) 2017, Alain Degreffe
 All rights reserved.
# Redistribution and use in source and binary forms, with or without
 modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions are met:
      * Redistributions of source code must retain the above copyright
        notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer.
      ^{\star} Redistributions in binary form must reproduce the above copyright
        notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer in the
        documentation and/or other materials provided with the distribution.
       Neither the name of the UNetLab Ltd nor the name of EVE-NG Ltd nor the
        names of its contributors may be used to endorse or promote products
        derived from this software without specific prior written permission.
# THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED BY THE COPYRIGHT HOLDERS AND CONTRIBUTORS "AS IS" AND
 ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED
# WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE ARE
  GNU nano 2.5.3
                                             File: ngips.yml
# DISCLAIMED. IN NO EVENT SHALL <COPYRIGHT HOLDER> BE LIABLE FOR ANY
# DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, EXEMPLARY, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES
 (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROCUREMENT OF SUBSTITUTE GOODS OR SERVICES;
 LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS; OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION) HOWEVER CAUSED AND
# ON ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT
 (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS
# SOFTWARE, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.
type: qemu
              Node name on the Topology
                                         name: NGIPS
cpulimit: 1
icon: IPS.png
cpu: 4
ram: 8192
ethernet: 3
eth name:
- eth0/mgmt
eth format: G0/{0}
console: vnc
qemu_arch: x86_64
qemu nic: e1000
qemu options: -machine type=pc-1.0,accel=kvm -serial none -nographic -nodefconfig
  -nodefaults -display none -vga std -rtc base=utc
```

17.3.4 Prepare custom_templates.yml

EVE has installed sample file: /opt/unetlab/html/includes/cutom_templates.yml.distribution

If you don't have already a file /opt/unetlab/html/includes/custom_templates.yml, just copy sample to custom_templates.yml (single line commad below)

cp /opt/unetlab/html/includes/custom_templates.yml.distribution /opt/unetlab/html/includes/custom_templates.yml

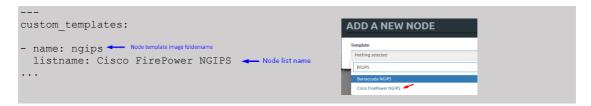
Edit cutom_templates.yml

Original file content:



```
custom_templates:
- name: generic
  listname: Generic Template
...
```

Change to:



17.3.5 Prepare new icon for your template:

Step 1 Use Filezilla or Winscp to copy your custom icon IPS.png (icon we have in ngips.yml - see sample at Section 17.3.1)

This icon should be about 30-60 x 30-60 in the png format (switch.png is for example 65 x 33, 8-bit/color RGBA)

Step 2 Copy this new icon into /opt/unetlab/html/images/icons/

17.3.6 Template use

Step 1 Create directory /opt/unetlab/addons/qemu/ngips-6.2.83

```
mkdir /opt/unetlab/addons/qemu/ngips-6.2.83
```

Step 4.2 Upload image NGIPS, Refer Section: 17.2

17.4 How to hide unused images in the node list

Please follow section 7.4.1 or 8.1.1.1



18EVE Resources

For additional updated information please follow our web site: http://www.eve-ng.net

How to updates: http://www.eve-ng.net/documentation/howto-s

How to videos: http://www.eve-ng.net/documentation/howto-s-2

FAQ: http://www.eve-ng.net/faq

Live support chat: http://www.eve-ng.net/live-helpdesk

For access to live chat use your Google account or create new chat account.

EVE forum: http://www.eve-ng.net/forum/

To access forum resources, please create a new forum account.

EVE YouTube channel:

https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLF8yvsYkPZQ0myW7aVMZ80k8FU04UUgjV

EVE Professional downloads: http://www.eve-ng.net/downloads/eve-ng

EVE Community version downloads, free: http://www.eve-ng.net/community

EVE Supported images: http://www.eve-ng.net/documentation/supported-images